

PRESIDENT URGES EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY LAW ON CONGRESS

In Special Message He Transmits Report of Commission, Pointing Out the Need of the Law.

Washington, Feb. 20.—President Taft today submitted to congress the report of the employers' liability commission and the commission's proposed employers' liability and workmen's compensation bill, accompanied by a message urging the enactment of the measure, which is the most advanced piece of liability legislation yet presented. The president sets forth that the proposed law not only would insure to employees of railroads engaged in interstate commerce quick adjustment of their claims for damages, but also would relieve the courts of a vast amount of work and enable them to administer judicial affairs with greater dispatch.

"I sincerely hope that the act will pass," says the president. "I deem it one of the great steps of progress toward a satisfactory solution of an important phase of the controversies between employer and employee that has been proposed within the last two or three decades."

The main provisions of the measure are sketched in the message, and then Mr. Taft takes up and disposes of three objections that have been advanced by its opponents.

"In the first place," says the president, "the question arises whether, under the provision of the commerce clause, the bill could be considered to be a regulation of interstate and foreign commerce. That seems to be already settled by the decision of the supreme court in the employers' liability case."

"The second question is whether the making of these remedies exclusive and the compelling of the railroad companies to meet obligations arising from injuries for which the railroad would not be liable under the common law, is a denial of the due process of law which is enjoined upon congress by the fifth amendment to the constitution in dealing with the property rights. This question the report takes up, and in an exhaustive review of the authorities, makes clear, as it seems to me, the validity of the act. It is sufficient to say that the argument of the commission is most convincing to show that the police power of the government exercised in the regulation of interstate commerce is quite sufficient to justify the imposition upon the interstate railroad companies of the liability for the injuries to its employees on an insurance basis."

Right of Jury Trial Preserved.
"The third objection is that the right of trial by jury, guaranteed by the seventh amendment, is denied. As a matter of fact, the right is preserved in this act by permitting a jury to pass on the issue when duly demanded, in accordance with the limitations of the act."

President Taft then alludes to the alleged inequities attending personal injury litigation. He declares that personal injury litigation, emotional juries and badly constructed laws limiting liability, have tended to hamper the administration of exact justice while the heavy expense of litigation has rendered it almost impossible for the poor man to command his rights. In referring to the condition of the courts because of this form of litigation, the president says:

"The administration of justice today is clogged in every court by the great number of suits for damages for personal injury. The settlement of such cases by this system will serve to reduce the burden of our courts one-half by taking the cases out of court and disposing of them by this short cut."

The message concludes with the reiterated hope that the bill may be passed before the adjournment of the present session of congress.

OHIO BOODLER MUST GO TO PEN

State Supreme Court Affirms Sentence in Diegle Case.

HE GOT THREE YEARS

Columbus, Ohio, Feb. 20.—Rodney J. Diegle, former sergeant-at-arms of the Ohio state senate, must serve three years in the penitentiary for complicity in legislative bribery. The state supreme court today affirmed the decision of the lower courts, which convicted Diegle of aiding in the alleged bribery of State Senator L. R. Andrews.

Today's decision means that several members of the general assembly under indictment will have to stand trial. Attorney General Hogan, of Logan, and E. C. Tener, prosecuting attorney of Franklin county, say the other cases will be pushed without delay.

Diegle's conviction was due principally to evidence secured by a telephonic device which recorded conversations between the alleged bribe givers and takers.

NOTED PAINTER IS DEAD.
Berlin, Feb. 20.—Prof. Albert Herfel, the noted painter of landscapes and still life, died here today in his 64th year.

ADVANCE GUARD OF CENTRAL LEAGUE MAGNATES IN FT. WAYNE



E. G. Robinson, Wheeling; Willis E. Helmick, Zanesville; Bobby Quinn, Akron; Dr. Frank R. Carson, president; Claude H. Varnell, Fort Wayne; Edward J. Anderson, Wheeling.

FINDS NOTHING TO WARRANT GRAND JURY INVESTIGATION

Coroner Briggs, of Whitley County, Takes Testimony in Fort Wayne—Inspectors Visit Scene of Larwill Wreck.

"Thus far in my investigation of the Larwill wreck I have found nothing which in my judgment would call for a grand jury investigation," declared Dr. J. H. Briggs, coroner of Whitley county, to The Sentinel at noon today.

"Nor have I any reason to suspect that future developments will render a special session of the grand jury necessary," continued Dr. Briggs. "I am proceeding with the inquests, gathering all the information I am able to secure in order to enable me to arrive at a verdict, but I have found no evidence that would seem to warrant turning the matter over to a grand jury."

WILSON'S NAME TO BOOM LAND

Secretary of Agriculture Denies He Wrote Letter on Everglades.

Washington, Feb. 20.—Secretary of Agriculture Wilson today denied authorship of a letter which has been widely circulated by one of the companies exploiting lands in the Florida Everglades. The advertisement, headed "Secretary Wilson's Opinion," was credited to the "east coast home seekers" of "June," the year not being given. The purported letter follows:

"There is no other large body of land anywhere in the United States, in fact, anywhere else in the world, that will, when the drainage is completed, be so valuable as the once despoiled Everglades. Between three and four million acres of rich alluvial land located in a climate that is almost absolute perfection, where all crops can be grown the entire season through, where there are no long cold winters, no excessive heat in summer and no malaria or other diseases. From the very nature of the conditions

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ACCUSED LAWYER IS RESTRAINED

Temporary Injunction Issued to Annul Power of Attorney.

SEEKING A FORTUNE

New York, Feb. 20.—A temporary injunction restraining alike former State Senator Frank J. Gardner and John B. Lord from acting under powers of attorney given them by Samuel E. Haslett, the aged recluse, has been issued by County Judge Fawcett in proceedings begun by Mrs. Lionel Samuel, of New Dorp, a second cousin of Mr. Haslett. Gardner is under the double charge of conspiracy to defraud Haslett of his half million dollar estate and felony in connection with obtaining under false pretenses, Haslett's signature to a will and a power of attorney. Lord has been counsel to and intimate with the recluse for years.

Mrs. Samuel's petition alleges that Haslett is imbecile from loss of memory and old age. It prays the court to pass upon his sanity. There will be a hearing in the case on Friday. Four of Haslett's relatives, who may become parties to the action, have been notified of the proceedings by Mrs. Samuel.

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DARNS STOCKINGS ON A TROLLEY CAR

Mrs. Wells, of Fort Wayne, Believed Demented, is in Sad State.

IS HELD AT MARION

Marion, Ind., Feb. 20.—Mrs. Eva Wells, whose home is said to be in Fort Wayne, astonished the crew and passengers of a Gas City traction car en route to this city when she entered the front vestibule, seated herself on a tool chest and began to darn the stockings she wore. She informed the motorman she was a sister of "The Lost Charley Ross." The woman was questioned by Marion officers and her answers indicated her mind was not clear, though she showed unmistakable signs of intelligence and refinement. Fort Wayne authorities have been notified to find the woman's relatives and apprise them of her condition. Meantime she is detained in the woman's department of the county jail.

Mrs. Wells is the wife of James Wells, residing at 1806 Oliver street, and has been visiting friends at Marion. She was formerly a patient at Eastview hospital, but was discharged about two years ago as cured. Friends here fear her mind has again become unbalanced.

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS TO ERECT A HANDSOME HOME

Own the Ground and Have Been Making Inspections of Similiar Buildings in Other Cities.

Under a resolution passed last night at the meeting of council No. 451, Knights of Columbus, the organization will proceed with the erection of a handsome new home on the property at the southwest corner of Jefferson and Harrison streets.

This property has a frontage of sixty feet on Jefferson street and runs back 120 feet on Harrison street, is now occupied by two dwellings and is held at \$15,000. It has all been paid and if the present plans are carried out the new structure will cost about \$80,000.

Work will not be started this season as leases will prevent it as both houses are occupied and the council members do not want to disturb the tenants and also want a little more time to perfect the plans for the new home which they want to make thoroughly modern and fully equipped and in keeping with the homes of the order in other cities.

For two or three years members of the council have devoted themselves to the inspection of homes in various parts of the country and only recently Paul Kinder, a practical building contractor, has returned from a trip to the Pacific coast in the course of which he gathered a wealth of information that will be submitted to the committee in charge of the building plans.

This will be augmented by the observations of other members of the council and it is the intention of the order to put up a structure that will be highly ornamental to the city.

Tentative plans are for a five story building, the first floor to be used for store rooms, the second for offices, the third for club rooms, the fourth for lodge rooms and the fifth for an assembly hall for dances and other entertainments. A stage will be included in the plans.

Grand Knight A. J. Parriot will be one of the members of the board of trustees to be chosen later and he will have a number of the other officers and members to aid him in the big undertaking. So quietly have the plans been carried forward that they have escaped publicity up to this time.

The adoption of the resolution last night was the first tangible movement in the matter of building the home although this and was kept steadily in view from the time the property was purchased. The location is an excellent one, being central and in a very desirable portion of the city and when it is all completed the council will have a home that it expects to be used as a model for the guidance of other divisions of the big organization.

REBATING CHARGED IN FEDERAL INDICTMENTS

Grand Jury at Chicago Uncovers New Dodge Involving Railroads and Theatrical Concerns.

FIRECRACKERS, NOT DYNAMITE

That Was What Anti-Bomb Resolution in Convention Meant.

MR. RYAN EXPLAINS

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 20.—Firecrackers in the hall not dynamite under non-union steel "jobs" were referred to in a resolution submitted to the convention of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers at Rochester, N. Y., in September, 1910, according to a statement by Frank M. Ryan, president of the association today.

Ryan had denied the authenticity of the resolution, the original copy of which the federal officials investigating the dynamiting conspiracy assert they have, but today he recalled, he said, that the measure proposing that "no more bombs or explosives of any kind be exploded while this convention is in session" was introduced.

"It was just a joke," said Ryan, "and came about because P. J. Moring, of St. Louis, had put a bunch of firecrackers under the chairs of the delegates and set them off. The explosion startled all of us. The resolution went to the resolutions committee and never was reported out. I suppose John McNamara kept it. We did not discuss it because we knew nothing of the dynamite plot."

The document came into the hands of the government with other records of the iron workers' association seized in raids on its offices.

Twenty-five explosions destroyed or damaged property of employers of non-union iron and steel workers in the year preceding the convention and according to Orrie McManis, the confessed dynamiter, he was kept particularly busy just before the national convention because they desired to make a good effect on the convention.

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COLOMBIAN CLAIMS MAY BE ENORMOUS

United States Hesitates to Submit Case to The Hague Court.

HEARING IS RESUMED

Washington, Feb. 20.—Whether it would be dangerous from the viewpoint of facing an enormous indemnity verdict from the United States to submit to the Hague tribunal the claims of the republic of Colombia for the Panama canal strip is a question which the house committee on foreign affairs will thoroughly consider before making a report to congress of its investigation of Colombia's claims.

Evidence Summed Up.
The hearings on the resolution urging submission of the dispute to the Hague continued today and Henry N. Hall, of the New York World, summed up the evidence in the case, which, he said, tended to prove that former President Roosevelt took the isthmus in violation of treaty obligations, that the revolution was fomented by this country and that Colombia was entitled to reparation.

Chairman Sulzer asked Mr. Hall what reparation should be given Colombia, in

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FIRE MANY IN FILMS.

No. 3 Engine Crew Photographed in Moving Pictures.

A three-block run by engine company No. 3 of the city fire department was photographed for a moving picture film Monday afternoon, the movement illustrating also the operation of the fire apparatus in fine style.

Among other local pictures taken in addition to the Mystic Shriners is a panoramic view of the city, the interior of the Bass Foundry and Machine works and the Wayne Knitting mills.

BIG FLOURING MILLS BURN.

Washington, Feb. 20.—Fire of unknown origin early today destroyed the Arlington flour mills, owned by Cissel brothers and for a time threatened the entire water front. The loss, estimated at \$150,000, is covered by insurance.

ASKED A CHANGE ON THE RECORDS

Lester Carr Did Not Want
To Have It Known He
Was Convicted.

WOMAN IS LET GO

When Lester Carr separated himself from \$15 to pay a fine of \$5 and costs in the city court today he asked that the record be changed so his name would appear as Kale and he was accommodated.

He was out with Mrs. John Farnan yesterday and the two were picked up in a South Calhoun street saloon. The woman has two children and was let go with a warning. Her husband gave her a brutal beating several months ago and is serving time in jail for it.

Mrs. Collins Patterson, wife of a painter living at 1737 St. Mary's avenue, said her husband bought beer at a grocery in the neighborhood and finished up a debauch of several days by refusing to admit her and their daughter to the home. He was also charged with striking his wife and was let go on his promise to do better.

Tony Roebuck, who had been in before on a charge of public intoxication, was fined \$5 and costs, while Morgan Elliott, James Murray, Alex Fishback and Frank Link each drew \$1 and costs.

At the close of a long fight to prove that Edward Isaby, a half-witted fellow, is not guilty of a charge of criminal assault, he was held to the circuit court under a bond of \$2,000.

SON CELEBRATES MASS.

Impressive Funeral Services for Late Michael Hogan.

The funeral of Michael Hogan held this morning at 10 o'clock from St. Patrick's church was largely attended by the clergy and laity. Solemn requiem high mass was celebrated by Rev. William S. Hogan, pastor of St. Paul's church, Valparaiso, a son of the deceased. Rev. John P. Durham, pastor of St. Paul's church, Marion, was deacon; Rev. George Horstman, pastor of St. Andrew's church in this city, sub-deacon, and Rev. Paul Welch, assistant at St. Patrick's, master of ceremonies. Others of the clergy present were Rev. Francis T. Moran, D. D., pastor of St. Patrick's church, Cleveland; Rev. Joseph P. Delaney, pastor of St. Patrick's; Rev. Charles H. Thiele, pastor of St. Peter's, Fort Wayne; Rev. Thomas Munro, pastor of St. Mary's church, Anderson; Rev. Edward J. Mungovan, pastor of St. Patrick's, Arcola; Rev. Thomas Travers, pastor of St. Mary's church, Portland; Rev. James Durham, pastor of St. Mary's church, Dunkirk; Father Delaney delivered the sermon and paid a glowing and well-deserved tribute to the faithful and exemplary life of the deceased. Following the sermon he pronounced the final absolution.

Pall-bearers for Patrick Hogan were Messrs. Michael Tancey, John McNulty, Richard Markey, James J. Hayes, Albert Muldoon and Peter Reilly.

Sentinel Want Ads. Pay.



A PIECE OF GLASS IS A
PIECE OF GLASS TO
YOU.

To me there is glass and
glass.

In making a pair of Toritor Lenses I see to it that they are made from the finest, clearest, and best optical glass obtainable.

When I have finished a pair of Toritor Lenses for you I hand them to you with my guarantee that you have the best made lenses money can buy anywhere.

Just ask someone I have made glasses for.



Fort Wayne's Best Optical Store in
Fort Wayne's Finest Building.
ANTHONY HOTEL CORNER



The Place of Unique Gifts and Remembrances, Dinner Favors, Novelties, Souvenirs for Holidays and all Occasions.

The Most Beautiful Line of East-er and Leap Year Novelties now on Sale ever Shown in the City. Remember the CRAFT SHOP when doing Your Shopping.

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RECEIVER NAMED TO TAKE CHARGE

Fort Wayne Tent and Awning Company in Hands
of A. H. Schaaf.

IS BADLY INVOLVED

On the application of Edgar M. Pfeiffer filed in the circuit court today, Albert H. Schaaf was named receiver of the Fort Wayne Tent and Awning company and placed in charge of its affairs.

The company has been in business for the last five years and it is alleged in the petition that it has about \$1,000 in available assets and that its debts amount to \$5,000, of which Pfeiffer claims \$2,000 is due him. He charges that it is not able to meet its obligations and the business is being injured by running under present ownership. H. H. Hildeman and Thomas & Townsend filed the action.

Asks to Make Settlement.
In the circuit court today application was filed by the estate of Lawrence Offerle to settle for \$1,500 a claim against the city of Fort Wayne. He was killed last June when a sewer he was helping to construct caved in and he was caught under the falling dirt. The city is protected by an indemnity company. Breen & Morris filed the application.

Sues for a Divorce.

Parahusive Huison has entered suit in the circuit court asking a divorce from Zach Huison, a leader for several years in the Romanian colony. They have three children and she charges that he struck and beat her, appropriated \$300 of her earnings to his own use and called her bad names.

She says she has \$5,000 in real estate and cash and she asks a reasonable alimony. P. B. Colerick represents her.

Ordered Her Out of House.

Effie E. Parkes says in her divorce complaint that Samuel Parkes ordered her out of her house after she had provided the home and supported him. In addition to a decree she wants \$1,000 alimony. Cruelly, failure to provide and abandonment are also charged. Ballou, Hoffman and Rynberg represent her.

FIND NOTHING TO WARRANT GRAND JURY INVESTIGATION

(Continued from Page One.)

and burned bodies of the wreck victims, I told the undertaker that if he cared to do so he might send it to Fort Wayne. I at no time believed we had found a fourth body in the wreckage.

Coroner Briggs said that in all probability his examination of witnesses in Fort Wayne would not occupy more than two hours.

Look Over Wreck Ground.

When the inspectors expressed a desire to look at the scene of the wreck and to examine the block signals there, Superintendent Wardrop placed a special train at their disposal, and it left for Larwill at 10 o'clock today. In the party were Chief Inspector Scott, of the Indiana railroad commission; Inspectors Smith and Anderson, of the interstate commerce commission; Superintendent W. M. Wardrop, Trainmaster J. F. Patterson and Division Engineer Guy Scott, of this city. The inspectors made a minute examination of conditions there, returning to the city this afternoon.

Judge W. J. Wood, chairman of the Indiana railroad commission, who was in the city last evening, did not accompany the party, but left last night for Indianapolis, and the finding of the commission will probably be based upon the information gained by Chief Inspector Scott. There is a possibility, however, that the commission may summon officials and trainmen to Indianapolis for a further hearing later, as was done in the case of the Swinney park wreck last summer.

Completed Monday Afternoon.
The joint hearing under the auspices of the two commissions and the railroad company, held Monday at the rooms of the Railroad Y. M. C. A., was completed at 5 o'clock Monday afternoon, when all the witnesses were excused.

The examination was held behind closed doors, and no witness was permitted to hear the testimony of another. Practically all the trainmen on both the limited and the wreck train were called in one by one and the interrogatories covered much ground. At its conclusion officers of the company and the commissions alike declared they had no information to make public either as to the testimony adduced or the probable nature of the finding in the case.

DILLON CHURCH LETTER FORGERY

(Continued from Page One.)

you want money. "Not at all," was Mrs. Dillon's reply. "I want is a good home, and that you promised me."

Kept Strychnine There.
Mrs. Ella Hissong, another neighbor of the Dillons, declared that Dillon made conflicting statements to her regarding the strychnine capsule taken by his wife, and that he told her they always kept strychnine about the house to give to the horses. Miss Cordelia Wilson, of Mongo, had frequently seen Dillon and his wife sitting on their front porch, and that Dillon would not speak to his wife for hours at a time.

Rev. Morton D. Hibbs, pastor of the United Brethren church at Mongo, had been asked one question—whether or not he had had a conversation with Dillon relatives to the alleged forgery of some church papers—when the defense objected, insisting that the matter was a privileged communication and that the question was improper. Judge Drake adjourned court, taking the question under advisement until this morning.

NEW RATE ON LUMBER.

Washington, Feb. 20.—A freight rate of 50 cents a hundred pounds on hardwood lumber from Central Freight association territory to Pacific coast terminals was prescribed today by the interstate commerce commission. The existing rate of 55 cents was attacked by the Michigan Hardwood Manufacturers association. The order of reduction is directed against all transcontinental lines.

THE DEATHS.

GREEN.

Emery Green, colored, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Scott Green, died this morning at 4 o'clock at the family residence, 231 Pearl street.

MEURER.

Mrs. Margaret Meurer, a widow, 77 years old, died at the home of her son, Henry Meurer, of Hillside avenue, this morning at 6 o'clock. The husband, Lawrence Meurer, died many years ago. Besides the son in this city, Mrs. Meurer left a daughter who lives in Georgia, a sister in Oakland, Cal., and sixteen grandchildren. Mrs. Meurer was born in Germany and came here with her son in 1884 and had since lived here.

FUNERAL NOTICES.

Auer.—Funeral services for Conrad Auer will be held Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence, 1021 Swinney avenue. Interment in St. John's cemetery.

Wiegand.—Funeral services for Frank Wiegand will be held Thursday morning at 8:30 o'clock from the residence, 1228 Eliza street, thence to St. Mary's Catholic church at 9 o'clock. Interment at the Catholic cemetery.

Spoltman.—Funeral services for Frank Spoltman will be held Wednesday morning at 8:30 o'clock from the residence, 1409 Hurd street, thence to St. Peter's Catholic church at 9 o'clock.

Plock.—Funeral services for Henry Plock will be held Thursday morning at 8:30 o'clock from the home of the sister-in-law, Mrs. B. Plock, 1323 Swinney avenue, thence to St. Paul's church at 9 o'clock.

PAYNE NEWS.

Payne, O., Feb. 20.—Mr. and Mrs. Bert Stillwell, of Fort Wayne, are visiting with Mrs. Stillwell's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Paul, south of town.

Among those who attended the show in Fort Wayne Saturday were Miss Beatrice Brad, Miss Helen Snyder, and Misses Mary Brad and Ella Snyder.

Dr. and Mrs. Evans and family were entertained Sunday evening at the home of George Garmoth.

Mrs. A. Outland and daughter, Ona, returned home from Lima today after a pleasant visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Mulligan.

Eugene Sullivan, wife and baby spent Sunday at the home of Frank Turner, south of town.

Mrs. William Allison, of south of town, is very seriously ill at present.

Colie Lamb, Herman Kiger and Clyde Myers have secured positions in one of the auto factories at Detroit.

Harry Lamb, Leo Sullivan and Leo Miller spent Sunday evening in Antwerp.

Miss Kessler, of Fort Wayne, spent Sunday here the guest of the Misses Adah and Lulu Lamb.

The Young Ladies Sodality of St. John's church will have a taffy pulling and social evening at St. John's hall Monday evening.

Christ Vauhe, who is employed at Fort Wayne, spent Sunday with his family here.

Mrs. T. E. Edcock returned today from a visit with her parents at Paulding, O.

Fred White has purchased a Ford automobile of Joseph Miller & Sons.

Miss Lucy Miller has returned from Chicago where she purchased stock for her new millinery store, which will be opened in a few weeks on West Merriam street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Katt motored to Delphos, Ind., Sunday to visit with Mr. Katt's mother who is seriously ill.

Ray Worden, of Fort Wayne, is visiting friends here.

WILSON'S NAME TO BOOM LAND

(Continued from Page One.)

Florida becomes the paradise of the whole world. There a careful, thrifty tiller of the soil can make more money on ten or twenty acres of land than on 150 in the north or west. The doubting Thomases who are standing back awaiting developments will in a few years see their folly. There is no other section of the United States where the climate is so near perfection. There is no other where the tiller of the soil receives such large rewards for labor. There is no other section of the state where the opportunities for small capital are so great and where in a few years the small man can have a home and competency.

"I have no recollection of ever writing anything of this sort," said Secretary Wilson today. "This sort of thing happens often and I will have to stop it as I have been forced to do many times before. It is not uncommon to find my name and that of Dr. Wiley used without authority in advertisements. Dr. Wiley perhaps often than mine because he is more prominent."

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

J. C. Hovenstein, 40, meat dealer, and Addie M. Farncup, 40.

Joseph O. Conrad, 28, farmer, and Leah Richer, 26.

James E. Thomas, 37, barber, and Naomi Parrott, 29.

Joseph E. Hayes, 23, pressman, and Pearl M. Easterday, 24.

Charles A. F. Berghorn, 28, painter, and Louise A. Bohner, 22.

Charles Theisen, 29, clerk, and Beatrice Gindesparke, 22.

Harvey J. Hickox, 21, chauffeur, and Edith C. Zuber, 22.

William C. Cleary, 40, tailor, and Florence E. Robinson, 30.

Robert E. Allen, 25, brakeman, and Ethel E. Knepper, 36.

Charles S. Carr, 28, jeweler, and Katherine C. Shea, 27.

BUYS HEAVILY IN LAND.

George W. Bradley Purchases Three Farms in Allen County.

George W. Bradley, a wealthy farmer of Pleasant township, closed a deal for farm lands in Allen county Monday that is probably one of the largest if not the largest that has been recorded for several years. He purchased the Wolf farm of 283 acres in Lafayette township, for the sum of \$19,000, the Louis Geller farm of 203 acres in Perry township, for \$22,050, and the Charles Hoke farm in Pleasant township, comprising about sixty acres, for \$6,000. Mr. Bradley will rent the land out for the cultivation of grain.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Special Fish Dinner served every day from 11 to 2, during Lenten season, at Hof Brau. 25c.

EIGHT BIG ONES FROM MISSOURI

Will Send That Number of
Delegates-at-Large to
Baltimore.

ALL ARE FOR CLARK

Joplin, Mo., Feb. 20.—With it practically certain that eight delegates-at-large, each with one-half a vote, will be named to attend the national convention at Baltimore and with supporters of Champ Clark for president in complete control, the democratic state convention when it convened here today, has only one big point to decide—that is, who shall be named national committeeman from Missouri.

After all night "milling" and many conferences between party leaders during all of which Wm. J. Stone, senior senator from Missouri, was the guiding hand, this "slate" on the make up of delegates-at-large was announced:

Senators Stone and Reed, former Governors Joseph W. Folk, Lon V. Stephens and David R. Francis and A. M. Dockery, of Gallatin; Wm. T. Kemper, of Kansas City; Gilbert Barber, of Joplin. While Folk has announced that he is not a candidate for membership on the "big eight," both Senator Stone and Senator Reed insisted his name be kept on the list.

Former Congressman William S. Cowherd was chosen temporary chairman of the convention and delivered the keynote speech.

Cowherd's Speech.

Predicting that "if Mr. Roosevelt should be the nominee of the republican party that party never would again nominate a candidate for president," and declaring that "the insurgents would make of President Taft the sacrificial goat of the republican party."

Mr. Cowherd said that Missouri would "offer to the democracy of the nation as their candidate for president the best jewel in her diadem—Champ Clark," and that "the next president of the United States will be from Missouri."

"The insurgents would make of President Taft the sacrificial goat to bear the abandoned policies of the party," said the speaker. "Recognizing the hopelessness of victory under his leadership, that element is sending the C. Q. D. signal to Oyster Bay but no answering spark has come to cheer their waiting hearts. Mr. Roosevelt is bold but not foolhardy."

"As long as the people of the United States believe in a republic, as long as they love liberty, as long as they cherish free government as better than riches and the one heritage a wise father would leave to his children no man will be selected to a third term as president of the United States. If Mr. Roosevelt should be the nominee of the republican party, that party would never again nominate a candidate for president."

Mr. Cowherd closed with a tribute to Speaker Clark.

Can Lick Ted, Too.
Missouri democrats in state convention here today, cheered with a statement by State Chairman Shannon that "We can lick Roosevelt as easily as the Roosevelt men say we can lick Taft."

Later, when Speaker Champ Clark was referred to by Temporary Chairman Harber as "Our intrepid leader," whose efforts more than those of any one else, had resulted "in uniting of the democratic party and the reading asunder of the republican party," the convention was in an uproar of applause that lasted several minutes.

When the first session adjourned the committee on resolutions was still at work preparing its declarations. Enough of the resolutions was known, however, to state that they would declare emphatically for a delegation to Baltimore, instructed to support Clark for president as long as there remained any hope of his being nominated.

BIG ART AUCTION IN BERLIN.
Berlin, Feb. 20.—The most important art auction ever held in Germany opened today with dealers here from all over the world in the Lepke auction masters in Berlin when the collection of old masters belonging to the estate of the late Edward P. Weber, a leading merchant of Hamburg, will be put up for sale. Franz, coise Kleinberger, of Paris, gave \$147,500 for the "Virgin and Child," by Andrea Mantegna.

Only One "BROMO QUININE" that is
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

Don't Envy Strong Eyes;
Wear Meigs' Glasses and Have Them

The less you are able to spend for glasses the more important it is to secure a permanent, satisfactory investment.

The Meigs system of fitting glasses has pleased hundreds who were in the habit of paying big prices for ordinary work.

The Meigs policy has been not alone to make glasses right, but to guarantee lasting satisfaction, doing away with frequent and expensive changes.

Our large and complete factory enables us to give this service on a straightforward one price policy that is less in dollars and double in satisfaction to you.

EXAMINATIONS WITHOUT CHARGE.

MEIGS
[EYESIGHT SPECIALIST]

MAKER OF MEIGSETT and SHUR-ON
Eyeglasses.

ADDITIONAL SOCIETY

Mrs. Will Seidel has issued invitations to a luncheon-bridge which she will give at her home in Hoagland avenue on Wednesday, Feb. 28.

Mrs. James VanCamp was given an agreeable surprise on Monday forenoon by a company of her church friends, ladies of the First M. E. church congregation, who with well filled lunch baskets and their sewing called at the VanCamp home in Lakeside, for a visit. The gathering was occasioned by the near departure of Mrs. VanCamp for the south.

Members of the Up-to-Date Thimble club observed their eleventh anniversary yesterday afternoon by attending the Temple vaudeville performance and afterwards driving to the home of Mrs. M. R. Lacey, 454 Montgomery street, for a supper. Mrs. Lacey is the president of the club. Miss Flossie Lacey served the guests. The table was decorated with carnations, the club colors of pink and green appearing in the flowers, pink and green candles in crystal holders. Paper hearts and toy flags were suggestions of holiday decorations and were used as place cards and favors. The diningroom was trimmed entirely in pink and green. The livingroom was also decorated with pink carnations and foliage and in the reception room were baskets of pink roses and ferns. Members of the club are Mesdames M. R. Lacey, P. Henkenius, J. R. Fulton, Mart Cleary, P. McDarby, L. T. Jefferson, Gilbert Miller, W. T. Boldt, George Cassidy, J. Kennedy, Tom Greer, Clem Rekers.

Miss Ethel Hayes celebrated her birthday anniversary on Sunday evening at her home, 809 Eliza street. Several kinds of games were played and the rooms were prettily decorated with flowers and hearts. An excellent luncheon was served by Mrs. Hayes and Misses Bernadette and Ethel Hayes. Each girl and each boy was given a heart with a number on it and the numbers were matched to find a partner to go to the supper table. There were pretty decorations for the table. The guests were Misses Edith Schmidt, Celesta Schlink, Leona Boyce, Edna Vorndran, Bernadette Hayes, Louise Letter, Ethel Hayes, Ruth Francis, Theresa Vorndran, Jennie Vanduvater, Wayne Vandurster, Mildred Dressel, and Louis Gerke, Carl Bohner, Henry Gerdorn, Walter Knoche, William Knoche, Leon Swager, George Pence, Herman Brandt, Eugene Kintz, Joe Sterling, Albert Theye, Ernest Roth, Orley Letter.

Mrs. William Thiele was given a delightful surprise on Sunday evening by a company of friends who enjoyed a merry time. There were present Mr. and Mrs. Felt, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Thiele, Mr. and Mrs. Waldschmidt, Mr. and Mrs. John Forster and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Bender, Mr. and Mrs. A. Erick, Mr. and Mrs. Kaum, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Schneider, Miss Carrie Bender, Mrs. Gudermuth, Mrs. Voelker, Miss Emma Thiele, Miss Emma Knoche, Miss Frieda Knoche, Miss Clara Erick, Miss Thiele Thiele, Miss Frieda Zollinger, Miss Mathilda Wiegand, Miss Pauline Wiggand, Miss Marguerite Thiele and Messrs. William Droge, Frank Franke, Albert Wiegand and John Thiele. There were two children at the party, Ottomar and Reinhart Bender. John Forster and L. J. Bender were the comedians of the evening.

Celebrate Silver Wedding.
Mr. and Mrs. John Peoppel, who live north of New Haven, celebrated their silver wedding anniversary on Sunday by entertaining about seventy-five friends. A social time was enjoyed and a beautiful dinner was by no means the least acceptable part of the entertainment. Rev. Doerfler made an address.

AREOPLANE EXHIBIT.
Beginning March 1 there will be an aeroplane exhibit in the children's department of the public library. Any boy having a model which he has made himself is asked to exhibit it at this time. There is one model in the children's department now advertising this exhibit and this and books on the subject can be found at the library telling how these models should be made.

BIG ICE FIELD MOVES.
Duluth, Minn., Feb. 20.—The big field of ice on the north shore east of Two Harbors, and down to Grand Marais, moved on yesterday. The ice field today was "dull down" on the horizon to the east.

THE DAY IN CONGRESS

Washington, Feb. 20.—The day in congress:

Senate.

In session 2 p. m.
Idaho Mine Inspector Bell protested against lead and lead ore tariff reduction at steel bill hearing.

House.

Met at noon.
Resumed consideration of chemical tariff bill.

Hearing continued on resolution to arbitrate Colombia's dispute in connection with Panama's ceding canal zone to United States.

Florida Drainage Engineer Wright testified at Everglades land hearing that he brought financial irregularity charges against agriculture officials as matter of self-protection.

MOOSE NAME COMMITTEES.

Cannass for Industrial School Fund Has Promising Look.

The \$12,000 fund which the Loyal Order of Moose is raising to secure the location of the big industrial school in Fort Wayne has now reached \$5,000 and the outlook is most promising. At a meeting of the executive committee last night the following committees were named:

Committee to call on the local banks—Stephen B. Fleming, chairman; Frank Freiburger, E. W. Cook, L. A. Centivore and George Gilliom.

Committee to call on the real estate men of the city—Lawrence W. Bauer, chairman; William P. Walsh and Killian Vorndran.

Committee to visit liquor dealers—Harry M. Kelly, chairman; Henry C. Barner, Perry Stahl, Norman Hendrickson and Samuel Alexander.

Committee to visit retail merchants—Harry F. Kennerk, chairman; J. M. Halenstein, William Bayer, George Tigges, Harry P. Fletcher, Bert Jones, F. A. Erick and D. C. Stout.

YUAN SHI KAI MAY YIELD.

London, Feb. 20.—Yuan Shi Kai may be induced to yield to the command of the Nanking revolutionists that he proceed to that city, according to a Tien Tsin dispatch received here today.

Yuan, it seems, has proposed that a conference be held in Tien Tsin to arrange the preliminaries connected for the future government of China and if these negotiations are satisfactory he says he is willing to proceed to Nanking to take up the work of the new republic.

THE WEATHER.

LOCAL OFFICE UNITED STATES
WEATHER BUREAU.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Feb. 20, 1912.—Data for the 24 hours ending at 2:00 p. m. today.

Temperature at the End of Each Hour.

2:00 p. m. 43	3:00 a. m. 28
3:00 p. m. 41	3:00 a. m. 26
4:00 p. m. 41	4:00 a. m. 26
5:00 p. m. 38	5:00 a. m. 26
6:00 p. m. 36	6:00 a. m. 25
7:00 p. m. 35	7:00 a. m. 25
8:00 p. m. 34	8:00 a. m. 26
9:00 p. m. 32	9:00 a. m. 26

News of Our Neighboring Towns

DISTRICT MEET OF PYTHIAN KNIGHTS

Held at Decatur Tomorrow Will Be Attended by Many Visiting Knights.

Decatur, Ind., Feb. 20.—Tomorrow will be a big day in this city for the Knights of Pythias of this district, the occasion being the holding of the annual district convention.

Fully five hundred delegates and visitors from the fourteen lodges of the district are expected and the grand parade will include about seven hundred Knights. Three bands will accompany the delegations—one from Portland, one from Bluffton and one from Ossian. In addition to this, the Bluffton orchestra will render music during the evening session.

District Deputy Grand Chancellor A. R. Huyette, of Bluffton, will preside at the meetings. Grand Chancellor Hart, of Indianapolis, will attend the convention and among the evening session speakers are Judge R. K. Erwin, of Fort Wayne, and W. H. Elchorn, of Bluffton. It is expected that fully one hundred knights will come from Bluffton, twenty-five from Roll, fifty from Montpelier, sixty from Ossian and equally as many in proportion from each of the fourteen lodges of the district.

AUBURN JUNCTION SALOON.

Temperance Forces Will Fight Its Establishment.

Auburn, Ind., Feb. 20.—A citizens' meeting was held here last night in the office of Dr. C. S. Stewart, at which plans were formulated for a campaign in an effort to prevent a C. Scott, of Auburn Junction, from securing a liquor license.

Rev. F. F. Thornburg, pastor of the local Methodist Episcopal church, was elected temporary chairman and proceeded to distribute remonstrance cards among the temperance workers assembled, asking that they circulate them among the voters in Union township outside of Auburn.

The temperance forces are planning to file an effective remonstrance before the application for a license is considered by the board of county commissioners, and thus avoid calling an election.

NEW CHURCH AT WARSAW.

Warsaw, Ind., Feb. 20.—A committee to investigate and report as to the needs of a new church has been appointed by Rev. A. G. Neal, pastor of the Methodist church. Those appointed to serve on the committee are John Grabner, Flint Bush, George McCarter, L. C. Wann, F. E. Bowser, C. W. Smith, A. J. Cook, F. S. Parker, Fred Clark, E. B. Funk, Mrs. I. E. Boyer, Mrs. C. W. Thomas and Mrs. C. E. Neff.

BURIED AT KENDALLVILLE.

Kendallville, Ind., Feb. 20.—The remains of Albert Fredericks, of Fort Wayne, and formerly of this city, arrived here yesterday afternoon on the Grand Rapids train and were taken to the Christian church, where the funeral was held at 2 o'clock. The Rev. Zartman, of Fort Wayne, officiating. The young man was killed at Ohio City several days ago.

SHORT WEDDED LIFE.

Hartford City, Ind., Feb. 20.—Albert F. Hawn is suing for a divorce from his wife, Mary A. Hawn, formerly Mary A. Holcroft, whom he took for his bride September 16, 1911, and from whom he was separated February 16, 1912. Cruel and inhuman treatment and abandonment are the statutory grounds on which a decree is sought.

"Who's the Governor in Your Home?"



Whenever you are troubled with indigestion or dyspepsia—that is when your meals don't fit comfortably or you feel bloated after eating or what little you eat lies like a lump of lead in your stomach; or there are eruptions of sour, undigested food and acid, heartburn, belching of gas—you can make up your mind that you need something to stop fermentation and help your digestion. Just know this—that this distress does not stop here, for if not remedied, it causes headaches, dizziness, nervousness, bad taste in the mouth, foul breath, biliousness, poor, thin blood and is followed by a general run-down condition of the body.

The sooner you ask your druggist for a large box of IRON-TIP, the sooner you'll enjoy health-happiness. It's wonderful. You take one dose and your relief begins. Twenty-four hours after taking the first dose you'll feel like a new person. There's nothing on earth it's equal. IRON-TIP makes your food digest just as if your stomach had never been out-of-order. That's not all—it enriches the blood with iron, strengthens the walls of the heart, increases the blood circulation, gives you color and strength, vigor and vitality. It's sure to act. It's a trial convinces. IRON-TIP is a compound and is sold at all drug stores at one dollar a tin box. Every box contains a Guarantee Certificate from the Iron-Tip Medicine Co., Chicago, Ill., for satisfaction or money refunded.

For sale in Fort Wayne by
Bradley Bros.
Jno. C. Wenzler
D. & N. Pharmacy
Jacob Hill, Jr.
Fred W. Miller
Fred W. Meinzen
A. W. P. Manthe
Greiner Drug Co.
F. D. Hoham
A. C. Gocke

WIDOW'S DREAM WAS A NIGHTMARE

Married Wealthy Widower of Wells County, But Promised Bliss Was of Short Duration.

Bluffton, Ind., Feb. 20.—Mrs. Clara E. Felton, a former Allen county widow, bewailing the fact that she ever gave up her good widow's pension and happy life and yielded to the entreaties of Peter Felton, a Wells county widower, who claimed that he was rich and could give her a better home if she married him, which she finally did, has found out that life with him is impossible and she is now suing him for support.

She brought suit against him in the Wells county court asking for \$75 a month and the appointment of a receiver to sell his \$12,000 farm located a mile and a third from Markle, and also asks that the receiver collect certain promissory notes due him. The case has been venued from this county to Decatur for hearing in the Adams circuit court.

The complaint recites that she was a widow and resided with her two sons in Allen county, that she had a pension of \$144 a year, and stock, including horses, cows, etc., and a comfortable home. Along came Peter Felton, of Wells county, and beguiled her to give up her pension, marry him and live happily ever after as his wife, surrounded by every luxury that he, a rich farmer, could give. She did. She took him for her Valentine and they were married Feb. 13, 1911.

In four short months she found her dream of bliss a horrible nightmare, and she could live no longer with him, so they separated June 9. She says that when they were married he represented that he had been a widower, had not been keeping house for some time, that she should bring to their home her good supply of canned goods, jellies, vegetables and her winter's lard and that he would pay her for them.

She took them, with chickens and other things, valued at \$300, where they were eaten by her spouse and the ditchers who were employed by him. She says, also, that she found after she married him that he owed a big board bill, owed for clover seed, ditching, tile, etc., for his farm, and also owed his daughter a \$1,100 mortgage on the place.

She says instead of the happy life she expected, he cursed her, called her a liar, threatened to strike and beat her, forced her to mend for a son who was not a member of the household, forced her to cook for ditchers when she was not able and kept dangerous weapons about the house, on account of which she lived in great fear. She also said he did not contribute to her support, and when she left him June 8 she went to live with a son, where she now resides.

GARRETT NEWS

Garrett, Ind., Feb. 20.—Mrs. Harry Brown has returned home after a few days' visit with her parents at Chubbuck.

Mrs. Harry Clayton and the Misses Mary Jowak, Nora Usizk and Johanna Casey attended "The White Sister" at the Majestic at Fort Wayne Saturday.

Miss Ada Banett, who has been very sick with tonsillitis the past three weeks, is able to sit up.

Margaret McCarthy came home from the academy at Fort Wayne to attend her sister Mary's wedding this morning.

Mrs. Peter Behler spent the day in Fort Wayne Monday.

Miss Anna Gerding has returned home to Butler after a few days' visit with relatives and friends in Garrett.

The Misses Gertrude Crow and Loretta Manion attended "The White Sister" at the Majestic in Fort Wayne Saturday night.

Raymond Behler and Harry Rast were at Auburn Saturday.

Mrs. Add Stewart, who has been sick with the grip, is better.

Mrs. Henry Neer was called away to Paulding, O., on account of the serious illness of her daughter, Mrs. S. Dir.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Downard, of Gary, are visiting friends in Garrett this week.

Mrs. Richmond and Ruth Sweeney attended "The White Sister" at the Majestic in Fort Wayne Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Moore spent Monday in Auburn.

Mrs. J. H. Diebert was called to Denver by the serious illness of her daughter-in-law.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. George Hurni was taken to the sanitarium at Fort Wayne in the hope of benefiting his health.

Mrs. Charles Lindorfer's mother, Mrs. C. Aldrich, after spending the most of the winter here, returned to her home at Elgin, Ill. Mr. and Mrs. Lindorfer and daughter, Ruth, accompanied her as far as Chicago.

Miss Margaret Shultz, of Chicago, is home visiting her parents.

Mrs. Ed Reyher returned home from a week's visit with her son and daughter at Gary and Chicago.

Mrs. Cook is very sick with cancer of the stomach at the home of her son, Frank Cook, on Lee street.

Ray McKinley has sold his property on West King street to H. Grogg.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. Roy Smith, on the north side, who has been very sick, is better.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Prouty, of Albion, Ind., stopped off a few hours while on their way to Fort Wayne.

Mrs. J. Trimble is reported very sick.

Miss Nellie Baltz, formerly of Garrett but now a trained nurse in Chicago, is here visiting with friends.

The Men's Forward Movement league held a meeting at the Methodist church Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. B. Moses returned to her home at Charleston, Ill., after a few weeks' visit with her sister, Mrs. Mitchell Olinger.

Mrs. James Leach was at Chubbuck visiting her mother a few days.

Levi P. Norton has given his pew in Grace church, New York, to the church corporation to be forever a free pew. This makes the eleventh free pew in that church.

MONROEVILLE NEWS.

Monroeville, Ind., Feb. 20.—Charles Ahl was at Van Wert Sunday calling on friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Krick spent Sunday at Fort Wayne.

Miss Jennie Casselman is making arrangements to open up a millinery shop in Mrs. Youse's building, formerly occupied by Mrs. M. Stevens.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Federspiel, of New Haven, and Mrs. F. X. Schuler, of Fort Wayne, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Schab Sunday.

Mrs. Charles Ahl and children were at New Haven Sunday the guests of Mr. and Mrs. N. Youse.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Wright and Miss Donna were at Fort Wayne Sunday, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Rose and Mr. and Mrs. H. Parnin.

Homer Casselman came home Sunday from the hospital at Fort Wayne, where he has been since his recent operation two weeks ago.

John Purman, of Fort Wayne, visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Purman, Sunday.

Mrs. D. E. Kauffman very pleasantly entertained the Friendly Few Pedro club Friday evening. Prizes were won by Mrs. John Schab and Mrs. H. E. Steinman. The ladies entertained their husbands last evening at the home of Mrs. Ed Finan.

HALT ON BLIND TIGER.

Arrests Made at Warsaw for Violation of Laws.

Warsaw, Ind., Feb. 20.—Affidavits charging violations of the liquor laws have been filed against eight Warsaw persons and four arrests have been made. This is the result of the raid made by the police a few weeks ago when a large quantity of "near beer" and bottle goods was taken to the county jail. Warrants have been served against Joseph Thorn, Frank Randels, John Aller, Edward and Phoebe Hall. Each gave bond in the sum of \$200.

WITHOUT A PASTOR NOW.

Decatur, Ind., Feb. 20.—Rev. J. M. Dawson, who recently resigned as pastor of the local Christian church, will preach his last sermons as pastor next Sunday, when he will close a most successful twenty months' service. His successor has not been chosen, but there have been several applications for the place.

IN ANNUAL SESSION.

Bruderlicher Untersuchungs Verein Elects Officers for Year.

The Bruderlicher Untersuchungs Verein held its annual meeting Monday evening and elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Henry E. Branning, president; Edmund Schroeder, vice president; William C. Baade, corresponding secretary; Henry Gunther, financial secretary; William Gerding, treasurer and William B. Borde, trustee for the first district.

The report of the secretary showed that the organization has 1,107 members. It was formed nearly twenty-four years ago. There have been 120 deaths in that time, and benefits to the amount of \$61,000 have been paid.

The twenty-fifth anniversary of the society will be celebrated February 18, 1913, and the society is planning to unite in increasing the membership to 2,000.

Buy your next winter's underwear during our great, great Half Price Sale.

PATTERSON-FLETCHER CO.

FINDS HE IS SORRY.

Terre Haute, Ind., Feb. 20.—Joseph Miller, secretary of the German Savings association for three years before he decamped several months ago, leaving a shortage of more than \$50,000 has written from his former home in Vienna, saying he has a good position there, and that he "regrets he left Terre Haute under bad circumstances." The association is now in the control of a receiver.

A WOMAN'S HAPPINESS.

Dr. Baker in The Household.

A woman's happiness, if she be normal in mind, depends on her health, for perfect health makes any woman or girl beautiful. Few women have peach-bloom cheeks or cherry-red lips. Those that have such beauty marks are healthy. How many do we see that are anemic, colorless, thin, cold to the touch, with a long train of feminine ills that wears out their nervous system, making them unattractive and unlikeable, unless they be gifted with divine goodness of soul. Nearly all homeliness in woman comes from a derangement of the metabolism, which may occur in childhood, but most frequently in young womanhood. Metabolism is the process by which the cells and blood of the body is renewed and wasted. We physicians who understand this process know by actual demonstration that any woman or girl can change her anemic, colorless, scrawny body and face into one of plumpness and healthy color, by the simple process of drinking a German chemist's fluid called "metabolinum" twice daily for a few weeks and thereafter two or three times a week. Metabolinum is concentrated and sold in pint bottles by the leading pharmacists in the larger cities and is rather too expensive, perhaps for the poor who need it the most, but society women, actresses, actors, public speakers, musicians, singers, both male and female, are now drinking it regularly to sustain the nerves and preserve the beauty, which is so important to their calling. Metabolinum concentrated in pint bottles—which diluted with water makes a gallon or more—retails at one dollar and twenty-five cents. It contains no alcohol or narcotic drugs and I feel free to recommend it to any one whose system needs a "builder" and tonic, because it is never advertised.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE

7% DIVIDEND WEEK 7%

This week marks another successful year of our Co-Operative plan. The ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF 7 PER CENT. is now being paid to our stockholders. That our Co-Operative plan is appreciated and successful, is evidenced by the fact that over 5,000 people will profit by this annual dividend event. ARE YOU ONE OF THEM?

DIVIDEND WEEK SENSATIONAL SALE OF SILKS

A big purchase of 120 pieces of Figured and Brocaded Silks, 89c and 50c goods, embracing a splendid assortment of colors and patterns, go on special sale Tuesday morning at

Choice 21c a Yard

Sale is now going on and will continue until all are sold. No phone orders taken. See them displayed in our West Show Window.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE

REAL UPLIFT IN YOUNG FILIPINOS

Take Eagerly to Broad Education Offered in Schools.

MAKE GOOD SHOWING

Washington, Feb. 20.—Even our Filipino brother, with his weathered-oak complexion, has better facilities in his pursuit of knowledge and athletic prowess than our own country boy. He receives his education in a well ventilated, fine, concrete building, while the country youth of the United States tries to figure why Washington crossed the Delaware as he bends over a knife-micked desk in a wooden shack open at a seams and indiscriminately heated by a pot-bellied stove that leaves him well browned on one side and frosted on the other. Though this comparison is not made in the eleventh annual report of the director of education of the Philippine islands for the school year of 1910-1911, now in the hands of the bureau of insular affairs, it is obvious. This report is the eleventh since the islands passed under American control and direction.

60,493 Pupils.
During the school year of 1900-1910 the annual enrollment was 587,317. Last year it reached 610,493.
There are now in operation 4,404 schools, and when the schools closed for the summer last year the number of American and Filipino teachers employed was 9,080. The Philippine government spent for public education during the last fiscal year the sum of \$3,223,883.27.

The bureau of education has provided plans for school buildings which are hygienic and attractive in appearance, affording ample class room space to meet the needs of the schools, and at a cost with which the available funds can keep pace. The buildings are so constructed that, when it becomes necessary, they can bear additions without marring their beauty or detracting from their usefulness. The structures are of reinforced concrete combined with good construction timber, and have from one to ten rooms each. There are now in course of construction nearly 300 such buildings.

The pupils are taking to the American game of baseball like cannibals to a fat man. Basketball, volley ball and track and field events are also favorites in the school and community life. But baseball stands out in the calcium glare of enthusiasm, and for it, devotees of the cockpit are forsaking that so-called pastime. Naturally the popularity of clean forms of diversion is developing new standards among the islanders, instilling new and higher principles and building character most substantially. The Filipinos are rapidly learning the lesson of the benefits of healthy competition.

Arbor day exercises have been absorbed by the bureau, and during the past school year not less than 600,000 trees were planted by the school children. The athletic and economic benefits accruing to the people of the islands as a result of the tree planting of a single year cannot be easily estimated.

The postal savings banks were patronized by 13,728 Filipino teachers and pupils, with \$33,585 deposited.
Some of the results of the industrial instruction as carried on in the schools of the islands are mentioned by the director; schoolboys in a hundred towns of the Philippines are wearing hats made by themselves; the hat exports from the islands increased from 621,475 in 1910 to 1,025,506 in 1911; many girls weave the cloth and make the clothing which they wear in school; more than half of the desks and tables in the primary schools of the Philippines have been made by the pupils; the primary schools of one province were able to deliver 1,000 salable baskets on a month's notice; in one town the baskets used to contain the

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oranges for export were purchased from other towns, now they are made at home as a result of the trade having been taught in the schools; one school has introduced and developed the slipper-making industry and last year sold \$4,000 worth; in one province over a thousand gardens were cultivated.

These cases illustrate the sort of thing that is being accomplished in the industrial classes of the public schools. The director believes that the highest results of the industrial instruction are those which have to do with the moulding of the character and life purposes of the pupils concerned.

Buy Gasoline of the Auburn Garage, 12c a gallon. 126 Washington Blvd. West. 3-20-12

LYRIC THEATER

"WASHINGTON IN DANGER."

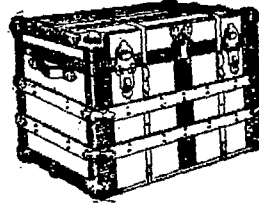
This is a tale that is said to be based on fact, occurring in the vicinity of West Point while the Continental army was encamped there. The great commander became acquainted with a landowner who was very profuse in his expressions of patriotism. Finally, the landowner invited Washington to visit him. Graciously, the Father of His Country, accepted.

The sympathies of the landowner were really with King George and he planned to turn the American commander over to some royal troops who would lay in wait. And the plan succeeded—almost. The film gives you the details and they are bedecked, it is said, in pretty winter settings.

Thursday, "The Lie," a great story of love and war. Friday, the big special, "War on the Plains."

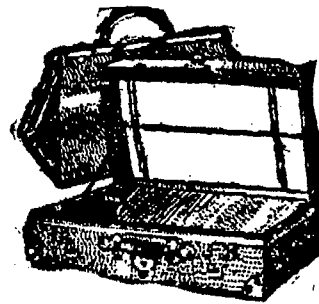
REMODELING SALE of TRUNKS and LEATHER GOODS

The contractors are about to begin work on remodeling our store into one of the finest Leather Goods store in the state. We must make room for them.



Trunks

A lot of \$6.00, \$7.00 and \$8.00 Trunks, for \$3.95
A lot of \$8.50 to \$10.00 Trunks for \$4.95
A lot of \$10.00 to \$15.00 Trunks for \$7.95
\$85.00 Wardrobe Trunks; Men's del make, for \$49.50



Suit Cases

One lot of \$1.25 to \$1.50 Cases 75c
One lot of \$2.50 to \$3.50 Cases, for \$1.45
One lot of Cowhide Cases; values to \$6.00 \$3.45
One lot of Cases; values to \$10.00, for \$4.95
One lot of Cases; values to \$15.00 \$5.95



Ladies' Handbags

One lot of \$1.25 to \$1.50 Bags; leather and velvet 69c
One lot of \$2.00 to \$2.50 Bags; new colors and styles 95c
One lot of \$3.00 to \$5.00 Bags; for \$1.95
One lot of \$5.00 Bags, for \$2.95
One lot of \$6.00 to \$8.00 Bags for \$3.95
Etc.

Everything in the store at a discount. Lay in your supplies now for your next trip.

Trunks and Leather
Goods Repaired
and
Made to Order

Leo J. Alerding. L. J. Ittenbach.
THE LEATHER SHOP
Successors to Romadka.

827 Calhoun
Street
Telephone 2603

The Fort Wayne Sentinel

EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY

By E. A. K. HACKETT.

Daily, 10c per Week. Weekly, per year, \$1.
Daily by mail, \$5.20 per year.

VOL. LXXIII. No. 164

OUR TELEPHONES.

Editorial Rooms 650
Counting Rooms 173

TUESDAY, FEB. 20, 1912.

TONIGHT.

Amusements — "Fantasma" at Majestic; Vaudeville at Temple Theater; Motion Pictures at Lyric, Colonial, Fairy, Gaiety, Star, Casino, Hippodrome and Pearl.
Fraternal — Order of Red Cross; Grand Fraternity; Wayne Castle, K. of G. E.; Wayne Tent, K. O. T. M.; Patriarchs Militant; Lodge of Perfection, A. A. S. R.; Modern Masons; Modern Woodmen; Court of Honor; Fort Wayne Homestead; Brotherhood of American Yeomen; Fort Wayne Hive, L. O. T. M.; Degree of Honor, No. 3; Daughters of Workmen; B. O. B., Herd No. 29; Knights and Ladies of Honor.
Miscellaneous — Fort Wayne Medical Society; Plasterers, No. 70.

FINDINGS OF THE CITIZENS' COMMITTEE.

Whatever moral force of public opinion there was in the findings of the citizens' committee on track elevation still resides in that presentment. The committee made a painstaking and impartial inquiry. It formulated its report and supplemented it with a series of questions bearing upon important phases of the problem. These questions were submitted to numerous citizens having important relations to the community and its affairs. These, acting for themselves as individuals or for the large interests they represent, signed the questions in the affirmative. The crux of the problem was conceived to be had in this question:

Do you favor granting the Pennsylvania company the right to build its new depot and complete work at Calhoun street and west now, without reference to Clinton street, and have the city employ a competent engineer for the separation of grade crossings east of Calhoun street?

With but one or two exceptions among all who were signatory to the question this was answered in the affirmative. So far as we know no signature on the document has been protested and none has been withdrawn. If the board of works at any time has been disposed to rely upon that document as a disclosure and assertion of public sentiment there is no reason why it should not still be so disposed. It is just as strong, just as definite and just as mandatory as it was at the time it was filed with the board. If the board has been guided by it, no ground has developed for not continuing to be guided by it. The committee's findings and their endorsement by many citizens and interests had all the force and, as we take it, the purpose of a recommendation. If it had, it still has.

Protesting against the delays caused by federal court injunctions which interfere with the execution of state statutes regulating intra-state railroads, several representatives of the National Association of State Railway Commissioners have just appeared before the senate judiciary committee to urge the passage of the Nelson bill. This bill provides that no injunction shall issue for a federal court against any order of a state railroad commission or against the enforcement of any state statute. It is proposed as a substitute for the Overman act, passed at the last session, which requires a hearing before three federal judges before an interlocutory injunction shall issue restraining the operation of state statutes or legislative decrees unless it can be shown irreparable damage would be caused. This law has been upheld by the supreme court of the United States in the Wyandotte, Kan., drainage case. John E. Eustis, who is a member of the public service commission of New York, stated that vexatious delays were caused under this statute. Even when the question at issue was finally decided in favor of the state there was serious interference with state laws in the meantime. He sought to prevent railroad stockholders coming from other states and enjoining the operation of legal state statutes.

Hon. Martin W. Littleton, representative in congress from New York, announces that he will not stand for re-election. One term is enough for him—and by a singular coincidence, one term of Mr. Littleton is enough for the country, so it will be a happy time all around. Mr. Littleton ascribes as his reason for getting out that the "intellectual cowardice of his conferees is disgusting," a withering stricture that will make the conferees hump 'emselves quite a lot to get over. This is Orator Littleton's euphemism for the rough-hewn fact that standpat democrats are not as numerous in the American house of representatives as he would like to have them. Mr. Littleton is a good lawyer, a spectacular orator and a likable man, but he is a democrat out of tune with his party and his times. His going will not leave much of a hole to be filled.

That Panama canal sticks tight to the craw of the United States of Colombia, and after almost ten years causes as much irritation as ever. Colombia wants to submit her cause to arbitration, but has got no greater degree of satisfaction than may be had from the kind out firm assurance of our state department that there really is nothing to arbitrate.

It is evident that no one is anxious to assume the ticklish job of being the first president of the new Chinese republic. Dr. Sun Yat Sen turned it over to Yuan Shi Kai, and he wants to hand it back with his declination and his compliments to Dr. Sen. A

republic that does not know what to do with itself is indeed in a bad way, and with four hundred millions of people to govern the Chinese republic will have need soon to gather itself into form and begin business.

Wireless word from over the bounding billows brings the happy information that ex-Banker Morse, lately let out of prison for his health, is eating like a horse and sleeping like a summer dog. Ex-Banker Morse will get what he was let out of prison to save.

Colonel Roosevelt will deliver an address to the Ohio constitutional convention tomorrow. That is rather a progressive if not insurgent body and it ought to hear what it wants to listen to.

President Taft has found a man for the supreme bench, but he had to take him from New Jersey, a long way from west of the Mississippi.

When the river front parks are accomplished facts the objectors will be singing the general tune.

MAKING RAILROADS SAFE.

Life Saving Cars.

Chicago Tribune: Press reports of the wreck of the Pennsylvania limited No. 2 at Warrior's Ridge, near Huntingdon, Pa., indicate that steel cars again proved their value in preventing the worst horrors of railroad accidents. Nine of the eleven cars of the train went over the embankment, and from such descriptions of the wreck as have been given there seems no reason to doubt that wooden coaches would have caught no reason to doubt that wooden coaches would have gone to pieces and probably would have caught fire.

The steel car, criticised sometimes as being excessively hot in the summer and cold in the winter, cannot prevent loss of life, but it can and does reduce the number of fatalities and injuries.

Making Gains.

Kansas City Star: In the late wreck of a Pennsylvania railroad train, a few persons were killed or seriously injured, although it was such a wreck as might have ranked with the worst railroad disasters of history had the coaches been of the ordinary type. What saved the most of the passengers was the steel cars.

It is right to commend a corporation which takes such precautions for safety. But no railroad should be permitted not to take them.

Our civilization has advanced to a proper horror of the crude commercialism which has sacrificed and which still does sacrifice life and happiness to unthinking greed—and oftentimes to thinking greed.

The determined moves for safe travel, for safe work, for decent standards of living, for compensation of industrial injuries are all of a piece in their stimulus and their aim.

A fact of comfort to this striving civilization is that every person, natural or corporate—as the law divides them—who conforms to a fairer standard would not think of falling back from its forward position. Any railroad which fairly well insures the lives of its passengers would not again inflict the old risks. Any factory which installs safety appliances and adjusts its business to a fair wage scale and to equitable workmen's compensation would not consider a return to old injustices. Nothing succeeds like success? No; one other thing does. It is the square deal.

A "Safety First" Campaign.

Pittsburg Dispatch: One of the most interesting features of the big Sunday Dispatch tomorrow will be an illustrated page telling of the "safety first" campaign of a great railroad, designed to enlist the active interest of every one of its 50,000 employees in the prevention of accidents to themselves or the public.

This system has been in operation since last fall and is said to have produced remarkable results, proving to the satisfaction of the management that 80 per cent. of the railroad accidents are preventable without a single new rule being added. The central idea is to arouse the interest of the employee and to keep it aroused. To this end a "safety first" organization has been formed representing every department of the road, shops, yards and trains, and represents all over the system by local committees. Weekly reports, monthly general meetings and semi-annual shifts of officers are expected to keep the attention keyed up all the time, the great difficulty in all such movements having been shown to be the slump in interest after the first few weeks of enthusiasm.

This article describes the organization, the work it has done and the lines upon which it is operated. It will be found extremely interesting to the general reader as showing the comparatively trifling things that contribute to accidents great and small and how simply they are being corrected. It will give you an altogether different idea of the infinite pains necessary for the safety of the traveling public. Above all, it exemplifies the fatal risk of "taking chances" in railroading and the eternal vigilance that is the price of safety.

WHAT IS THE MATTER WITH THE COLONEL?

(New York American.)

What is the matter with Theodore Roosevelt? Has he lost his courage in the complacent consideration of his greatness?

Is it the candidacy that is making a coward of the "Colonel?"

Why does he stand, hesitating, uncertain, like a timid schoolgirl, before that which everybody knows he wishes to do, and what he himself knows that in common honesty and consistency he ought to do?

There is not a thinking man in America who does not know that Colonel Roosevelt is eager for another term in the White House.

And Colonel Roosevelt knows in his heart and in his mind that he ought this very moment to be out in the open up and at Mr. Taft with all his might and main—in the old-fashioned Roosevelt way.

What is the Colonel afraid of? Is he afraid of defeat? He can better afford to suffer defeat than to desert the cause he has made in his party.

Is he afraid of Taft? Why should a man of blood and iron be afraid of a man of prejudice and putty? Taft is a weakling with a temper. He is as shifting as the winds, as irresolute as a weathercock. He is an opportunist pure and simple. He dalked and dalked with the insurgents as long as they gave him a hope of their support. Now that they have slapped his aspirations square in the presidential face he comes out to fight them with the desperation of a coward in a corner. And he is fighting, not like a president and a statesman, but like a chaotic bourbon in a rage.

He is traveling over the country, growing red in the face in denouncing as "cranks" and "neurotics" and "incapables of government" a powerful faction of his own political party and a distinct majority of the people of the United States. His speeches day by day are making it impossible for the progressives of any party to support him in November.

He is out for the votes of the stand-pat faction of his own party to give him the nomination. And to win the nomination he is evidencing every day his reckless willingness to lose the election. To save his political prestige he is willing to sacrifice the republic. His words of distrust of the people insult the memory of Lincoln and Jefferson and the spirit of the country.

Why should Roosevelt hesitate to come out and enter the lists with one who is daily flinging at his feet the gauntlet of such desperate denunciation?

Is Roosevelt afraid of Wall street or hoping for its support? What a foolish hope and foolish fear!

Roosevelt can no longer hope to outbid Taft for Wall street support. The little Roosevelt flurry of a few weeks ago was merely a Wall street strategy, using the Colonel as a threat to coerce Taft into the bidding. And Taft has already outbid Roosevelt in the Wall street market.

Taft has captured the money power and gone off with the street in his pocket.

Roosevelt's only chance is with the people. Between Taft and Roosevelt the people would not hesitate to choose Roosevelt.

Up, then, with the old-time Roosevelt courage and down with this un-Roosevelian caution!

The Roosevelt record is in the balance. For its own part the American hopes that some genuine progressive democrat will defeat in November both the man in the White House and the man at Oyster Bay.

But if by any chance this country is to have a republican president, the American and the people would unhesitatingly prefer Roosevelt to Taft.

CANDIDATE FOR JUDGE OF CIRCUIT COURT



To the Editor of The Sentinel:—

The Circuit Court, by reason of the establishment of the juvenile court, and the power given to suspend convictions for criminal offences, and to parole those charged with crime, calls for the performance of duties that cannot help but have lasting effects as to the weal or woe of our future citizenship.

I became very much interested in this class of work, while I was acting as president of the Allen County Orphans' Home. When I was connected with that work, the home that that institution now has on South Broadway, was built and the plans and policies of managing the institution worked out, and I am very much pleased to know that great success has followed those initiatory efforts.

It was while I was president of this board, and because of the interest I took in this work, that Governor Mathews appointed me as a member of the Board of State Charities. I continued to fill this position some seven years, having been re-appointed by Governors Mount and Durbin; and only resigned the honorable but unsalaried position, when other personal matters claimed so much of my time and attention, that I felt I could not properly perform the work.

This office required me to visit the benevolent, penal and charitable institutions of the State, and to hear and examine reports from all institutions that received public aid, and I thus became acquainted with the work they were doing. It was while I was holding this position that I was elected to the State Senate, and while serving in that position, we re-modeled the laws relating to the care of dependent children. These laws have been copied by many of our sister states. At the same time, we changed the penal laws of the State, so that they might become reformatory, instead of vindictive, and authorizing the parole of those desiring to reform their ways.

Indiana holds a prominent and proud position as to the efficiency of its methods in prison and reformatory matters. The last International Prison Congress, which met in Washington last year, made a tour of inspection of a number of the prisons of the country, and declared in resolutions, that Indiana's prisons and reformatories were among, if not the best, that could be found.

To have helped prepare and pass these laws, and to have given considerable time, for several years, as to their execution, and the effects wrought upon the character of those who were subject thereto, gives me another reason why I may claim that I have somewhat prepared myself for the duty of filling this judgeship.

While a member of the Board of State Charities, the lax methods of giving poor relief were over-hauled with the result that more good and less injury is done to those requiring charitable assistance, than was true for many years, and when you add to this, that from three to five hundred thousand dollars are saved to the tax payers of the State every year, this latter experience would certainly be no objection, when it is remembered that the Judge of the Court can and does expend large sums of money, without supervision as to how or when.

T. E. ELLISON.

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO

What the Sentinel Had to Say About Persons and Events Twenty-Five Years Ago.

Volney Parks has been purchasing heavy timber at Roanoke.

Ered Hisner and Mary E. David have been licensed to wed.

John Ross returned today from a visit to Duluth, St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Judge James Cheney has made extensive repairs on Spy Run avenue at his own expense.

Last evening Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Modervell gave an elegant reception at their Superior street home in honor of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Harper.

A Milan township farmer lost a pit of potatoes by the flood, and a bridge in the neighborhood was swept down to Toledo.

A decision in the Smith-Robertson suit, involving the lieutenant-governorship, has been looked for daily, but the supreme court gives no intimation of its intention.

The suit of Judge S. M. Hench for possession of the office of judge of the superior court was heard by Judge O'Rourke this morning. Judge O'Rourke holds Judge Chapin's election regular and legal. Judge Hench will at once appeal the case to the supreme court.

Amandus A. Hey, of 242 West Main street, died this morning of fatty degeneration of the heart. He was formerly the proprietor of the Berghoff brewery, and his body was so large from abnormal flesh that he weighed 360 pounds, necessitating the construction of a special coffin.

For the Saengerbund masquerade ball the following committees have been named: Arrangements—George Strodel, Gottlieb Unger; Charles Sheldon.

Reception—N. Heine, H. Horstmeier, Fred Roth. Introduction committee, H. Berghoff, Otto Herbst, Henry Keller.

Floor managers—A. Langhurst, P. Bauman, Al Wyss, O. Richter, A. Robe, H. Krohne.

The benefit ball at the Morton club rooms last night was a very pleasant affair.

Dreier Drug Co., 526 Calhoun Street.

Just the mild, simple wash, the well known D. D. D. prescription for Eczema and the itch is gone.

A 25c bottle will prove it.

We have sold other remedies for skin trouble, but none that we could guarantee as we can the D. D. D. remedy.

If the first regular bottle does not do exactly as we say, it will not cost you a cent.

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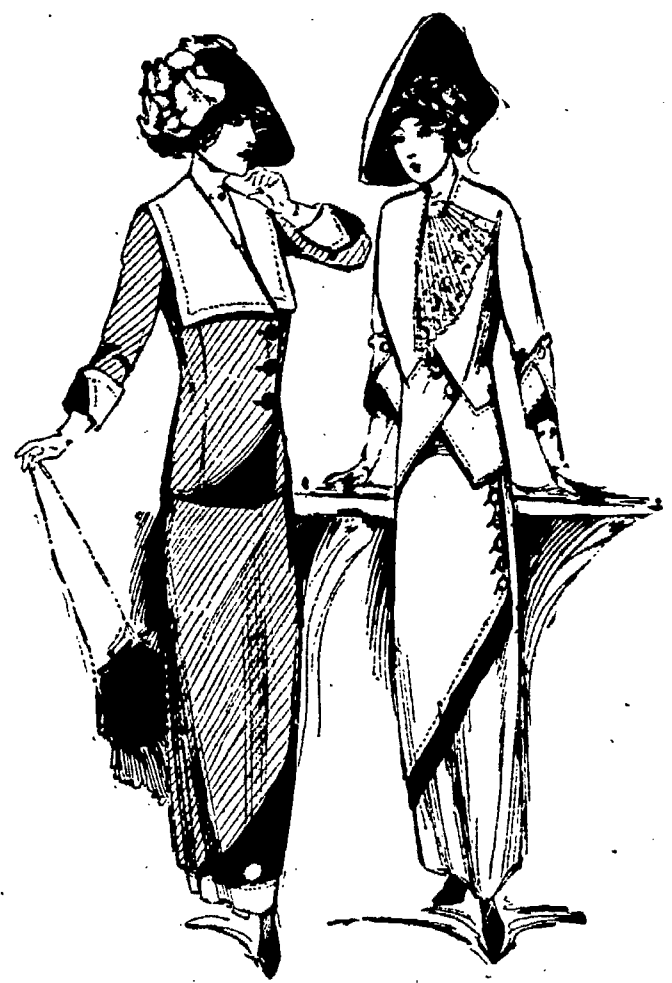
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The Seelberg Store

126 E. BERRY ST. (SMART CLOTHES FOR WOMEN) SET CALHOUN ST. AND POST OFFICE.

In selecting apparel for this store there is MORE than the mere buying of the article itself.

Every Dress, Coat, Suit, Waist, etc., has that DISTINCT INDIVIDUALITY which only expert knowledge and good taste can produce.

Notwithstanding the high character of the wearables, we still persist in our policy of SENSIBLE prices.

Advance New Spring Models

Gowns and Dresses of Foulard, Challie, White Serge, Taffeta, Messaline, silk Marquisette, Chiffon, Lingerie, Net and Serge for every occasion.

Dressy Tailored Suits, in the new modes and materials. Their beauty and excellent style touches are appealing—as are the prices.

Advance Coat Models are different—so different from last season. The styles are superb. Serges of course, predominate. Drop in and see them.

"A word to the Stout Lady," who's hard to fit—you've no doubt had a bad time of it, trying to find a suit or coat to fit you perfectly, and had to go to the tailor after all. Well, hereafter you'll find just what you want, and need, HERE. Stout Suits that are perfected by a maker who stands supreme in this line. Ah! but you should see them. Prices range from \$25 to \$40.

"The Prettiest Waists in Town"

At the Seelberg Store, is the remark we often hear. You really should see the dainty New Blouses, with the sweet little touches of embroidery and pretty laces that form the new modes. Priced at \$3.00, \$2.50, \$2.00, \$1.50 and \$1.00.

EARLY PURCHASING HELPS US—AND YOU

HEAVY LOSS BY FIRE.

The barn of the Moellering brick yards on the Piqua road, south of the city, was destroyed by fire Monday. The horse in the barn were rescued, but the grain and other contents were destroyed. The loss is \$3,000, covered by insurance. On account of the bad roads only the hose wagon from No. 8 engine house made the run and by the time it arrived the flames had gained such headway that it was useless to fight them.

Look! Listen! \$ for You

If you will attend my sale at Roanoke, Ind., Feb. 22, 1912, and buy some of the 50 head of choice bred Duroc sows and at your own price, with nine months' time. If you are interested in good hogs, don't fail to attend this sale. Free entertainment. 3-20-12 L. H. HOUSER.

Buy Gasoline of the Auburn Garage, 12c a gallon. 126 Washington Blvd. West. 3-20-12

Fancy Suits HALF PRICE SALE Fancy Overcoats

YOU can save many dollars by taking advantage of this sale where prices have been CUT IN TWO and values are extraordinary. Seeing is believing; come and see; you'll surely buy when you see how much real value you can get for little money.

All Fancy Suits and Overcoats Half Price. All Black and Blue Suits and Overcoats 20 per cent.

FANCY SUITS AND OVERCOATS	BLACK AND BLUE SUITS and OVERCOATS	BOYS' FANCY SUITS AND OVERCOATS	HATS
\$27.00 now.....\$13.50	\$25.00 now.....\$20.00	\$8.50 now.....\$4.25	\$3.00 now.....\$2.00
\$25.00 now.....\$12.50	\$20.00 now.....\$16.00	\$6.50 now.....\$3.25	\$2.50 now.....\$1.75
\$20.00 now.....\$10.00	\$18.00 now.....\$14.40	\$5.00 now.....\$2.50	\$2.00 now.....\$1.40
\$18.00 now.....\$ 9.00	\$15.00 now.....\$12.00	\$4.00 now.....\$2.00	\$1.50 now.....\$1.10
\$15.00 now.....\$ 7.50	\$12.00 now.....\$ 9.60	\$3.00 now.....\$1.50	\$1.00 now.....75c
\$12.00 now.....\$ 6.00	\$10.00 now.....\$ 8.00		

KRATZSCH & SCHROEDER, 618 Calhoun Street.

Garters
HALF PRICE.

ONE HALF ONE HALF ONE HALF ONE HALF ONE HALF ONE HALF ONE HALF ONE HALF ONE HALF ONE HALF ONE HALF ONE HALF ONE HALF ONE HALF

Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

...and the other is the fact that the system is not self-correcting.

Sentinel Want Ads.

Pay. "Fatigue now is required to control own nervous systems."

declined to take the responsibility

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Gregg is from Indianapolis
from Baltimore, Md.

es and razors.
s and Hurley

SOCIETY

A wealth of pink roses and yellow tulips with clusters of white lilac blooms made the home of Mrs. Albert E. Bulson, Jr., a veritable spring garden this afternoon at a reception she gave to introduce Mrs. Jane Briggs Voorhees and Dr. Lilian Mitchell, of Chicago, to her many Fort Wayne friends. The reception and living rooms had art craft baskets filled with many roses, tulips, hyacinths and other fragrant flowers of the season mingled with ferns, and arranged on tops of mantels and bookcases. In the receiving room was a large basket of Killarney roses and white lilacs whose fragrance made every one stop to exclaim over its loveliness and beauty. The handsome fireplace in the living room was still more effective with baskets of ferns and the spring flowers standing on the mantel, while the outdoor light through the eeri and rose-shaded windows mingled with the soft yellow from the chandeliers and made the room extremely attractive. In the dining-room there was such an abundance of pink roses and yellow tulips mingled with many pots of ferns that the room seemed to be growing flowers. Many tall white candles in crystal candlesticks were used in this room and the light from the electrician was yellow and aided in carrying out the color scheme that the florist, Miss Flick, had planned. In this room Mrs. Alex B. White directed a number of young ladies in serving refreshments. The ladies assisting in the parlors were Mrs. Samuel S. Fisher, Mrs. Miles F. Porter, Mrs. John W. White, Mrs. Max B. Fisher, Mrs. Ben Perley Weaver, and in the dining-room were Misses Virginia White, Evelyn Fisher, Jessie Orr, Hester Bash, Constance Kiplinger, Helen Kelly and Geraldine Butler. Young's orchestra, with a flute player in addition, played during the reception hours, which were from 3 to 5 o'clock.

A lovely and daintily appointed bridge party of today was that given at the home of Mrs. M. G. Flagle, of East Third street, by Mrs. Flagle and Mrs. John G. Klett. Forty ladies enjoyed the extremely pretty arrangement of red and white carnations in all the rooms. After the game the hostesses set their tables with white candles under hoods of red and about the base of each candle holder were clusters of red roses which were given the guests as favors of the afternoon. The two hostesses wore corsage bouquets of red roses and thus carried out the color scheme of their entertainment. The chandeliers were wreathed in green and groups of palms formed effective background for

the bright colors and a screen for Ashbaugh's orchestra that furnished music during the serving of tempting refreshments. Assisting during the supper hour were Misses Winifred Flagle, Louise Vergens, Louise Schuch, Thelma Fleming, Mrs. DeEtta Young, of Huntington, a former resident of this city, was the only visiting guest.

Mrs. O. N. Guldin is spending a few days in Centralia, Ill.

Mrs. E. H. Coombs, of Detroit, has been visiting her sister, Miss Margaret Hanna, for a short time.

Mrs. Emil Myers has returned to Terre Haute after making a visit here with Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Weil.

Mrs. Fred Bohne, of East Jefferson street, will entertain the Tuesday dinner-bridge club this evening.

Miss Jane Walter will entertain a few young women tomorrow afternoon at a thimble party in honor of Miss Lois McKinney, of Newcastle, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Simpson, of Grand Rapids, Mich., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Henry J. Beuret and were honor guests last evening at a company which Mr. and Mrs. Beuret gave.

The ladies of the Social Hour club and their husbands will be entertained at a George Washington party tomorrow evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Call, of California avenue.

Mrs. C. S. Knight and Miss Knight have returned from an absence of several weeks. Miss Knight spent several weeks visiting friends in Minneapolis and then joined her mother in Logansport.

Friends in this city of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Heywood, of Detroit, will learn with interest of the recent birth of a son to them. Mr. and Mrs. Heywood formerly lived here. Mrs. Heywood is daughter of Mr. and Mrs. N. Conover.

Mrs. A. C. Simpson, of Grand Rapids, Mich., and Mrs. J. B. Meriwether, of this city, were the special guests for whom Mrs. August Crull gave an informal kaffe klatsch yesterday afternoon. Vases of lovely flowers and tempting refreshments were among the special things enjoyed.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Leedy, of Lakeside, entertained the Monday Night Five Hundred club at dinner and cards last evening. The appointments for the dinner were suggestive of a Washington anniversary affair and tallies for the card game afterwards carried out the same idea. All enjoyed a delightful time. Covers were laid for sixteen at the dinner.

Mrs. J. V. Roul celebrated the anniversary of her wedding on Saturday

WELL KNOWN FORT WAYNE PEOPLE WED



MR. AND MRS. WILLIAM C. CLEARY.

afternoon by entertaining the members of two card clubs to which she belongs at bridge and a delicious supper afterwards. The Misses Thelma and Helen Reul and Della Paul assisted Mrs. Reul in serving the supper. The rooms were decorated in white and pink carnations. Mrs. Reul expected to surprise her guests by announcing the day as her anniversary, but they got ahead of her and bestowed some remembrances of the day on the hostess.

Miss Flossie Detrick, of Greeley street, was given a pleasant surprise on Sunday evening by a company of young friends. The occasion was Miss Detrick's birthday anniversary. The company went prepared to have a lunch after the surprise and a merry time was had in getting it ready and in disposing of it.

There was a gathering of young people at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Adam Bieber last Thursday who surprised their daughter, Blanche, in a celebration of her eleventh birthday anniversary. A delicious supper was a feature of the good time all enjoyed. Mrs. Laura Bieber and Eva Bieber assisted Mrs. Bieber in serving supper. There were present Messrs. Elmer, Ralph and Harold Bieber, Cornelius and Frank Longardner, Chester Rotberg, Willard Peters, Russell Dunten and Misses Lottie, Golda and Blanche Bieber. May Longardner, Edna and Nancy Leonard, Edith Peters, Emma Greaser and Mrs. Louisa Rorick, Mr. and Mrs. Eli Bieber and Mrs. Laura Bieber. The guests presented Miss Blanche with a ring and many beautiful birthday cards.

No party given by the T. J. T. club girls was more enjoyed than their Valentine party given a day or two since at the home of Miss Laura Gallmer, of Taylor street. A game of progressive hearts was enjoyed and so was music furnished by Paul Richter. An excellent supper was served. There were present Misses Anna Geyer, Clara Gerberding, Doris Hunt, Esther Boegel, Katherine Eiter, Selma Hoppe, Caroline Boegel, Edith Helbig, Edith Wiener, Clara Hoemeyer, Selma Helbig and Messrs. W. Waddington, P. E. Wolf, A. Kochl, H. Straussberg, R. Wolf, E. Burke, W. Wiener, P. Richter, J. Stetler, L. O'Brien, C. Rose and E. Gallmer.

Miss Gladys Sharp was agreeably surprised on Saturday evening, Feb. 17, when a company consisting of a number of young girls called at her home to remind her that she was celebrating her twelfth birthday anniversary. Not only did the company arrive prepared to have a good time, but they took a beautiful gift with them as a remembrance of the day for Miss Gladys. Many games were played and there were refreshments afterwards, all of which afforded pleasure. The guests were Ruth Green, Sophia Bohner, Edna Brown, Bertha Swihart, Dorothy Swihart, Helen Fink, Ethel Shroyer, Della Trautman, Edith Bohner, Marguerite Boan, Mildred Allen. Prizes in games were won by Ethel Shroyer, Ruth Green, Dorothy Swihart and Marguerite Boan.

Carr-Shea.

A pretty wedding of today was that of Miss Catherine Shea and Mr. Charles Sullivan Carr, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Carr, of Burlington, Ia., which took place at 9 o'clock this morning in St. Patrick's church. Rev. J. E. Delaney celebrated the nuptial mass. Miss Mary Agnes Shea and Mr. Vincent Shea were bridesmaid and groomsmen. The attendants were a brother and sister of the bride who has kept house for her sisters and brothers since the death of her parents some years ago. The bride wore her traveling suit to be married in. The suit was of dark blue whipcord and a blouse of blue marquisette over white net. Her hat was blue in color and tailored in effect to correspond with her dress. The bride wore a corsage bouquet of pink sweet-peas. The bridesmaid was gown in a suit of white cloth, trimmed with braid ornaments and made with guimpes and sleeves of lace. Her hat was a white beaver trimmed with plumes and pink roses. The wedding breakfast was served at the home of the bride, at 215 Dawson street, and only immediate relatives were present. Covers were laid for twenty. The bride's table was very attractive with its decoration of smilax and white roses and the handsomely trimmed wedding cake. The rooms were decorated with pink and white carnations, foliage plants and ferns. Mr. Carr's mother and his sister, Miss Alice Carr, of Burlington, Ia., were guests from away. Mr. Carr is a jeweler and is employed at the J. H. Young jewelry

store. The bride and groom have gone west for a trip and will live at the bride's home, in Dawson street, after their return. The bride is a young woman of beautiful character and she has a large number of friends.

Cleary-Robinson.

Miss Florence Robinson, daughter of Mr. J. W. Robinson, formerly of Lincoln, Neb., and Mr. William C. Cleary, the well known merchant tailor, were married on Monday evening at the Cathedral rectory by Rev. John Quinlan.

The bride wore a diagonal suit of blue cloth with bodice of blue chiffon cloth over white satin and a very stylish spring hat with trimmings of both blue and brown feathers. The bride wore a corsage bouquet of pink roses. The witnesses were Miss May Fitzgerald and Capt. W. F. Banks. Miss Fitzgerald wore a blue suit with black hat trimmed with plumes and a bouquet of pink sweet-peas. Immediately after the marriage the bride and groom went to the home of the bride's father, 920 Columbia avenue, where the wedding supper was served. The bride is a very attractive young woman and is a well known contralto singer. For two years the bride has been singing in the choir of the Third Presbyterian church and previous to that position she held a similar one in the First Presbyterian. She is an active member of the Morning Musical society and is meeting with success as a teacher of the voice. Mr. Cleary is a merchant tailor. He is widely and favorably known in the city and enjoys a large circle of devoted friends. During the Spanish-American war Mr. Cleary became particularly prominent because of his connection with the 28th Indiana volunteer infantry and later as captain of battery B. Mr. and Mrs. Cleary will be at home immediately to their friends at 920 Columbia avenue.

A Country Party.

The second of a series of parties to be given by the members of the Dolce Far niente club in honor of Miss Nellie Rhodes, a bride-elect of the coming month, was given on Saturday evening at the country home of Miss Mary Till, north of the city. A number of beautiful as well as useful articles was showered upon the bride-elect. The evening

was spent in an enjoyable manner at progressive games, prizes being awarded to Misses Nattie and Daur and Messrs. Treunis and Steele. At a late hour delicious refreshments were served. Those who took part in this good time were Misses Ina Nattie, Nellie Rhodes, Ethyl Astor, Bertha Daur, Ida Grabner, Marie Lallak, Mary Till and Messrs. John Brennan, T. A. Nattie, Henry Grabner, Paul Trier, Lawrence Steele, Mike Till, Carroll Elder, Wm. Treunis, Leo Till, August Beckman, Thomas and Frank Till.

HINTS FOR HOME ENTERTAINING.

Games That While Away an Evening or Afternoon.

A game revived for 1912 that is being played a great deal at house parties is the feather fight. The players divide into two sides, and each has a "home," which is made by placing a line of chairs or stools at the two ends of a room. Now take a tape and stretch it tight across the middle of the room, and on it place one feather for each two people.

The feathers must be of many colors and each player is given a penny paper fan, with "fight" as the watchword. The two sides now face one another on each side of the tape, two opposing players being opposite each feather. The fight begins with this object in view, for the fighters to waft the feathers into their opponents' "homes."

When the feather is wafted into a "home" he who loses it pays a forfeit, and he and his conqueror have to become onlookers until the game is over. Doorkeepers are appointed to keep the "homes" from invasion. Bits of light tissue paper may be used instead of feathers, and folded newspapers as fans. An old-fashioned parlor game that requires quick-witted players is called "What Is My Thought Like?"

One of the party thinks of a certain object and then demands of the rest, "What is my thought like?" Each gives an answer, "Like a goose," "Like a table," and so on.

When all have answered the first player tells what he thought of, and the others must prove the resemblance they supposed or else pay a forfeit. Thus if the secret thought had been of a dog, the player who guessed it to be "like a goose" might escape paying a forfeit by saying it was "because they both are grass sometimes." The one who said it was "like a table," of course, could easily explain that "both had four legs," and so each in turn would make their explanation or surrender their forfeit.

BEAUTY SECRETS.

Ugly Lines Often Result From Grimaces.

It is one of the incongruities of the beauty search that women will spend the greater part of an hour before their glass, attempting to aid nature in her good intentions and conceal her little malices, only to destroy the whole carefully built structure by frowns and grimaces.

This futile attempt at facial art is like veiling an exquisite picture with an air of heaviness and foreboding, painting it in wonderful colors and then drawing across the fair surface harsh black lines. Streak the greatest masterpiece with dark pencil marks, dim its lustre with a dull gray atmosphere, and it becomes a thing of ugliness, without value and without charm.

The face is nature's canvas of beauty upon which she spreads the colors of her palette, according to the wisdom of the owner. She does her best, and if we choose to mar the result with wrinkled brow, deep furrows and fine lines, the blame should be placed where it rightfully belongs.

Long lines across the brow, the result of elevating the eyebrows to assist in conversation, is a common mistake against which too much cannot be said. These seams continue to grow deeper with each year until they become fixed and dark, carrying with them the appearance of age and anxiety. By all means massage them with a good cold cream, using a rotary movement, and then practice talking minus the eyebrow accompaniment before your mirror, say a half-hour at a time. Persistence in this treatment will bring about its abandonment. Be careful not to draw the eyes into unnatural lines when laughing.

All peculiar grimaces, the lifting of one eyebrow, the peculiar twitch of any muscle of the face, are a menace to beauty. Cultivate placidity. Think good thoughts. Refuse to dwell upon the faults, sins or shortcomings of your neighbors. Don't take yourself too seriously, and wherever you go in the day's journey take with you hope, trust, love and happiness. In the beauty cult, a smile is the most necessary item in nature's note book.

SOME OF FASHION'S NEWEST FANCIES.

A note that is new in tailormades and also in a number of frocks is the upward tendency in front that occurs just above the waist. This is accentuated in a variety of ways, by cut, trimmings and such like, and although there is a chic about the movement, possibly because it is so essentially of the moment. It certainly tends to thicken the figure and to put defined waists more than ever out of court.

And equally electric is millinery. There is truly choice for all, as may be gathered from the newest models seen in the shops, which include some of the most bizarre toques, with mountainous crowns of puff silk, that have ever been promulgated. These, with great black velvet hats with sweeping brims and the now almost ubiquitous Henry VIII. beret, are the styles most directly in favor.

But following closely on their heels is a shape of fine straw, the brim of an extreme width in the front and at one side, which is swept right up off the face, and variously trimmed all round the summit with ostrich or marabout feathers.

Also a big bid for favor will be made by Niniche, effected in fine crinoline or chip, which is worn becomingly tilted over the eyes, and the brim at the back swept upward. This chapeau of charming silhouette is in direct contrast to many of the ugly eccentricities that are frequently labored in effect, and has its attraction immeasurably enhanced by a feathery arrangement of black tulle, black feather asprey and gammoth butterfly of real white lace. Or this model would look equally well in some pronounced shade of purple or green, everything in tone except the butterfly.

Try Sentinel Want Ads.

ROYAL BAKING-POWDER

Absolutely Pure

To have pure and wholesome food, be sure that your baking powder is made from cream of tartar and not from alum.

The Label will guide you

Royal is the only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

No Alum No Lime Phosphates

Head Decoration Grows More and More Eccentric

Oriental Turbans and Venetian Caps Cover Woman's Crowning Glory.

At the play the other evening the variety of ornaments worn in the hair of the women in the audience led one to believe that anything and everything in head decoration goes so long as it is highly eccentric.

There was gathered together an army of Turkish turbans, of jeweled Venetian caps, of brilliant eighteenth century aigrettes, and heaven knows how much more that was exactly beside the point as to time and place. One wondered whether they were in Paris, in Constantinople, or in the Venice of the Doges, and still more why women to whom nature had been generous in the way of "crowning glories" should choose to hide them under heavy eastern scarfs.

But hair arrangements, so it is said, lead a forlorn hope just now, because on them depends the success of an original get-up. People have discovered that an expensive creation may be copied cheaply and no one be the wiser—at a distance. The note of weirdness in modern chic is remarkably amenable. It does not demand for its expression the hang of priceless stuffs, but may be jobbed together quite presentably with the remnants of a bargain sale.

Since smartness ceased to be a matter of cut and grew into a semi-artistic, demi-Oriental affair of languid odds and ends, it became fatally easy to imitate. Anybody can play at being a cross between a Greek statue and a Hindoo goddess in wisps of cheap chiffon—and everybody does.

Where many women fall short of the mark, if they be not unto the experi-

sive manner born, is in the keeping up of the idea from top to toe. The latter may acquit itself honorably, but the top will be a failure. While women change the cut of their costumes they forget to change the arrangements of hair to correspond with the style of gown. The same marcelle pompadour will be wedded as irreversibly to the Hindoo idol trappings as once upon a time it graced the western outline. Only the patrons of the best dress-makers dare to be consistent throughout and will Orientalize their hair to match an eastern junic. Thus, by their exotic head dresses shall you know the sheep from the goats.

SOME SIGNS OF SPRING.

Cambridge City, Ind., Feb. 20.—A flock of meadow larks and robins and many grackles have already made their appearance in this locality. This is said by students of bird lore to be unusual in this latitude so early in the season, especially after a severe winter.

Beginners' class, Hanker's school, Thursday. 19-27

WINNING WAFERS



Perfection Wafers "P. W." on every cracker, Of Course.

500,000 Subscribers Wanted by



OUR EXPOSITION YEAR

1915

ARE YOU WITH US?

Overland Monthly

An Illustrated Magazine of the West SAN FRANCISCO FOUNDED BY BRET HARTE \$1.50 A YEAR

15c A COPY

THIS WEEK

I Will Surprise the People on

BATTENBERG SALE—At Half Price

On hand work battenberg, lunch cloths, stand covers, piano covers, buffet covers, sideboard covers, mantel covers, dresser covers, chiffonier covers and dollies.

LOOK! LOOK! LOOK! At the window display and you will be convinced. Remember the place

CUSMA T. DAVID

122 EAST WAYNE STREET.

Deposits made on or before the 17th of February

will draw interest from Feb. 1st.

Tri-State Loan & Trust Comp'y

Paid-Up Capital, \$300,000.00. Surplus, \$150,000.00

Assets Over \$4,700,000.00.

OUR CULINARY DEPARTMENT

MENUS AND RECIPES FOR HOUSEKEEPER'S DAILY USE

TUESDAY, FEB. 20.

Breakfast
Fruit
Cereal
Sausages
Baked Biscuits
Coffee

Lunch
Ham Salad
Fruit Puffs
Cocoa

Dinner
Lima Bean Soup
Stuffed Baked Herring
Boiled Rice
Apple Salad
Maple Custards
Cheese
Coffee

RECIPES.

Fruit Puffs
Cream together one-quarter of a cupful of butter and one-half cupful of sugar. Add two well beaten eggs, then, alternately, one cupful of milk and two cupfuls of flour sifted with one teaspoonful of baking powder. Stir in one cupful of mixed, seeded and chopped raisins and chopped citron; beat hard, fill greased deep cups three-quarters full and steam for three-quarters of an hour. Serve with any liquid sauce.

Maple Custards.
Beat together five eggs until very light. Stir in two-thirds of a cupful of maple syrup and a pinch of salt, then add one teaspoonful of vanilla and one pint and a half of milk. Strain into wetted cups, stand in a pan of hot water and make in a moderate oven until firm in the center. Serve icy cold.

The **PRASS** Shoe Store in Ft. Wayne Across From the Heidelberg The Shoe Store That Treats You Fair

CAN YOU AFFORD TO PASS THIS SALE BY?

The greatest bargains ever offered the people of Fort Wayne in the Furniture line.

Parlor Suits from - - - \$28.50 to \$100.00
Bed Room Suits In all varieties of woods from - - - \$17.45 to \$150.00
Buffets from - - - \$13.50 to \$100.00
China Closets from - - - \$14.48 to \$ 65.00
Dressers from - - - \$ 7.85 to \$100.00
Genuine Leather Couches - - - \$22.00 to \$ 50.00
Chairs, all kinds from - - - 69c to \$ 40.00

Compare our prices with the lowest cash price you can find anywhere, then come to us and you will find that you save big money.

Indiana Furniture Co.



Recital Hall This Week

Victor-Victrols

VAUDEVILLE Tuesday Evening

CONIC OPERA SONGS Wednesday Evening

Instrumental Concert Thursday Evening

New February Records Friday Evening

You are cordially invited Admission free. Programs mailed upon request.

PACKARD Music House

930 Calhoun

TRACES TREND TO THE ROUGH RIDER

Secret Screenshot is Said to Voice Business Boom for Roosevelt.

SURVEY OF THE FIELD

New York, Feb. 20.—Naming Theodore Roosevelt as the strongest candidate the republicans can nominate, what is styled a "candid and cold-blooded survey" of the present political situation was today widely circulated from this city in a pamphlet entitled, "A Democrat, La Follette, Taft or Roosevelt." While the author refuses to reveal his name, on the ground that he can anonymously be most frank and fair concerning the candidates, of whom he personally knows "nearly all—some of them very well," he is believed to be a leading member of the bar, who was one of the moving spirits in the opposition to a third term or General Grant in 1870. Politicians, who are speculating with interest on the source of this mysterious screed, are inclined to believe that it indicates a rising Roosevelt sentiment among professional and business men here, who are generally endorsing its opinions and appear not altogether in the dark as to its authorship.

Harmon, Underwood and Wilson, with Foss, Dix and O'Neal, are all treated in the analysis of democratic presidential possibilities that is made in the first pages of the pamphlet. That Ohio has been given an efficient, economical and sound administration by its governor, and that Underwood may "go very far, if he can reach his followers in the house of representatives both discipline and common sense" is asserted. Wilson, though impressive, is characterized as a "trouble-finder" and the author declares his belief in the story that a publishing house through Colonel Harvey deliberately started the Wilson movement to help sell its stock of books by the former Princeton president.

That the American people, "disappointed, jaded and exasperated by the exhortations, the denunciations and the legal turmoil of the last eight years, would embrace, from sheer weariness, any nominee the democratic party was likely to offer them," is asserted as the meaning of the prevalent prophecy by republicans that the next president will be "a democrat." The present democratic campaign is said to have not got far enough along to show that "the spell Mr. Bryan has cast upon the democracy is unbroken," while "intellectually the democratic party's faith in Mr. Bryan, or the fear of him, is a species of fetish worship." Nevertheless, it is noted that most republicans "feel that they have no easy task to win the next election, and that they must present their strongest candidate to be successful."

LaFollette, Taft and Roosevelt are set down in this pamphlet "survey" as "indisputably the only three persons generally considered as possible candidates for the republican party." The former is characterized as having "much which passes for eloquence in the market place." The author says that he does not know the Wisconsin senator and that those who do, say he is "a much more sober and powerful person, and has actually accomplished more valuable things" than he had supposed to be the case. He adds that he cannot see how LaFollette can possibly be nominated or elected by the republican party.

President Taft is the natural candidate of his party and has been a conscientious, safe and, on the whole, a good president, it is stated after a review of his administrative acts. That the president does not "seem to be sure of that fact-himself" and has been "traveling or campaigning again, all over the country, explaining, defending and almost apologizing for what he has done, winding up by expressing a doubt as to his own election," is set down as the main difficulty. Taft has the respect but not the enthusiasm of the people, the writer says, and adds that "it is not pleasant to appear to criticize a large, honest, loyal soul for whom you feel respect, and I have endeavored to be candid, to see things as they are, and we are discussing politics and the state of public opinion."

Quoting Lord Coleridge on Gladstone,

Women Appreciate

the value of good looks—a fine complexion, a skin free from blemishes, bright eyes and a cheerful demeanor. Many of them know, also, what it means to be free from headaches, backaches, lassitude and extreme nervousness, because many have learned the value of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

as the most reliable aid to better physical condition. Beecham's Pills have an unequalled reputation because they act so mildly, but so certainly and so beneficially. By clearing the system, regulating the bowels and liver, they tone the stomach and improve the digestion. Better feelings, better looks, better spirits follow the use of Beecham's Pills so noted the world over

For Their Good Effects

Sold everywhere, 10c. 25c. Women especially should read the directions with every box.

The new pamphlet applies to Roosevelt the following: "I have been long aware of his faults—in geological phrase—which run through the strata of his character. He is one of the greatest and, at the same time, one of the strangest men I ever knew—full of genius, knowledge, eloquence, power, high-mindedness of a sort, but little wisdom, and very little judgment, especially in men; but now and then—only now and then—he starts you by an observation showing the keenest insight into character. He is not really overbearing at all; but he is so impetuous, so brightly in earnest, so strong in talk, that it needs a very strong man to stand up to him; and though he tolerates (for he is, at bottom, thoroughly magnanimous), he does not like strong men, and, like many kinds of men, he is a little the worse for flattery."

As to Roosevelt's taking a third term, the writer states that he was one of those who formulated the opposition to a third term for General Grant, and cannot recall that at that time there was much said about the danger to our institutions in a third term. Washington never declared against a third term on any public ground, and Jefferson refused it only on the ground of weariness and age, it is pointed out. It is added, "What has all this to do with Roosevelt, a man in the prime of his years, ten and twelve years younger, respectively, than Jefferson and Washington at their retirement, a sound life, temperate in fortune, habits and everything except occasionally in speech."

Roosevelt's position about the judiciary has been very much misrepresented, it is asserted; he has never declared for what is known as the recall of the judges and his complaints of a certain line of decisions were only such as every lawyer has made in his time. Objections relating to his last administration have now been largely ameliorated, the writer believes, and business men who complained most bitterly then have found themselves no better off under his successor. "I have heard some important men even in Wall street wonder whether Mr. Roosevelt's work of enforcing the law, and making every one understand that it must be obeyed, having been completed, he could not now be trusted to build up, and take a more conservative tone," he adds. Growing confidence in the value of the ethical side of Roosevelt's character and of his courage, it is declared, makes him stronger before the people than he would have been four years ago.

"After a cold-blooded survey as I am able to give it," concludes the writer of this pamphlet, "I am convinced that Mr. Roosevelt is the strongest candidate the republicans can nominate; and therefore that it is his duty—if he thinks that party has under any circumstances a claim upon his services in return for the honors it has given him—to say that if he is nominated he will accept. He is bound in justice to Mr. Taft and to his

Prima Donna of "The Girl of the Golden West," Who Sings Role Here.



LOUISA VALLANI, SOPRANO.

By a singularly happy choice in the selection of his prima donnas for the Fort Wayne engagement of "The Girl of the Golden West," Henry W. Savage has conserved the interests of art and sentiment and has accomplished a great stroke of business as well.

The producer of "Madame Butterfly" and "La Tosca," in English, has undertaken his biggest work that of producing in English Puccini's latest and greatest work, "The Girl of the Golden West," and the selection of the singers who are to be entrusted with the interpretation of the masterpiece of modern Italian opera is in a sense the most difficult as well as the most important of tasks; for though an opera may be a work of transcendent genius, it will be come a horror in the hands of the inexperienced. Music, no matter how beautifully conceived, is never better than its interpretation, and the latest score by Puccini exhibits an almost Strauss-like opulence of new and strange harmonies and unusual and beautiful melodies. Mr. Savage therefore was slow to make contracts with singers and the announcement that he has secured as one of his prima donnas Louisa Vallani, will be to music-lovers of the United States evidence of the accuracy and art of his judgment.

Madame Vallani's vocal art represents the highest degree of perfection attainable in the Italian school—that most perfect of all schools, and the one whose laws are laid down by the singing of Tetrastini, Bonci, Caruso and Smerich. Combined with a beautiful natural voice, thorough training and wide experience on the operatic stage, Madame Vallani is an English scholar and speaks and sings this language like the native that she is. Thus in the selection of Madame Vallani, Henry W. Savage has shown his

usual sagacity from commercial point of view and his sense for the esthetic from the artistic point of view. Sentimentally the honor of being a prima donna of the first company ever to sing a successful grand opera in English on a purely American theme could not have fallen into more appropriate hands. Louisa Vallani was born in the far west. She is a native of San Francisco, in which metropolis Blanche Bates, who created the role when the plot was first presented in Belasco's melodrama, from which the libretto of the opera was taken, was also reared, and where she made her first stage appearance. The actress who created the role in the play was a Californian. It is peculiarly appropriate that the prima donna who will create the role in grand opera is also a Californian. She is the daughter of operatic artists well known in their day, not only in California, but throughout the United States. She is the granddaughter of Giuseppe Villani, a celebrated tenor. From her parents she received her musical education, the thoroughness of which is attested by the fact that four years ago she made her debut, at La Scala, Milan, that goal of all aspiring operatic artists, but the starting point of only the most gifted.

In the engagement of Louisa Vallani, Mr. Savage seems to have taken every necessary qualification into consideration. He has secured a celebrated singer, young, yet experienced, and gifted with a radiant voice; he has selected one in whom a love and sympathy for the great west was implanted in infancy, and yet one whose Italian parentage gives her a genealogical understanding of the aims and art of Italy's greatest opera writer, Giacomo Puccini.

Madame Vallani will sing the leading role at the matinee and Ivy Scott at the evening performance.

friends, so to declare himself, or else he must go into exile or some sort of imprisonment, for only so can his position be made resistless plain."

TRANSFERS OF REAL ESTATE

Compiled by Meller & Thompson, Abstractors, 725 Court Street.

CITY.
Vacation of alley between lots 17 and 18, Nussbaum, from Nussbaum avenue to alley south.

Opening of alley at west end of Nussbaum addition, from Nussbaum avenue to alley south.

Widening of Prospect avenue on south side from Spy Run to first alley east.

Straightening of a portion of Spy Run at its intersection with Kamm street.

Vacation of ten feet alley on north line of lot No. 1, Sturgis second addition.

Opening of an alley then south ten feet lot 1, Sturgis second addition.

Dedication of 12 feet alley 150 feet south of New Haven avenue, from Warren to Summer street.

Vacation of 6 feet alley on south line of Trentman and Monning's addition, from Hanna street to first alley west.

Emmett E. Wright to George W. Stopher, lot 18, Kuhne & Heaton's addition, for \$585.

Arnold G. W. Curdes to Emil and Emma C. Florent, lot 8, Burrows subdivision, F. O. L. S. for \$2,800.

Edward A. Chausse to Florence Waters, lot 47, Baites & Romy's addition, for \$1,000.

Helen Welkert to Florence Waters, lot 47, Baites & Romy's addition, for \$950.

William C. Moderswell to Martin F. W. Zimmerman, lot 2, H. C. Moderswell's subdivision, for \$1,800.

Julian Grosjean to Charles A. Wilding, east 5 feet lot 15, and west 29 feet lot 14, Electric Light addition, for \$2,000.

Charles A. and Pearl A. Wilding to Guy R. Bell, west 29 feet lot 14 and east 5 feet lot 15, Electric Light addition, for \$2,700.

Jesse Brosius to Mary Cunningham, west 14 1/2 feet lot 6 and east 14 1/2 feet lot 7, Clark's subdivision, for \$2,000.

Fred Meller to Julia M. Shannon, west 1/2 lot 182, Lewis addition, for \$1,600.

John H. Vesey to Federal Securities and Investment company, lots 21, 22, 24 and 26, J. H. Vesey's second addition, and lots 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 9 and 10, Dixon's subdivision, for \$3,500.

COUNTRY.
Charles Roberts to Joseph D. and Emma R. Trimble, west 40 acres northwest 1/4 southeast 1/4, section 7, 40 acres, Cedar Creek township, for \$4,200.

Frank J. Jull to John Lanan, east 1/2 northeast 1/4, (except east 11 1/2 acres northeast 1/4, northeast 1/4, and road), section 24, containing 63 acres, Perry township, for \$3,500.

Lacy O. Tomhate to W. J. Gardner, south 1/2 southwest 1/4, and south 1/2 north 1/2 northwest 1/4, section 14, Madison township, for \$16,000.

If you want Rugs go to The Pape Furniture Co.

2-5-cod-104

Spring Sale

Hosiery

For Men, Women and Children

Our stock of Hosiery is now most complete and comprises everything that is good. It is our constant effort to provide for our patrons hosiery that will give satisfaction. We have never before had better values than we offer now.



Made In Fort Wayne

Loyal people to their home city patronize home institutions. "Wayne-Knit" Hosiery not only deserves your patronage because it is made in Fort Wayne but because it is the best made anywhere.

- "Wayne-Knit" Hosiery for Women in cotton and lisle 15c, 25c, 35c and 50c a pair.
- "Wayne-Knit" Hosiery for Children 12 1/2c, 15c, 25c, 35c and 50c a pair.
- "Wayne-Knit" Hosiery for Men 25c, 35c and 50c a pair.
- "Wayne-Knit" Silk Hosiery, extra values, 50c and \$1.00 a pair.

Onyx Hosiery

America cannot make all the Hosiery needed to supply this great country of ours. The city of Chemnitz in Saxony is the center of the foreign hosiery industry and from there comes the celebrated "Onyx Brand."

- Gauze, Cotton and Lisle Hosiery, special values at 25c, 35c and 50c a pair.
- "Onyx Brand" Hosiery for Infants and Children, special values, 12 1/2c, 15c, 25c, 35c and 50c a pair.
- "Onyx Brand" Hosiery for Men, 25c, 35c and 50c a pair.
- Very extra values in Silk Hosiery for Women at 35c, 50c and 95c a pair.
- Fine Pure Thread Silk Hosiery for Women at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.25 a pair.

THE RURODE DRY GOODS CO.

ing paid up at the rate of \$1,000 a day, as the result of drastic action taken by the sheriff of Wyandotte county. When the period of grace expired the sheriff and his deputies started out with three moving vans and in a few hours the wagons returned to the court house loaded with office and household furniture worth, in each case, more than the amount of delinquent taxes.

There were 2,200 tax assessments delinquent for 1911 and about 5,000 others dating as far back as 1903. The taxes in each case ranged from \$1 to \$1,300. Each wagon deputy was furnished with a list of delinquents. When persons promised to pay up immediately nothing was seized, but where the delinquent taxpayer was ugly about it the deputies didn't wait for promises of any kind. They just estimated how much furniture would be needed to bring at auction the

amount of the taxes and loaded it on the wagon and went their way. Beds, chairs and desks, being easy to appraise, were seized first. In one office a handsome leather couch, which was used by the bachelor occupant, a lawyer, was taken. Several firms, who disputed tax assessments and feared a visit from the sheriff, obtained restraining orders in court.

The furniture that is not redeemed by the payment of taxes will be sold to satisfy the delinquency. Only one round-up was necessary to start the delinquents in, but a wagon is kept ready in front of the court house as a warning, and it requires four clerks to take the money as it pours in.

FOR RENT — Modern flat; steam heat, hot water and janitor service included. Inquire at Hof Brau.

Matinee dance, Thursday, Minuet, Mulqueen's.

20-26

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Layer Cake

is sure to be light, tender, evenly raised and of just the right texture if you use Rumford.

The most delicate flavors are not injured—Cakes are better in every way when you use

Rumford

THE WHOLESOME BAKING POWDER

The Best of the High-Grade Baking Powders—No Alum

Awnings of Every Description

For Store Fronts and Residences.

Sleeping porch curtains a specialty. Estimates furnished.

The Paul E. Wolf Bedding Co.,

619-621 Clinton St. Phone 404.

OUR GREAT SHOE SALE

Will continue until my ENTIRE STOCK Is closed out

THE CHAMPION SHOE REPAIRING COMPANY

will in the future devote all their time to the repairing of shoes, consequently these low prices.

\$2.50 Shoes, will be sold at	\$1.67	\$4.00 Shoes, will be sold at	\$2.37
Have just received some Oxfords which will be sold at		\$1.97 a pair	

CHAMPION SHOE REPAIRING COMPANY

190 EAST MAIN STREET

FAVOR CONTROL OF UTILITIES

Northern Indiana Shippers
Take Kindly to Com-
mission Idea.

BANQUET A SUCCESS

Manufacturers and shippers of Northern Indiana gathered about the banquet tables at the Commercial club Monday evening, adopted resolutions favoring the state control of public utilities and endorsed Governor Marshall's view that this power should be delegated to the Indiana railroad commission. Another resolution endorsed the lake-to-lake canal movement.

The gathering, held under the auspices of the Indiana Manufacturers' and Shippers' association, was a splendid success. More than one hundred men were present, with Charles S. Bash, president as toastmaster, and the addresses of the evening covered a wide range of topics of interest to shippers and manufacturers generally. Speakers included J. V. Zartman, of Indianapolis, secretary of the Indiana Manufacturers' and Shippers' association; Judge W. J. Wood, chairman of the Indiana railroad commission; J. E. Fredrick, president of the Kokomo Steel and Wire company; A. G. Cavins, of Indianapolis; E. M. Wasmuth, of Roanoke; Postmaster R. B. Hanna and Fred J. Thiem, of this city.

Local Branch Later.
Primarily the purpose of the gathering was the furthering of a plan for the formation of a local manufacturers' and shippers' association, auxiliary to the state association. J. B. Franke, of the Perfection Biscuit company, was named chairman of a committee for this purpose, and action will be taken at an early date.

Several of the visiting speakers complimented Fort Wayne upon the size of the gathering it was able to muster, and declared themselves in favor of bringing the next state convention to this city.

In the course of his remarks Mr. Zartman, the first speaker on the banquet program, reviewed somewhat the work of the Indiana Manufacturers' and Shippers' association in the matter of securing legislation beneficial to the shippers of the state, citing what is known as the shippers' bill of 1907, the car service bill, which he said saves Indiana shippers \$100,000 annually, increased powers to the railroad commission by which express rates have been placed under control. Particular emphasis was laid upon the case in which the express companies were last year prohibited from advancing the minimum charge from 25 cents to 35 cents. This advance, he said, would have cost the shippers of Indiana \$1,000,000 annually.

What of the Future?
"It may be," said Mr. Zartman in conclusion, "that we now have about all the legislation we need relative to common carriers. I do not know. If the railroad commission needs more power,

we are willing to assist it in getting it. We have worked very closely with the commission in the splendid work it has done. The people of Indiana are now enjoying many of the benefits of the commission's labors. It is amazing that the biggest robbers escaped till the last, but I want to say that they are now on the carpet, and that this expression is going to be straightened out. We are a conservative, business organization. The past has taught its lesson, the present has its duty and the future has its promise.

In presenting Judge W. J. Wood, chairman of the Indiana railroad commission, Mr. Bash took occasion to strongly commend the commission and its work, and his views were endorsed by liberal applause as Judge Wood arose to speak. Judge Wood's announced topic was "Control of Public Utilities," but he said he desired to preface his remarks with something regarding the railroad commission work, which had been the recipient of so many kindly references.

No Shipper Has Appealed.

Judge Wood referred briefly to some of the commission's work, and said that the attempt throughout had been to be absolutely fair to both the public and the corporations. He declared he found most cause for pride in the fact that no shipper had ever appealed from a decision of the commission. Passing from the question of rate control to the supervision of the physical road and equipment of the common carriers, Judge Wood referred to the fact that Indiana has a law such as is found in no other state—a compulsory block signal law. "The traveling public," said Judge Wood, "has the right not only to perfect service, but to the best safety appliances man can devise. There are 11,000 grade crossings in Indiana and 4,900 engines operating over them. We are trying to safeguard the public in every way possible." He told of the development of the block signal system for interurbans and said that as rapidly as possible it will be ordered installed on Indiana electric lines, as well as on steam roads.

Public Utilities Control.

Passing to the discussion of the control of public utilities, such as water, gas, street railroads, etc., Judge Wood said the very existence of corporations of this kind must be accepted as a practical monopoly, the theory of competition abandoned, and that any system of public supervision should recognize the fact that the public utility is a natural monopoly. He dwelt at some length upon the Wisconsin law, which provides for a corps of experts to assist the commission in supervising the utilities and in aiding them in supplying better service. Intelligent regulation of public utilities, he said, involves not only legal but great technical, engineering and statistical ability; and that any regulation not based upon a consideration of actual local conditions can not be fair and just to the public and the corporation alike.

"If that duty in Indiana should be placed upon the railroad commission," said Judge Wood in closing, "I do not think that body ought to say what the law should be. I believe Senator Fleming and other Indiana legislators, taking the acts of Wisconsin, Ohio and California as models, can frame a law that will meet the public demands and be of great benefit. I do not say we are anxious for the job—the commission is already staggering under the load of work with which it has had to deal, but in this stage of our state's development—at this crisis of business—I believe that public regulation of public utilities is necessary."

Liability Insurance.

J. E. Fredrick, of Kokomo, spoke at some length on the topic of employers' liability, referring at the opening to the recent Indiana act which bars as defense three old principles of law—the fellow-servant rule, contributory negligence and assumption of risk. He said that as a result of that law the liability companies had attempted to increase their rates in Indiana 40 per cent, and quoted statistics to show overwhelming profits made by the liability companies, while in point of fact only a small portion of what they actually pay in settling accident claims ever reaches the man who is injured. He declared his belief that the injured workman with a legitimate claim ought to get the money. As to a precise remedy for the present situation, Mr. Fredrick was not prepared to offer it, but was inclined to favor the organization of a liability company within the ranks of Indiana manufacturers to meet losses of this character, in the belief that they could thus save 50 per cent of the sum now paid in premiums on liability insurance.

Other Speakers Heard.

A. G. Cavins, attorney for the state association, spoke somewhat upon the legal aspect of employers' liability insurance. He declared that he had no intention of passing upon the validity of the new law in advance of the Indiana supreme court, but added that as he now saw it he believed there is little likelihood of the act being held unconstitutional. In present Indiana laws will not permit the formation of a mutual insurance company of this kind, Mr. Cavins said, the situation appealed to him as a good enough business proposition to warrant members of the association from going into the liability insurance business along lines identical with those of the old-line casualty companies.

Mr. Wasmuth spoke of the status of the manufacturer and shipper before the legislature, declaring that the level-headed business man was always welcomed by the members, who were seeking advice as to how they might best serve the people. Postmaster Hanna, the final speaker, emphasized the importance of united action by the shippers and manufacturers of Fort Wayne in securing reforms, and declared that so united they constituted a power that could not be denied.

Resolutions Adopted.

Resolutions adopted at the meeting were as follows:
"Whereas, It has recently come to the knowledge of this association that our governor has recommended a public utilities commission for the state of Indiana; and,
"Whereas, Our governor has very wisely indicated that in his judgment the railroad commission of this state should have charge of all public utilities and should supervise the same, be it
Resolved, by the members of this association assembled, That we endorse the actions and suggestions made by our governor in this matter and that we heartily endorse the acts of our railroad commission and the course it has pursued in all matters pertaining to the interests of the people of this state and we hereby affirm full confidence in the ability of the present railroad commission to take over this work which has been undertaken by our governor, believing that the present railroad com-

mission can successfully, impartially and ably supervise and carry out any and all recommendations made by our governor or legislative body looking to the future supervision and control of all public utilities in this state."

For Barge Canal.

The resolution adopted favoring the barge canal is as follows:

"We believe that a systematic construction of the inland waterways of the country, and a general improvement of our harbors are necessary for the proper development of the transportation system of the country."

"We believe that waterways are needed as aids to the railroads that the business of the country shall be adequately and properly done."

"We believe that waterways will bring competition to the railroads and regulate rates more effectually than can be done in any other way."

"We believe that the government of the United States should undertake, at once, the construction of the Trunk Line waterways, especially those leading from the middle west to the sea."

"In our opinion a waterway for big barges connecting Lake Erie and Lake Michigan would be of inestimable value to the nation."

"This waterway, in connection with the Erie canal and Lake Erie would form a trunk line barge canal, from Chicago to New York, furnishing a waterway between these two great cities, practically 1,000 miles long. It would cut off more than 400 miles of water route between these two cities. It would obviate the breaking of bulk in transit and would add at least thirty days to open winter season, between Chicago and New York. Therefore, be it

Resolved, By the body assembled that we approve the building of this very important waterways connection between Chicago and Toledo, via Fort Wayne, and endorse the action of the present commission, which is promoting this enterprise."

ORDER ONE DOZEN BRIDES.

Twelve Michigan Men Inmate Matrimonial Market.

Seattle, Wash., Feb. 20.—The largest matrimonial order ever received in the city came from Lansing, Mich., addressed to Marriage License Clerk Claude F. Gage. It called for twelve brides for a like number of Michigan men ranging from 35 to 50, and ready to begin house-keeping on some of Western Washington's logged-off land as soon as exigencies permit.

"We want the land and we want the wives," ran the letter. "The land question we have already taken up."

WATCH RUNS 106 YEARS.

Beats the Ninety-year Record of "Grandfather's Clock."

Whitesburg, Ky., Feb. 20.—After ticking faithfully for a hundred and six years, during which it has accurately kept the time for succeeding generations in one family, a watch belonging to John W. Wright has just been repaired for the first time and has started on another century.

This beats the record of "grandfather's clock," celebrated in song, which went "ninety years without slumbering, tick, tick, tick."

AN UNWILLING WITNESS.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 20.—Edward L. Wayman, said to be the organizer of the so-called bath tub trust, who has been on the stand a considerable portion of the time since the government's criminal proceedings against the alleged combination began here Feb. 6, gave further testimony when court resumed today. Wayman is referred to as an unwilling witness, is the government's most important witness so far in this case.

CURE FOR ECZEMA.

Discovery That Cures Eczema, Pimples and All Other Skin Diseases and Blemishes.

Hokara is recognized by the medical profession as an ideal treatment for eczema, pimples, blackheads, salt rheum, ulcers, freckles, acne, barbers itch or any other skin disease.

It contains no grease or acids, is clean, easy to use and is a true food for the skin, cleansing the pores and making the skin soft, white and beautiful.

This remarkable preparation is being sold in Fort Wayne by the Fort Wayne Drug Co. at the low price of 25c for a liberal jar. Larger sizes 50c and \$1.00.

If Hokara does not give satisfaction or do all that is claimed for it, you may return the empty jar to the Fort Wayne Drug Co. and they will refund your money. If you have any skin trouble, you cannot spend 25c to better advantage than for a jar of Hokara.

POINTS ON PLUMBING.

Good plumbing is necessary to good health.

Graceful fixtures are necessary to bathroom beauty. Good plumbing throughout the house means comfort and sanitary security. If your plumbing has not these qualities, let us replace with "Standard" guaranteed plumbing fixtures.

Changing water pipes for water meters promptly attended to.

M. F. NOLL.

Phone 570.

Cor. Lafayette and Jefferson Streets.

STORM COATS, 1/2 Price.

SHIELDS

WOLF & DESSAUER

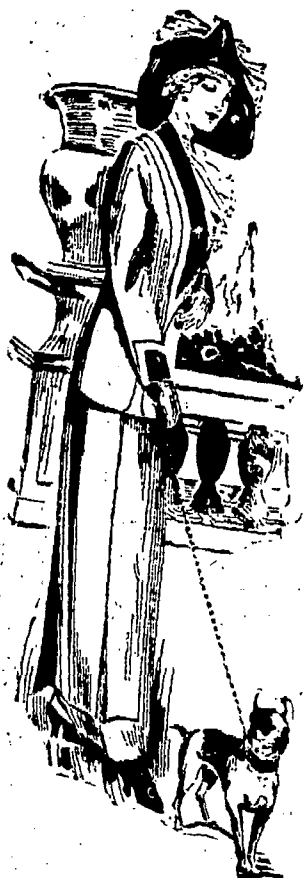
What Is To Be Worn This Spring? Our Spring Exhibit of Coats and Suits

Is The Most Authentic Answer!

The fashion-makers of Paris and our own country have established the new styles for Spring. It is our pleasure to invite the women of Fort Wayne and vicinity to inspect our initial display of these new things—to get an advance look thru the opening door of Fashion's domain.

For those women who like to have "first pick" of authentic, smart styles sure to lead the fashions, here is good news:

Upon the advice of the foremost style experts we have gathered an



Early Display of Women's Suits, Skirts and Coats for the Spring of 1912.

Pre-eminent among them are the famous **Wooltex** garments, made as no other ready-to-wear suits, coats and skirts are made—of such good materials and so well tailored that the makers freely guarantee two full seasons' satisfactory service.

Styles, colors and combinations for various types and complexions.

Be Sure to Read "THE GIRL OF THE GOLDEN WEST"

By David Belasco.

If you are going to the opera. On sale at book department, on First Floor.



NEW BURLAP PILLOW SLIPS.....25c

Among the many new things shown by the Art Goods Department are some Burlap Pillow Covers that are special values at 25c. These covers are ready made, and come in tan, brown and green burlap artistically stenciled and outlined with braid. Exceptional values at.....25c each

DAINTY NEW UNDERMUS- LINS

SLIP-OVER GOWNS, made of extra quality material, with square yoke and short sleeves effectively trimmed with the new rope lace; regular \$1.25 values. Special.....98c

SLIP-OVER GOWNS, very dainty and pretty with Irish crochet yoke, neck and sleeves, trimmed with Irish edging; very special value at.....\$1.50

ESTELA DRAWERS—A new style, made very full, yet plain and perfect-fitting about the waist and hips; trimmed with fine lace and embroidery.....\$1.25 and \$1.

IS HELD FOR DEADLY TREAT.

Farmer Gave Friend Horse Medicine in Mistake for Whisky.

Lancaster, Pa., Feb. 20.—The deadly mistake which Thompson Hanna made a few weeks ago, when he tried to be sociable, but gave John Reilly medicine intended for a sick horse instead of whisky, has resulted in the Chester county court indicting him for manslaughter.

Hanna, who is a prominent farmer in

BECOMES A LAWYER AT 65.

Trenton Justice of the Peace Passes Satisfactory Examination.

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 20.—Capt. John

Schoenthaler, of this city, who is nearly 65 years old, received word that he has passed his examination as an attorney.

Capt. Schoenthaler enrolled in the Jefferson university, at Hammond, Ind., thirty-three months ago. He became a justice of the peace a few years ago and decided that a knowledge of the law would be a great help to him, and his efforts were crowned when he received word of his graduation.

Try Sentinel Want Ads.

GUARANTY HELPS BANKS.

San Antonio, Texas, Feb. 20.—Twenty-five new state banks have been organized in Texas since Nov. 1, the beginning of the guaranty fund year. During the same period seven state banks have liquidated.

The new banks have paid into the guaranty fund \$28,215, and those liquidating have withdrawn \$7,150, showing a net gain of \$21,065, making the total guaranty fund of 41 state guaranty banks in Texas \$881,273.

Catarrh of Stomach

Indigestion, Gas and Heaviness Quickly Ended.

If you went to thirty doctors and paid each his fee for a prescription for indigestion or stomach misery it is ten chances to one you wouldn't get such a good prescription as the one from which MI-ONA stomach-tablets are made.

How can such a thing be? you naturally ask.

Simply because the man who wrote the prescription from which MI-ONA tablets are made knows more about stomach diseases than 98 per cent of all the physicians in America, and he gets paid for knowing.

And when you get a large box of tablets made from this doctor's prescription for only 50 cents are you going to continue to suffer? Sold by Meyer Bros. Co., Four Drug Stores and druggists everywhere. And if they do not banish indigestion, Catarrh of the stomach or any stomach distress you can have your money back.

Notice to the Public

For some reason or other our name was omitted from the Home Telephone book. We are notifying the citizens that we have a stock of hard coal mined by the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Co., the largest producers of hard coal in the United States.

Our stock of soft coal, consisting of Jackson, Massillon, West Virginia, Hocking and Pluto Cannel cannot be excelled in their burning qualities.

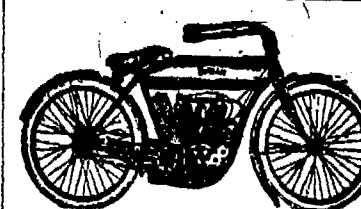
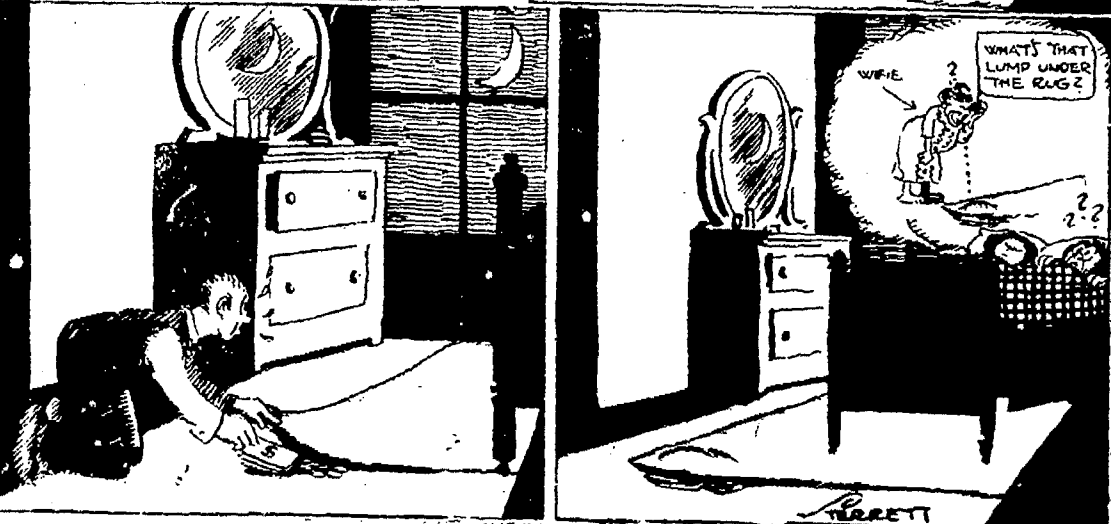
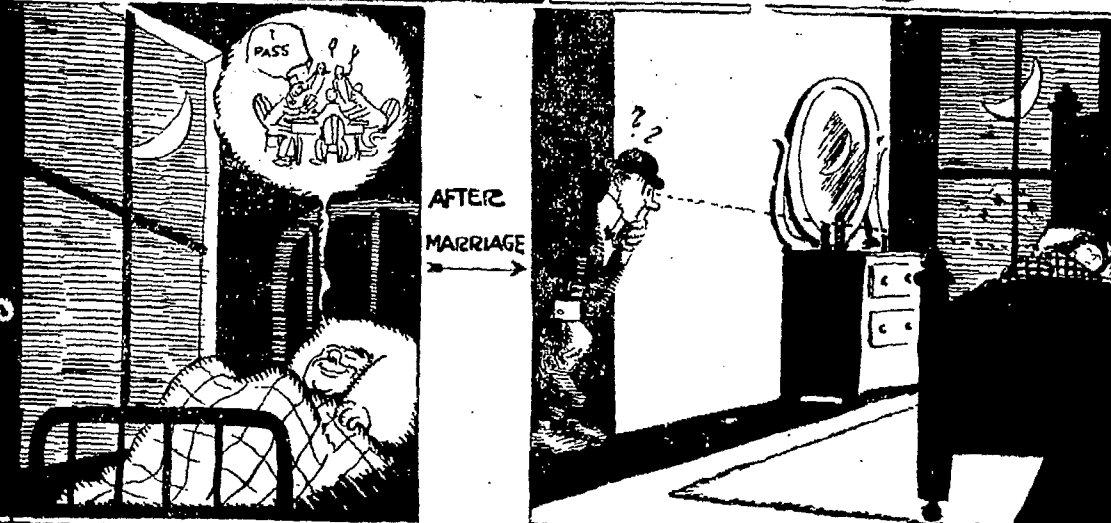
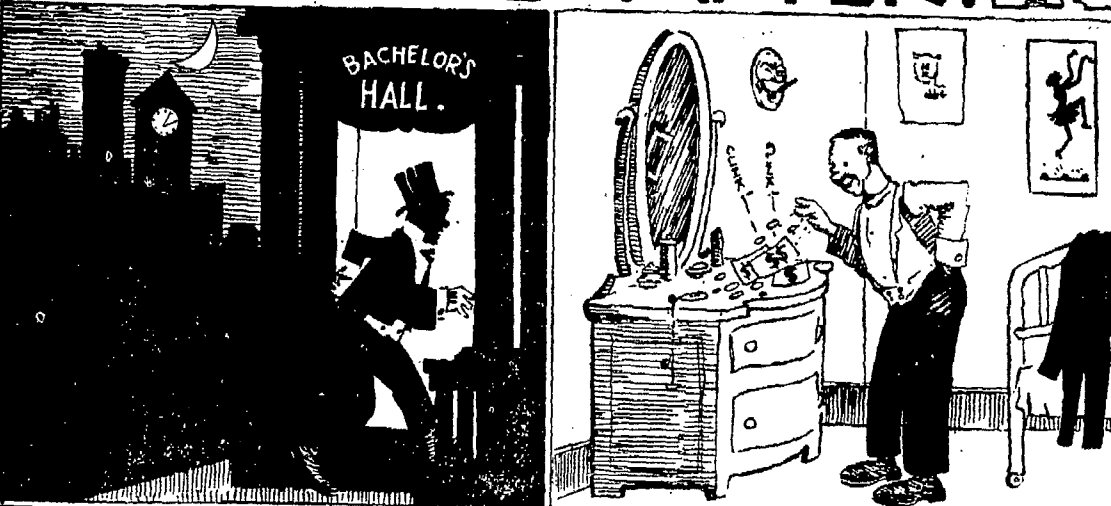
We also carry a large stock of coke, charcoal and kindling. According to our arrangements with the Telephone company, the operators will cheerfully give you our number. If you order coal from the Canadian Coal Co. and same is delivered by another in the mistake will be duly investigated and you will receive a half ton of our very best soft coal free. We do not know who is working against us, but in this way will find the origin.

KANADIAN COAL CO.

1430 Hanna St.
Home Phone 1388. Bell Phone 426.

KELLER'S
Fort Wayne Trunk and
Leather Company.
115 East Berry Street. Phone 2260.
See Our Line of Stationery.

BEFORE AND AFTER.



1912 Indian and R-S Best Motorcycles Made— The Riders Favorites.

4 H. P. Magneto and Free Engine Clutch.....\$200
7 H. P. Magneto and Free Engine Clutch.....\$250
These new Indian and R-S 1912 machines are presented as containing more value, dollar for dollar, than any other motorcycle manufactured. To insure prompt delivery of motorcycles, orders should be placed now.

We also carry a full line of Bicycles and Tires.

Indiana Bicycle and Supply Co.

Everything for Motorcycle, Bicycle and the Rider.
Yes, we do repairing. Charges moderate. 111 West Washington Blvd., corner Calhoun St.
For Sale—A few good second-hand motorcycles cheap.



It is Ofttimes the Unexpected That Happens!
When Unprepared the Emergency Frequently Materializes!

We Are Not Alarmists
Only

Speakers of Truths!
Don't Let the Fire Alarm Sound Without

A Fire Insurance Policy
In Your Possession!

Aden & Pugh & Thong

QUALITY OR QUANTITY

Which Do You Prefer?—Newbro's Herpicide Represents Quality.

Did you ever have a dealer offer you a large bottle of something and tell you it was a better remedy for the hair than Newbro's Herpicide and cheaper because it is a larger bottle?

What? Certainly we knew you had. Many other people have, too.

What would you say to that same dealer were he to tell you a silver dollar was worth more than a five-dollar gold piece because it is larger?

Such an attempt being a reflection upon your good sense you would probably say some rather pointed things to him. You would be justified. Your self-respect would demand it.

Well, there are just as many good reasons for the difference in size between bottles as there are for the difference in size between the silver dollar and the five dollar gold piece.

The truth is that the large bottle isn't half large enough.

There is more virtue in a half pint of Newbro's Herpicide than in a gallon of some of the so-called hair preparations.

There is a dollar's worth of results in the bottle of Herpicide, but do you know what is in the other? —

No? Then why buy it? Your judgment, intelligence and the experience of your friends, if not your own, cry out against it.

You know when you go into that store that Herpicide is what you need and want.

You KNOW that Herpicide is the original scalp prophylactic.

You KNOW that Herpicide kills the dandruff germ.

You KNOW that Herpicide stops falling hair.

You KNOW that Herpicide makes the hair light, fluffy and beautiful.

You know these things in the same way you know that the five dollar gold piece, notwithstanding its size, is more valuable than the silver dollar.

Then insist on having genuine Herpicide.

One dollar size bottles are sold and guaranteed by all druggists.

Applications obtained at the best barber shops and hair dressing parlors.

Send 10c in postage or silver for sample and booklet to The Herpicide Co., Dept. R., Detroit, Mich. Bradley Bros., 627 Calhoun, Special Agents.

Political Announcement.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Fort Wayne Sentinel: Please announce that I will be a candidate for Prosecuting Attorney (second term) of Allen county, subject to the decision of the voters at the democratic primary.

HARRY H. HILGEMANN, 2-19-12

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce to the readers of The Sentinel that I am a candidate for County Commissioner for the Third district of Allen county, subject to the decision of the voters at the democratic primary.

WILLIAM C. SCHWIER, 2-19-12

Editor Sentinel: Please announce to the readers of The Sentinel that I am a candidate for County Commissioner for the First district of Allen county, subject to the decision of the voters at the democratic primary.

RAYMOND J. MOUREY, 12-12-12

Kindly solicit my support.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce my name as a candidate for County Commissioner for the First district of Allen county, subject to the decision of the voters at the democratic primary.

ALBERT J. BLACK, 12-27-12

Editor Sentinel: Please announce to the readers of The Sentinel that I am a candidate for County Commissioner for the Third district of Allen county, subject to the decision of the voters at the democratic primary.

BENJ. F. EICK, 2-19-12

Editor Sentinel: Please announce to the readers of The Sentinel that I am a candidate for Sheriff of Allen county, subject to the decision of the voters at the democratic primary.

JOSEPH F. GETZ, 2-3-12

Editor Sentinel: Please announce to the readers of The Sentinel that I am a candidate for Sheriff of Allen county, subject to the decision of the voters at the democratic primary.

A. C. PLAUGH, Wayne Township, Div. 1-13-12

Mr. Editor: Please announce that my name will be submitted as a candidate for sheriff of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic voters at their coming nominating primary.

JOSEPH F. GETZ, 2-3-12

Editor Sentinel: Please announce to the readers of The Sentinel that I am a candidate for Sheriff of Allen county, subject to the decision of the voters at the democratic primary.

A. C. GLADIEUX, 1-16-12

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Fort Wayne Sentinel: Please announce that I will be a candidate for Coroner of Allen County, second term, subject to the decision of the voters at the democratic primary.

DR. EDWARD H. KRUSE, 2-3-12

Bring Your Money Troubles to Us

We can loan you enough money to put you on your feet. Enough to get rid of the small worrisome bills which you find it hard to meet.

We loan on Furniture, Pianos, Horses and Wagons, etc. without removal. 50c per week pays a \$25 loan in 30 weeks.

ALL OTHER SUMS IN PROPORTION.

OUR NEW METHOD of making loans does away with old-time red tape and makes it a very simple matter to open a credit account with us.

Fort Wayne Loan Co.

Established 1896.

Room 2, 2nd Floor, 706 Calhoun St. Home Phone, 333.

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

WAS FAVORITE IN OLDEN DAYS

Baltimore Scene of Many Historic Political Conventions.

COMING BACK AGAIN

Washington, Feb. 20.—Baltimore, the democratic convention city for 1912, was once the "convention city of the United States." The original national political conventions were held there in 1831 and 1832, by the anti-Masons, the national republicans and the democrats.

For the first time, in those years, the political parties named their presidential candidates in national conventions. The anti-Masons nominated William Wirt, of Virginia; the republicans, Henry Clay, of Kentucky; and John Sergeant, of Pennsylvania; the democrats, Andrew Jackson, of Tennessee, and Martin Van Buren, of New York.

The anti-Masons met in convention first, in September, 1831, in the hope of compelling the republicans to give up Clay and accept the anti-Masonic candidates. The following December the republicans met and named a ticket and adopted a platform pronouncing for internal improvements, protection and the United States bank. President Jackson had been renominated by his friends in the New York legislature in 1830, but the national convention of the democrats did not meet until March, 1832, to ratify this action.

The nomination of Martin Van Buren for the vice presidency was due, historians say, to the vengeance of John C. Calhoun. Van Buren was nominated at Baltimore by the democrats in 1835, being President Jackson's choice for a successor. He was elected.

The democratic national convention of 1840 met in Baltimore and renominated Van Buren. A strict constructionist platform, denying the power of congress to carry on internal improvements, protect manufactures, charter a national bank or interfere with slavery in the states was adopted. William Henry Harrison, the whig candidate, was elected.

That was the campaign in which log cabins and hard cider played an important part. They were said to be typical of Harrison's frontier life. The whig attacks on Van Buren's financial policy were not met, and democratic electors were chosen in only two northern and five southern states.

Clay and Polk.

In 1844 the whigs met in Baltimore and nominated Henry Clay and adopted a loose constructionist platform advocating a national currency, a protective tariff and distribution of surplus revenue among the states.

The same year the democrats met in Baltimore and nominated James K. Polk, of Tennessee, and again adopted a strict constructionist platform with an article demanding the reoccupation of Oregon and the reannexation of Texas. Most of the delegates had pledged to Van Buren, but he was bitterly opposed by many southerners who did not like his views on the Texas question.

The chances of Van Buren were destroyed by the adoption of the two-thirds rule, which has stood from that day to this and is the one thing that the Woodrow Wilson democrats fear at the coming convention in Baltimore. Van Buren had a good majority, but not two-thirds.

The two-thirds rule had been used in two former democratic conventions, but it was fixed upon the party in 1844. The name of Van Buren was withdrawn after eight ballots and Polk was nominated.

The two-thirds rule, which put Van Buren out of the running, was adopted by the southern delegates for that purpose.

The democratic party made the fight, and won with the slogan, "Annexation of Texas, the tariff of 1842 and the whole of Oregon or none, with or without war with England." The whigs seemed to be in the lead, however, until a letter from Clay appeared in which he tried to conciliate southern democrats by saying he would be "glad to see" the annexation of Texas take place at some future time. This letter cost Clay New York and the election.

The democrats met in Baltimore in 1848 and named Lewis Cass, of Michigan, and William O. Butler, of Kentucky. Zachary Taylor, as the whig candidate, won, getting a majority of the electors in both the free and the slave states.

In 1852 the democrats and whigs met in Baltimore. The democrats nominated Franklin Pierce, of New Hampshire, and William R. King, of Alabama, and the whigs Winfield Scott, of Virginia, and William A. Graham, of North Carolina.

The Great Party Split.

In 1860, on April 32, the democratic convention met at Charleston, but broke up in a row. The party was split by the refusal of the northern democrats to agree to the demands of the southerners. Both factions adopted strict constructionist platforms and declared in favor of a Pacific railway and for the acquisition of Cuba. The democrats divided on the Dred Scott decision.

They adjourned without nominating a candidate to meet again in Baltimore on June 18. The northern, or Douglas, democrats outnumbered the southern democrats at the Baltimore convention and nominated Stephen A. Douglas, of Illinois, and Herschel V. Johnson, of Georgia.

The seceding democrats, most of them southerners, met in Baltimore on June 28 and named John C. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, and Joseph Lane, of Oregon.

The constitutional union party, the old American, or "know nothing" party, had met in Baltimore on May 19 and nominated John Bell, of Tennessee, and Edward Everett, of Massachusetts.

The republicans met in Baltimore in 1864 and nominated Abraham Lincoln and adopted a platform declaring everlasting war on slavery.

The democratic convention of that year was held in Chicago, and named George B. McClellan, of New Jersey.

In 1872 the democrats met in Baltimore and nominated Horace Greeley, of New York, who had been named earlier by the liberal republicans in Cincinnati.

That was the last national convention held in Baltimore.

See our line of Lormond Seamless Rugs. The Pape Furniture Co. 1-8-eod-10t

INDIAN MAIDEN PLAYS GIRLHOOD SONGS AND DANCES.



PE-AHM-E-SQUEET

Pe-ahm-e-squeet, or Floating Cloud, is a real Indian maiden who is now visiting in Eastern Massachusetts.

She is devoting her time here to making speeches, dancing Indian dances and playing the Indian songs which were taught her when she roamed about the Western camps with other little Indian girls.

"Perhaps, after all, the white man is not to blame for not knowing the true talent of the Indian," said Pe-ahm-e-squeet, "for the Indian never sings when the white man is within hearing distance."

NEAR 200 WOMEN ARE POSTMASTERS

Fifty-three of Them in the First or Second Class Offices.

ONE HAS \$3,300 SALARY

Washington, Feb. 20.—Simply because Mrs. Gustave A. Root—no relation to

"Sweatnomore" Stops Sweating Feet

Sweatnomore antiseptic powder stops at once the excessive sweating of the feet. It destroys the bad odor that is so annoying, the first real remedy for this purpose, and is guaranteed satisfactory.

Attention, please! I cannot help letting you know what "Sweatnomore" did for me, because after suffering with foot troubles for 25 years I am now a cured man. First, it stopped excessive sweating and destroyed all bad odor. Second, it relieved the soreness and itching, so I could walk home with ease after a day's work, and last, but not least, my shoe bill has been cut in two. Respectfully,

John A. Schmidt, 47 Notre Dame Ave., Dayton, O. Your druggist has "Sweatnomore" or can easily get it for you whole sale. Try it and your suffering will cease. Free trial package mailed upon receipt of two-cent stamp.

The Sweatnomore Powder Co., Dayton, Ohio.

Another well known woman postmaster is Mrs. Helen D. Longstreet, of Gainesville, Ga. Mrs. Longstreet is the widow of Confederate General Longstreet, and was appointed to her present position a short time before his death. She never fails to attend the conventions of postmasters, and always takes a deep interest in them.

On one of these occasions Mrs. Longstreet was called on to make a few remarks. Protesting that she had not come prepared to say anything, she started out and became so interested in the subject that she talked for an hour and a half.

But she is not the only woman in charge of postoffices in Georgia. There are nearly 20 in that state. Among the larger offices in Georgia in charge of women are Albany, Dublin, Gainesville, Lagrange, Newnan, Tifton and West Point. Mrs. Susie M. Atkinson at Newnan is the widow of former Governor Atkinson, of that state.

Theodore Roosevelt gets his mail from a postoffice presided over by a woman. Miss Florence Bayles, acting postmaster at Oyster Bay. She only recently succeeded another woman, Miss Annie Larabee, who died last summer. Miss Larabee was postmaster at Oyster Bay for nearly twenty years, and Miss Bayles was the assistant for eighteen years. Roosevelt signed the petition indorsing Miss Bayles for the place. The office pays \$2,100 a year.

Other large postoffices presided over by women in New York state are at Garden City, Mount Kisco, Sag Harbor, Tompkinsville and Walton.

Mrs. Eva M. Marshall is postmaster at Flagstaff, Ariz. She was first appointed in 1906; she had been a teacher.

There seems to be a disposition to put women in charge of postoffices of college towns. Miss Clara S. Hill, at Amherst, is one of the most active postmasters in the country. At Stanford university in California Mrs. Calla J. Westfall is the postmaster. Miss Caro-

Are you aware you never can err By selecting Queen Bees As your daily fare?

"My, but these little crackers are good."

Hungry boys and girls are always glad to have

Queen Bee Wafers

Right eating is of first importance in the making of bright, fully developed boys and girls—keen in mind and sturdy in body.

These crackers contain the essential nourishment growing children demand. Keep a supply in the house and let them eat all they want.

Craig Biscuit Co. Fort Wayne, Ind.

ANNIVERSARY SALE

NOW ON

EXTRAORDINARY OFFERINGS

For the rest of the month there will be bargains in every department, something doing every day with special features and Bargains for each day.

Special for Tomorrow--Bar Pins, Brooches and Belt Pins.

Special Thursday--Feb.-22--Rings

Special Friday--Feb.-23--Watches

Special Saturday--Feb.-24--Diamonds.

Monday, Feb. 26--Clocks.

Tuesday, Feb. 27--Cut Glass.

Wednesday, Feb. 28--Souvenir Spoons.

Thursday, Feb. 29--Silverware.

For these special days there will be no limit to our supply, the quality will be guaranteed on each and every article we sell, and the price, well, just

WATCH OUR WINDOWS

or better still let us show you. No trouble to show goods.

J.H. Young

917 Calhoun Street

Jeweler and Optician

line E. Hall is the postmaster at Swarthmore, Pa.

Miss Mary S. Parish is postmaster at Huntsville, Texas; Carrie S. Hoke, at Taylor, Texas. At Casper, Wyo. Mrs. Lizzie McDonald is the postmaster.

An effort was made at one time to have the widow of Senator Carmack, of Tennessee, made postmaster at Columbia, in that state, but after a bitter contest a man was selected.

Wear the "Lion" collar, sold only by Patterson-Fletcher Co.

Buy Gasoline of the Auburn Garage, 12c a gallon. 126 Washington Blvd. West. 3-20-12

FIRST LA GRIPPE. THEN BRONCHITIS.

Such was the case with Mrs. W. S. Bailey, McCleary, Ky. "My wife was taken down with a severe attack of la grippe, which run into bronchitis. She coughed as though she had consumption and could not sleep at night. The doctor's medicine gave her no relief and I was advised to try Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. The first bottle gave her so much relief that she continued using it and three bottles effected a permanent cure." Mr. W. S. Bailey says he is prepared to answer all inquiries promptly.

For sale by Drier Drug Co.

Rugs and Rugs at The Pape Furniture Co. 2-6-eod-10t



We deliver the goods FREE. Our new auto delivery car at your service.

THE ONE PRICE STORE

Dry Goods, Millinery, Coats, Suits, Dresses, Waists, Skirts, Rugs, Curtains and Shades.

THE PLACE TO SAVE MONEY

The Hinman Co.

THE BUCKEYE'S BIG CLOTHING SALE

is now on 819 CALHOUN ST.

Sentinel Want Ads. Pay.



Get Ready

For spring house painting. We have the Lowe Bros.' High Standard Liquid and Paste Colors. Get a color card.

The H. Pfeiffer & Son Co., 107-109 E. Columbia St.

SHOP AND RAILROAD NEWS

BUILDING TRADE BECOMING ACTIVE

Warm Weather Starts Work and Contractors Are Getting Busy.

WABASH PLACES ORDER FOR ENGINES

Will Get Thirty Freight and Switch Locomotives—

Shop News.

The advent of warm weather has increased activities in the building line in the city and contractors and dealers in building material say that the prospects for a big spring and summer business in their line were never better. All the dealers, acting upon this opinion, are laying in a big supply of building material of all kinds. Lumber yards are being stocked up and there seems to be plenty of lumber at the mills in the states from whence it comes. S. D. Roush, the contractor, is getting the material on the ground for a two-story cement block store building at the corner of Smith and Pontiac streets for C. M. Menefee and the City and Suburban Realty company is getting the material on the ground for a \$5,000 bungalow on Florida drive. As soon as the frost leaves the ground every contractor in the city will get busy, it is said, and in the number of dwelling houses erected the summer of 1912 will beat all previous summers.

TO INCREASE FACILITIES

Pennsylvania Hires Shopmen and Puts on Night Force.

The output is to be materially increased at the Pennsylvania shops, as indicated by the addition of a night force in some of the departments. Last night the blacksmith shop put a "slabbing" gang on to work nights until otherwise ordered. Peter Spanley has charge of the gang, which is composed of C. Dolan, Ed. Wisniewski, P. C. Fredericks, J. E. Szink, H. Roebuck and U. E. Trane. Yesterday three machinists and five helpers were added to Foreman Hogan's department and today four others were examined and will probably report for work tomorrow. All will work in the night gang under Foreman Gus Roepke. The men who took employment last night were Machinists J. B. Palmer, C. H. Holmes and G. C. Snyder and Helpers W. Reber, H. Claude, E. VanHorn, C. B. Moore and W. J. McCormick.

CRESTLINE YARDS BLOCKED.

Detained Cars and Heavy Business Do It.

The Crestline yards were blocked for several hours early this morning and passenger trains due at that point from midnight were delayed there from two to four hours. There is an accumulation of freight at Crestline, nearly all of the sidings being full of cars, and to make matters worse, No. 25, the Chicago express, had its baggage car and a coach derailed in transferring from one track to another at the west end of the yards, tearing out a cross-over switch and completely blocking the main tracks. Fortunately nobody was injured. Westbound passenger trains affected by the blockade were No. 25, the Chicago Express; No. 15, the Chicago Special; No. 29, the eighteen-hour train, and No. 5, the limited. All passed through the city at 8 o'clock or soon thereafter, being from two to four hours behind their scheduled time. The accident happened on the Eastern division, only a few rods from the beginning of the Western division.

AGENTS TO MAKE DEMANDS.

Will Ask for 15 Per Cent. Increase in Salaries.

New York, Feb. 29.—The demands for a general increase in wages of 15 per cent., which the delegates representing 2,000 station agents, freight agents and ticket agents, have formulated at the biennial convention of the Order of Railroad Station Agents, now in session here, will be presented on April 1. No trouble over the adjustment of the demands is anticipated by the men in the

railroad order. The delegates were the guests today of the Lackawanna railroad and viewed the New York harbor and the railroad terminals.

HAD NARROW ESCAPE.

Head of Conductor Houlder Collides With Car.

Martin L. Houlder, the Nickel Plate conductor, has his head swathed in bandages at present, as a result of an accident which might have cost him his life. While clinging to the side of a car that was being pulled by an engine in the yards at Knox Friday, Mr. Houlder was struck by a coal car and knocked from the car he was riding. One of the projecting bolts on the gondola cut a gash three inches long in Mr. Houlder's scalp, but fortunately did not fracture the skull. Conductor Houlder will probably be able to resume work in a few days.

ORDERED THIRTY ENGINES.

Wabash Managers Getting Ready for More Business.

The Wabash management has placed an order for thirty freight and switch engines to be delivered as soon as possible. This order is in addition to one placed some time ago for twenty-five engines, ten of them passenger locomotives, which is being filled now. Four engines on this order were delivered to the company at Toledo today, making fifteen that have been received. All are being put in service as rapidly as they can be adjusted and tested.

MUST BE RIGHT SIZE.

Can't Charge Extra for Larger Cars Than Ordered.

Washington, Feb. 29.—Railroads are required, by an order issued by the interstate commerce commission today, to furnish shippers cars of the dimensions ordered within six days. If larger cars should be furnished at the expiration of that period, the charges for transportation shall be exacted on the basis of the minimum weights of the smaller cars. By this order shippers will be protected from excessive charges through the use of cars larger than are necessary for the shipments.

CONDUCTOR KELLER HURT.

Slipped Off Caboose Steps, Sprained Back and Chest.

Yesterday P. M. Keller, a freight conductor on the Pennsylvania road, fell off the steps of his caboose at Bucyrus, O., and sustained painful injuries to his shoulder, chest and back. He was given first aid by the company's surgeon at Bucyrus and later received attention from the surgeons in this city. Mr. Keller did not go to the hospital.

WILL CLOSE THURSDAY.

Most of Shops to Observe Washington's Birthday.

Washington's birthday is to be observed generally this year. All the shops, including the railways, will be closed, notwithstanding the very busy times in them. Orders to this effect will probably be posted on the shop bulletin boards tomorrow.

LOST HIS MONTH'S EARNINGS.

J. K. Russell, a Pennsylvania freight freeman, suffered considerable financial loss in a little railway accident last Friday night. He was with Engineer C. P. Lake, on an eastbound train, which was flagged at Atwood by Engineer Hoffman, of a westbound train, one of whose cars was derailed and which, it was feared, might have been thrown over on the eastbound tracks. Fearing a collision was inevitable, Russell jumped from the cab and lost an envelope containing his earnings during the month of January, which he had received from the paymaster a short time before. He was unable to find the cash.

INVESTIGATING ROBBERY.

J. B. Sollitt, special agent for the Wabash, was in the city yesterday looking into the robbery of the company's baggage room. Entrance to the room, according to Detective Sollitt, was made by springing the lock and the cash drawer was pried open with a chisel. Mr. Sollitt believes that the thief was familiar with the situation at the baggage room and knew when the money could be found in the cash drawer.

NOONDAY MEETINGS.

The Railroad Y. M. C. A. shop meetings this week will be conducted as follows: Wednesday noon, Pennsylvania round house—Rev. E. W. Montgomery. Third Presbyterian church; Thursday noon, Pennsylvania machine shop—Rev. E. M. Todd, of the West Jefferson Street Church of Christ; and Friday noon, Pennsylvania east car shops—Rev. P. T. Potts, superintendent of the Rescue Home and Mission.

IN BUSINESS OUT WEST.

Walter Liggett and Fred Freuchte, former machinists in the Pennsylvania shops, are now said to be conducting a very profitable jewelry business in Los Angeles. Mr. Liggett has been out west several years and Mr. Freuchte went there about eighteen months ago.

FORCE BADLY CRIPPLED.

The force in the shipping department of the Fort Wayne Electric works, where business is heavy, is somewhat crippled at present by sickness and personal injuries. Andrew Jacobs, the packer, is still off with a broken arm and Joseph Lights, William Obdrick and Joseph Hilleke are sick and off duty.

FOREMAN HOGAN OUT.

Foreman Hugh T. Hogan, of the Pennsylvania machine shop, appeared on the streets yesterday with his right arm in a sling, the first time he has been out since the accident which resulted in the fracture of his collar bone. It will be some time before Mr. Hogan

will be able to resume charge of his department.

ANKLE BONE BROKEN.

Brakeman E. H. Pollock stepped upon a piece of coal, which turned under his foot, when he alighted from a Pennsylvania train at Dola last Sunday. As a result one of the bones of the ankle was broken. He was taken to St. Joseph's hospital, where the company surgeon attended him.

TAKEN TO HOSPITAL.

Machinist John Offner, who was injured in the arm yesterday by a wedge flying out and striking him, was more severely hurt than he supposed. He was taken to the hospital yesterday and will be treated there a few days.

CARPENTER IS INJURED.

C. H. Shuster, a carpenter who is employed by his father, Foreman Henry Shuster, of the Pennsylvania carpenter department, sustained most painful injuries yesterday, when he stepped upon a substance which rolled under his foot and sprained his ankle.

REPORTED FOR DUTY.

A. Wiegand, who had a knee hurt February 3; L. V. Casso, who had an eye injured ten days ago, and J. L. Barry, who had been sick three weeks, reported for work at the Pennsylvania shops this morning.

BECOMES A FIREMAN.

Clarence H. Lapp has been transferred from the Pennsylvania shops to the road service as a fireman. He will commence his new duties in a few days.

INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

Harry Shives, hammersmith at the Bass shops, is on duty again after a short illness.

J. J. O'Neil, M. A. Haslop, A. C. Klenke and J. Johnson, Pennsylvania shopmen, are sick and off duty.

J. F. Szink, who had an arm broken six weeks ago, reported for duty at the Pennsylvania blacksmith shops yesterday.

H. G. Sheffer landed on his left hand with a hammer yesterday, badly bruising the member. He is off duty as a result.

Louis Weisenburg, for two years a helper in the Bass blacksmith shop, resigned this morning and will take up other work.

Capt. Harry Clark, Pennsylvania claim agent, with headquarters at Pittsburgh, has returned to that city after a Sunday visit with his family.

Supl. J. C. Sullivan, of the Wabash, who spent the night here, left this morning for a trip over the Toledo division on the local freight train.

E. W. Courtland will return to Michigan to work and A. J. Corbin will return to his old home, Bradford, Pa. Both had been employed as flue-makers in the Pennsylvania shops.

J. W. Cline, president of the International Association of Blacksmiths and Helpers, estimates that the strike last autumn on the Harriman lines, exclusive of the Illinois Central, cost the men who struck about \$900,000 in wages.

M. Fenecher, of the Pennsylvania blacksmith shop, suffered a double accident yesterday afternoon. One of his toes was bruised by a piece of iron falling upon it and one of his eyes was burned by a hot scale getting into it.

There are now in service on the Pennsylvania lines east 588 steel coaches, 68 steel dining cars, 99 steel passenger and baggage cars, 78 steel baggage cars, 94 steel postal cars and 710 steel Pullman cars. In addition, there are being built 251 steel coaches, 31 steel passenger and baggage cars and 104 steel Pullman cars.

Chief Dispatcher James Callahan, of the Eastern division of the Nickel Plate, has been the guest of Fort Wayne friends for a few days. He resides in Conneaut, O. For many years Mr. Callahan was connected with the Western division of the road, his latter service here being in the capacity of night chief dispatcher.

Louis Colchin, a Baltimore and Ohio flagman, running in and out of Chicago Junction, Ohio, was the guest of his sister, Mrs. Daniel Petgen, yesterday. Mr. Colchin has been in the hospital at Garrett four months and has not yet recovered from a surgical operation performed there. He will go to Florida the latter part of this week to remain until he is able to resume work on the road.

The Huntington papers tell of the heroic rescue of a little two-year-old child by Brakeman Riley Hughes, of the Wabash. Hughes was riding in the cab when he saw the little one on the tracks and he immediately climbed over the engine to the pilot and lifted the child up just as the pilot was about to hit it. The little one was unharmed. For this act Hughes got thirty credit marks in the department record.

Mrs. Sarah Platt-Decker has decided not to be a candidate for United States senator in Colorado. Any accomplished shopper, such as Mrs. Platt-Decker, says the Kansas City Times, must realize that the price of a Colorado senatorship is too high.

NOW OPEN



Our new South Branch is open and anxious to do business with you.

We are also at home to all callers at the old stand. We invite all South Siders to show their neighborly spirit and do business with us.

4 per cent on deposits on our Savings Department and on Certificates.

German-American Trust Co.

Home Office South Branch Court St. Cor. Calhoun & Holman

REBATING CHARGED IN FEDERAL INDICTMENTS

(Continued from Page One.)

\$5,000, or imprisonment of not more than two years, or both, for a person guilty of such violation.

Inquiry Long in Progress.

Inquiry into the case has been in progress for more than a year. Large sums of money are said to have been involved in the alleged rebating. It is asserted that during the theatrical season of 1909-10, Hynicka was paid \$9,292 by the roads, and during 1910-11, \$9,677.

During 1909-10 the federal investigators alleged Fennessy received \$8,661. He is not accused of being a party to the alleged rebating during 1910-11. The manner in which these rebates are said to have been granted is alleged in the indictments, as follows:

In the summer of 1909 the officials of the Vanderbilt lines operating west of Buffalo and east of the Mississippi river sought the business of the Columbia Theatrical Amusement company and of the Empire Circuit company, the headquarters of both of which were in New York city. The corporations operate burlesque theaters east of the Mississippi river and together control about 75 theatrical companies averaging thirty people each. These companies are transported each week and each aggregate of their passenger fares is large. Officials of the Vanderbilt lines, it is charged, conferred with Hynicka, who is a director of the Columbia company, and with Fennessy, who is secretary of the Empire Circuit company, at their Cincinnati offices with a view to getting this passenger business. The lawful rate was two cents a mile for theatrical companies.

Agreed to Rebate Fares.

After several conferences it was agreed to, according to the charges, that the Vanderbilt lines would refund to Hynicka and Fennessy for their respective corporations 25 per cent of the lawful fares of their various companies in consideration for their influence in giving to the railroads the business.

It is charged further that Hynicka thereupon organized the Cincinnati Railroad Program Advertising company and contracted for space in theater programs in Cleveland, Toledo, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis and other cities. This space, it is alleged, was used by Hynicka to display an advertisement of one of the Vanderbilt lines, for which he paid the publishers regular prices—ranging from \$2 to \$7 a week—and received from the railroads 25 per cent of the fare of the theatrical company transported that week to the city where the advertisement was published. In some instances, the railroads inserted on their own account advertisements in the theater programs for which they paid as low as \$2 a week, it is charged.

It is asserted by the commission that similar irregularities appeared in the payments by the roads to Fennessy, who is alleged to have collected the amounts for the Empire Circuit company. The rebating device was precisely the same in both cases, it is charged, except that Fennessy frequently received free an allotted space in a theater program which he used to advertise one or more of the railroads, receiving therefor the 25 per cent refund on the transportation charges against his companies.

PROBING CASH REGISTER CASE.

Cincinnati, Feb. 29.—Rumors that the special United States grand jury, in session here this week, is considering the affairs of the National Cash Register company to ascertain if it has violated the Sherman anti-trust law, gained grounds around the United States court here today. The visits of attorneys who represented the company at the time of the civil suits, the instructions to the jury by United States Judge Hollister, and the presence of O. E. Harrison, special assistant to Attorney General Wickersham, all have added weight to the reports. The grand jury is expected to finish its investigations not later than Thursday.

The company and twenty-eight of its officials and employees were parties to the civil suit by the United States in which it was charged that they had conspired to stifle competition, and urged that they be restrained from illegal methods tending to crush out competition. The defendants have not yet had a hearing in this action.

It was said that much of the testimony gained by the government in the civil action had been presented to the present grand jury.

Judge Hollister, in his instructions, went into the Sherman anti-trust law at length, explaining the different phases of it. It was his only special charge. Minor indictments were returned in several counterfeiting and white slave cases, but the greatest secrecy is maintained about the further work of the jury.

LOANS \$10 TO \$100

TO OWNERS OF FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, OR IF YOU HAVE STEADY EMPLOYMENT.

Realizing the need of an up-to-date firm where worthy people can obtain small loans QUICKLY, PRIVATELY, CHEAPLY, and without being subjected to the red tape and delays practiced among regular loan companies and at rates never quoted before, we are here to offer you such superior advantages as to compel your patronage.

CAN YOU BEAT IT?
\$10—YOU PAY BACK \$11.50.
\$15—YOU PAY BACK \$17.50.
\$25—YOU PAY BACK \$26.00.
\$50—YOU PAY BACK \$55.00.

Long Time—Easy Payments.
Loans Made in Interurban Towns.

Guarantee Loan Co.

ROOM 403 BASS BLOCK.

811 Calhoun St. Phone 3248.

Between Berry and Wayne.

Take Elevator to Fourth Floor.

Office Hours—9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Saturdays Till 8:30 p. m.

THE LONE BANDIT TAKEN BY SLEUTH

Cool Hand Who Did Artistic

Job on B. & O. Train in the Toils.

HE IS A RAILWAY MAN

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 29.—A man giving the name of F. A. Becker was arrested near Altamont, W. Va., early today in connection with the robbery of the Pullman car passengers on the New York & St. Louis express of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad last night.

The man had \$135.37 in money, four watches, said to correspond with those taken from passengers, and two revolvers. He was lodged in jail at Doyser, W. Va.

The suspect claimed that another man gave him the money and other valuables found on him.

He was taken by a Baltimore & Ohio policeman at a watering station a short distance east of Altamont. He had just alighted from an eastbound freight train.

According to information received at the executive offices of the B. & O. he had secured \$170 in cash, a check for \$50 and five watches valued at about \$200.

The railroad police and regular authorities are still searching the country about the scene of the holdup with the idea that the robber may have had an accomplice.

LONE BANDIT ALL ALONE.

Keyser, W. Va., Feb. 29.—F. A. Becker, under arrest here and charged with holding up the Baltimore & Ohio express last night, is about 35 years old and is a freight brakeman on the road. He lives at this place and was arrested at Forty Mile water station, nine miles from Piedmont.

He was found sitting beside a fire near the tracks and was arrested by Lieut. Kennedy, of the Baltimore & Ohio police. Becker was immediately searched and the money and watches found upon him corresponded to description of the property taken from the passengers. As the holdup occurred in the state of Maryland it is said Becker will be turned over to the authorities of that state.

SEARCH FOR BANDIT.

Wheeling, W. Va., Feb. 29.—Railroad detectives and county authorities early today began scouring the country between Piedmont, W. Va., and Altamont, Md., in search of the young bandit, who last night held up and robbed the New York and St. Louis express on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, on what is known as the 17-mile grade between these points. The robber was masked and the only description the authorities had of him is his general appearance, gleaned by frightened trainmen and passengers as he relieved them leisurely of their valuables.

The young man boarded the train at Keyser, Piedmont, and while the train was slowly climbing the grade made his appearance in the rear sleeper. Calmly drawing a revolver from his pocket he covered the Pullman conductor, the porter and the flagman, who chanced to be in that part of the train. He compelled the flagman to walk in front of him and arouse the sleeping passengers, of whom there were fourteen. Quickly he demanded their valuables and, frightened and scarcely awake, they freely gave him of their store.

Cool, Polite and Firm.

Those who hesitated were politely reminded that time was short and that it would be wise to comply with his request without unnecessary formalities. When he had gathered loot to the value of about \$600 he had completed his work, and the train had reached the top of the hill at Altamont. Then the robber dashed to the rear of the train, still holding the trainmen under his revolver, and leaped to the ground. In a moment he had vanished in the darkness, and it is believed took to the mountains.

Some of the frightened trainmen recovered their senses and endeavored to quiet the passengers, who were in an uproar, while others sought in the darkness for the bandit, but he had disappeared, leaving nothing but a vague description by which the railroad officers might hope to find him.

The railroad division headquarters at Grafton, W. Va., and Cumberland, Md., were notified by wire of the hold up and officers were hurried from the nearest points to the scene of the robbery.

Every town along the line and in that section of West Virginia and Maryland was notified to be on the lookout for the bandit, but no tangible clue had been found early today.

Worked Without Haste.

The man worked quietly, but with what appeared to the passengers, who took time enough to observe him, without haste. He had fired his revolver when the entered the train, and a number of women fainted when he approached them, but he robbed them as quietly as he did the men and gave no heed to their condition. He gave no evidence of being disturbed by the panic in the car and collected valuables and money with care.

After the hold up the train was delayed for a short time and then hastened on its way to Cincinnati and St. Louis, by way of Parkersburg, W. Va., over the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern. The passengers, physically, were none the worse for their experience.

Scores of railroad detectives and a number of sheriffs from counties in the immediate vicinity of the robbery are scouring the mountains in the hope of finding the young bandit, but little could be accomplished during the night and early morning hours and the searching parties out over the surrounding country. The opinion is held in some quarters that he remained near the scene until the first train came along and is now far away.

Victims and Their Losses.

Among the robber's victims and their losses were the following:

Miss Elizabeth Flynn, New York city, \$13 in cash and \$50 check; H. C. Chambers, Hagerstown, Md., \$40 and a \$15 watch; Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Lawrence, of Hamlin, N. C., watch worth \$25 and a fountain pen; T. S. Funkhauser, Hagerstown, Md., \$2; Frederick Menz,

MME. MAETERLINCK PRAISES AMERICA



MME. MAURICE MAETERLINCK.

Mme. Maeterlinck, wife of the Belgian poet, has left our shores for home. Her last words were that she deplored leaving "your beautiful America."

"Everything in America is very wonderful, but your little flats are the final word in completeness and convenience," she said. "I regret profoundly that I may not carry one, all assembled, to Nice, where my husband is living, that he may enjoy the comfort of it."

Mme. Maeterlinck then paid glowing tribute to the beautiful women of this country, the audiences that attend its dramatic and operatic performances and its finished appreciation of all art.

Mme. Maeterlinck said also that the art atmosphere of Boston was equal to that of Paris or Vienna.

Cincinnati, Feb. 29.—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. L. Bond, Chillicothe, Ohio, \$20; Pullman Conductor E. C. Hubbell, \$25 cash and a \$75 gold watch; Porter W. L. Scott, \$15.00 and a \$45 watch; Brakeman H. Shingleton, a gold watch.

CHARGES AGAINST RIOTERS.

Sullivan, Ind., Feb. 29.—Charges of rioting have been filed against four Hungarian miners, incident to the attack made on the hotel at Jackson Hill mine No. 4, kept by Mrs. Julia Back-sha, a Hungarian woman. There were ten men in the mob armed with rails, and every window in the hotel was broken. The woman is in a critical condition from fright. The attack was the result of a feud between two factions of foreigners at the mining camp.

NATAL STATISTICS.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Spice, of Spy Run avenue, a girl. Mrs. Spice is at the Lutheran hospital.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Whiting, 1011 Monroe street, a daughter.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hirsberger, 1710 Lanterier street, a daughter.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Glen Hake, of 318 East Williams street, a boy.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Anthony J. Allgeier, 536 East Leith street, a girl.

Special Fish Dinner served every day from 11 to 2, during Lenten season, at Hof Brau. 25c.

The Earth and Insurance Men Sell Their 360 Acres for \$30,000.

Monroe W. Fitch & Sons sold their 360 acres in the Saginaw valley, two miles from Mt. Pleasant, Mich., to William Saxon. He will move with his family to the farm within the next thirty days permanently.

Eugene M. Fitch returned from Mt. Pleasant yesterday evening, having closed the deal with Mr. Saxon Monday at that place. Price paid by Mr. Saxon, \$30,000.

E. C. Rurde continues to improve rapidly from his recent illness and is now able to walk about his home.

FOR RENT—Store room, 1215 Calhoun St. Get key next door, at mission. 20-22

You Cannot Enjoy

Life's Pleasures

In Ill-Fitting Shoes

For the reason that a poor fit—a cramped foot—takes all of the sunshine out of your disposition.

App Shoes

build up a happy disposition because they fit and give perfect comfort.

M. APP

DID LINCOLN TRICK JURY?

Old Court House, Scene of "Almanac Trial," Still Standing.

FACE OF MOON VITAL

Bloomington, Ill., Feb. 20.—Still standing in Beardstown, the county seat of Cass county, is the quaint old court house which was the scene of the "almanac trial." Abraham Lincoln's most famous case. On the front wall of the old court house is an iron plate which bears the inscription.

The Beardstown Woman's Club erected this tablet Feb. 12, 1909, in memory of Abraham Lincoln, who, for the sake of a mother in distress, cleared her son, Duff Armstrong, of the charge of murder in this hall of justice, May 7, 1858.

It was a murder case in which, it has been asserted, Lincoln introduced an almanac of another year to prove that the moon was not in the position that the state's attorney contended that it was on the night of the murder, Aug. 27, 1857.

Capt. W. H. Weaver, of Petersburg, heard the trial and knew all the jurymen, recalls that Lincoln passed the almanac among the jurors for their inspection.

T. W. McNeely, a former congressman and now master in chancery of Menard county, was admitted to the bar only ten days before the murder. He returned from the scene of the crime in a buggy, driving ten miles, and he remembers distinctly that there was no moon, as contended by Lincoln.

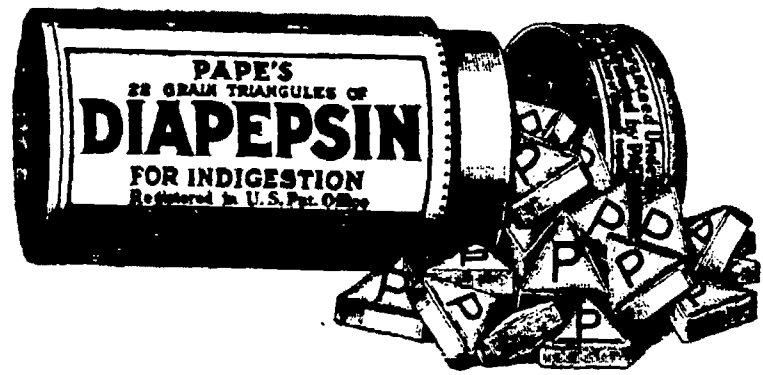
The Armstrong murder occurred while Lincoln and Douglas were opposing candidates for the senate. Lincoln was then in the fullness of his powers. The accused man was the son of a poor widow, and Lincoln defended him without a fee. It has been said persistently, and as persistently denied, that Lincoln cleared his client by a trick, by producing an almanac of an earlier date from his pocket. Another version of it was that he cut a leaf out of an old almanac and substituted it for one of the year of the trial.

One of Lincoln's biographers treats it as a joke and says: "In the laugh that followed the sudden confounding of the witness with the almanac no one thought of looking at it."

Joshua Garber, of Crane Creek, Men-

EAT CABBAGE, ONIONS OR SAUSAGE WITHOUT DREAD OF INDIGESTION

No misery-making gas, heartburn or sour, upset Stomach if you will eat a few Diapepsin occasionally.



Do some foods you eat hit back—taste good, but work badly; ferment into stubborn lumps and cause a sick, sour, gassy stomach? Now, Mr. or Mrs. Diapepsin, get this down: Diapepsin digests everything, leaving nothing to sour and upset you. There never was anything so safely quick, so certainly effective, so difference how badly your stomach is disordered you will get happy relief in five minutes. But what pleases you most is that it strengthens and regulates your stomach so you can eat your favorite foods without fear.

Most remedies give you relief sometimes—they are slow, but not sure. Diapepsin is quick, positive and puts your stomach in a healthy condition so the misery won't come back.

You feel different as soon as Diapepsin comes in contact with the stomach—distress just vanishes—your stomach gets sweet, no gases, no belching, no eructation of undigested food, your head clears and you feel fine.

Go now, make the best investment you ever made by getting a large fifty-cent box of Diapepsin from any drug store. You realize in five minutes how needless it is to suffer from Indigestion, dyspepsia or any stomach disorder.

and county, who knew Lincoln intimately, says he recalls that Lincoln got the almanac from a spectator in the court room who had been provided with it with instructions to produce it when Lincoln should ask for one; that he turned over the leaves with an uncertainty calculated to convey the impression that he had never seen the record before, and then, finding what he was looking for, called the attention of the jury to the apparent absence of the moon on the night of the murder.

One of the jurors, J. T. Brady, still living at Pomona, Cal., told Attorney J. N. Gridley after the trial that the almanac was examined by the judge, jury and prosecuting attorneys and that he himself was certain that it was all right; that Allen, one of the witnesses, made a mistake in his testimony concerning the position of the moon, and that this was all that saved the accused man.

Mr. Gridley tells of an incident which determined him to investigate the almanac story.

"About forty years ago," he said, "I heard a conversation between two persons in Beardstown who were unknown

NOW APOLOGIZES FOR "JUDAS KISS"

Shaker's Ward Very Sorry He Caused Arrest of Brackin.

FOR WOMAN'S DEATH

Kissimmee, Fla., Feb. 20.—The arrest of Elder Egbert Gillette, head of the Shaker colony here, on the charge of killing a woman member of the sect to end the pain brought by disease, was caused by William Brackin, a ward of Gillette, and he has written to Gillette an apology for the "kiss of Judas" and an appeal to be received back into the Shaker fold. He blames a woman for his act.

While the people of Oseola county and of Kissimmee and St. Cloud—the two cities nearest the Shaker settlement—are at one in declaring that the holding of Gillette under bonds after a grand jury had declined to indict him is mere persecution, the man himself is little interested.

He spends his days making the settlement lands productive, and his nights on his knees trying to decide whether or not to forgive the man who betrayed him and welcome him back to the fold.

Six years ago, Sadie Marchant was a patient at the sanitarium of Dr. Ennis at Narcoossee, four or five miles from the Shaker settlement at Ashton. The sanitarium closed and she was without a home. No one offered to take her in, and those to whom she applied for the privilege of pitching her tent on their ground turned a deaf ear to her entreaties. The Shakers heard of her plight and sent for her. During the year which followed she lived alone in her tent on the lawn. She was not a Shaker and took no part in their routine of life. She was the ward of the colony.

Miss Marchant, who was about thirty years old when she came to the settlement, grew steadily worse and finally tuberculosis, from which she suffered, made her helpless. Egbert Gillette, who had been a nurse before he became a Shaker, had her moved into the house and undertook to care for her himself. Nearly a year he nursed her, aided by Eldress Elizabeth Sears.

Some time before the progress of her illness made it necessary for Miss Marchant to abandon her tent William Brackin, who had been a resident at several Shaker colonies in the north, and whose appeal for readmission had been turned down by the heads of those settlements, wrote to Gillette asking that he be received by the Florida branch. He was then in Schneidat, N. Y. Gillette sent Brother Ezra Stuart, who looks after the business affairs of the Florida colony, to Schneidat to get Brackin. Upon his arrival at Ashton Brackin was welcomed as a father might welcome a prodigal son.

Brackin found living at the colony a woman of the same stature as himself, a novice to the order. She was Mrs. Jessie Hunkstead.

The time came when Miss Marchant was near to death, Gillette suffered with her and determined to aid her. What he did is best told in his own words: "I knew Sadie Marchant was dying, and in a frightful pain. That an effort to prolong her life would bring only a few minutes more of torture for her was evident. I had purchased two ounces of chloroform, and after telling her what I proposed to do I administered this. It was not enough, and she was still begging for relief. I rode to St. Cloud, four miles, and purchased six ounces more of chloroform. A portion of this I administered, and she passed out of the body."

It was evident from Gillette's words that his action had been as simple as his language. He made no effort to conceal what he had done, and he believed that every member of the colony approved his action. Then the sheriff appeared and placed him under arrest, also, taking into custody Elizabeth Sears, the eldress. How the sheriff had gained the information on which he acted was not known then.

Gillette made a simple confession, and a coroner's jury held him on the charge of willful murder. No action was taken by this body with regard to the guilt of the woman.

After Gillette had been committed to jail without bail and after habeas corpus proceedings had failed to free him, his case came up before the grand jury last November, and that body,

The Boston Store

Special White Goods Sale

Embroidered Flouncings, the Best Line in the City to Select From. SEE THEM IN OUR NORTH SHOW WINDOW

- | | |
|---|--|
| 18-in. Embroidered Flouncings at 35c a yard; worth 45c. | Ladies' Drawers at 25c, 39c and 50c. |
| 18-in. Embroidered Flouncings at 39c a yard; worth 50c. | Ladies' White Underskirts from 50c to \$3.00 each. |
| 27-in. Embroidered Flouncings at 44c a yard; worth 50c. | Ladies' Corset Covers at 25c, 39c and 50c. |
| 27-in. Embroidered Flouncings at 79c a yard; worth \$1.00. | Ladies' Princess Slips at \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$1.75. |
| 27-in. Embroidered Flouncings at 98c a yard; worth \$1.25. | Corsets, good values at 50c and \$1.00. |
| 27-in. Embroidered Flouncings at \$1.19 a yard; worth \$1.50. | Ladies' White Shirts at 98c; worth \$1.25. |
| 45-in. Embroidered Flouncings at 79c a yard; worth \$1.00. | |
| 45-in. Embroidered Flouncings at 98c a yard; worth \$1.25. | |
| 45-in. Embroidered Flouncings at \$1.25 a yard; worth \$1.50. | |
| 45-in. Embroidered Flouncings at \$1.50 a yard; worth \$1.75. | |
| 45-in. Embroidered Flouncings at \$1.79 a yard; worth \$2.00. | |
| Corset Cover Embroidery at 25c and 30c a yard. | |
| All-Over Embroidery at 50c, 79c and 98c a yard. | |
| Galloons and Bands to match at special low prices. | |
- ### Muslin Underwear Specials
- Ladies' Night Gowns at 50c, 75c, 89c and \$1.00 each.

SPECIAL
5,000 yards Black and White Checked Calico at 4c a yard; worth 6c.
5,000 yards 30-in. Silk Finish Foulard at 8½c a yard; regular 15c quality.

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Wm. Hahn & Co.

We Want Your Electric Supply & Fixture Business
You need not send out of the city for such material now. We carry an immense stock and can take care of your wants promptly.
THE PROTECTIVE ELECTRICAL SUPPLY CO.
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THE REAL ESTATE SECURITY BANK FOR YOUR SAVINGS

LOANS
Money When You Want It
Interest Six Per Cent.
No Commission.
PAY AS YOU PLEASE.
OWEN N. HEATON, President.
ERNEST W. COOK, Secretary.

THE BANK LOCATED OPPOSITE THE POST-OFFICE

4% INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS

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'3 '3.50 '4 & '5 SHOES
All Styles, All Leathers, All Sizes and Widths, for Men, Women and Boys.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS

THE NEXT TIME YOU NEED SHOES give W.L. Douglas shoes a trial. W.L. Douglas name stamped on a shoe guarantees superior quality and more value for the money than other makes. His name and price stamped on the bottom protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes. Insist upon having the genuine W.L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute.

HOW TO ORDER BY MAIL. Shoes Sent Everywhere—All Charges Prepaid.
If you are not sure of your size, send direct to factory. Take measurements of foot as shown in model. State style desired: size and width usually worn; plain or fancy; leather, rubber, or light sole. If you like the shoe, we will order business in the world. W.L. Douglas, 152 Spring St., Boston, Mass.

Call at W. L. Douglas Store, 818-820 Calhoun St.

WHEN OTHERS FAIL

Consult **Dr. Wenger** Specialist

Dr. Wenger is a European and American hospital and private practice experience for all desperate Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases of Head, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidney, Stomach, Heart, Bowels, Bladder, Blood, Skin, Eyes, Ears and Sexual Diseases. KIDNEY AND URINARY—Weak back, pain in side, abdomen, bladder, sediment in urine, brick dust or white, painful urination, Bright's Disease and all diseases of the Bladder.

PRIVATE DISEASES—Gleet, Gonorrhea, Inflammation, Discharges, Stricture, Weakness of Organs, Syphilis, Hydrocele, Varicocele and kindred troubles quickly restored.

LOST MANHOOD and all its attending elements, both young, middle-aged and old men. The awful effects of early indiscretions producing weakness, nervous debility, night emissions, exhausting drains, pimples, rashiness, loss of energy and weakness of both body and brain.

CANCERS, TUMORS, PILES cured without knife or pain.

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Dr. N. R. Wenger
1008 Calhoun St., FORT WAYNE, IND.

to me. One was telling the other that he was a spectator at the Armstrong trial, heard a witness for the state testify that the defendant assaulted the victim at 10 o'clock at night; that the moon was directly overhead, that it was as light as day, and that as he stood nearby he saw Armstrong strike the victim several blows with a slungshot; that the state attorney then rested his case and court was adjourned for the day, and that that night Lincoln went to a drug store, procured a number of almanacs and took them to his room and manufactured one which showed that there was no moon on the night of the assault; and that this doctored almanac was introduced to the jury and resulted in the acquittal of the prisoner."

Thereupon Mr. Gridley commenced an investigation. Writing to the University of Illinois, he was informed that the astronomical records showed that the moon was at the first quarter on the night of the murder, Aug. 27; it crossed the meridian at 7:44 p. m. and set at 11:15 p. m. The full moon, as stated by the witnesses for the prosecution, did not appear until Sept. 3, showing that their testimony was incorrect. Mr. Gridley infers that if the almanac recorded no moon at all at 10 p. m., the hour of the murder, it was wrong, or else the court and jury were deceived.

Corroborating the report from the University of Illinois was one from the United States naval observatory stating that the moon set at 11:53 on the night of Aug. 27, which, allowing for the difference in time between Illinois and Washington, shows that the two records were about the same.

Mrs. D. Schweer, a historian of Beardstown, who made an exhaustive investigation of the almanac incident, reports: "Collier, of Petersburg, was state's attorney. He gave his testimony and showed what appeared to the crowd in the court room strong proof of murder. Lincoln cross-examined very little, only looking up a few dates and places. His own witnesses were put on simply to prove good moral character for Armstrong. Collier, feeling sure of his case, made but a short and formal argument. Lincoln, for the defense, began calmly, slowly and carefully. Reviewing Allen's testimony he pointed out one discrepancy after another, and finally came to that part where he swore he had seen the prisoner deliver the fatal blow with a slungshot 'by the light of the moon.'"

"Here Lincoln asked a cousin of Armstrong, one Jack Jones, to go to the nearest drug store and bring him the latest almanac. Taking this almanac, Lincoln showed that on the night and hour sworn to the moon was not shining, proving that the whole of the testimony was perjury."

Mr. Gridley remarks on this finding that "the reader of this version will naturally wonder why Allen would commit perjury in order to send Duff Armstrong to the gallows when he had agreed to stay away at the instance of Armstrong's friends."

Two of the most reliable biographers of Lincoln were Tamm and Arnold. From their books it is learned that Henry Shaw was assistant prosecuting attorney in the Armstrong trial, and that Shaw stated that Milton Logan, the foreman of the jury, was willing to make affidavit that the almanac submitted to the jury was for the year 1857, and that there was no trick about it.

Logan, who has been a resident of Boone, Iowa, for many years, has never varied in his story. He said that the gist of Lincoln's closing words was about as follows: "I want to prove to you by this book that there was no full moon that night. The witness testified that he saw Armstrong strike Metzker (the victim) by the light of the moon, and that it was as light as day. Now, I do not know much about almanacs, but from this book I am inclined to believe that the moon was just rising at the hour of the killing, or was just going down."

He then passed the almanac to the jury with the request that they examine it carefully.

Milton McClure, a lawyer, of Beardstown, who also has made an investigation of the almanac story, believes that Lincoln made no false claim. He argues that it is inconceivable that a man of Lincoln's known integrity could be guilty of anything underhanded in exhibiting a doctored almanac, while the established facts in the case utterly refute the charge of fraud.

DON'T DELAY

Some Fort Wayne People Have Learned That Neglect Is Dangerous.

The slightest symptom of kidney trouble is far too serious to be overlooked. It's the small, neglected troubles that lead to serious kidney ailments. That pain in the "small" of your back; that urinary irregularity; those headaches and dizzy spells; that weak, weary, worn-out feeling; may be nature's warning of dropsy, or fatal Bright's disease. Why risk your life by neglecting these symptoms? Reach the cause of the trouble while there yet is time—begin treating your kidneys at once with a tried and proven kidney remedy. No need to experiment—Doan's Kidney Pills have been curing kidney trouble for over 75 years. Doan's Kidney Pills are used and recommended throughout the civilized world. Endorsed at home. Read Fort Wayne testimony.

Mrs. Mary Suttley, 1108 11th street, Fort Wayne, Ind., says: "I was in a bad way as the result of kidney trouble about three years ago. My back ached nearly all the time. I was very nervous and had frequent spells of dizziness. The use of a few boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at Meyer Bros. Co.'s drug store, freed me from these troubles and I have not been bothered since then. Occasionally use Doan's Kidney Pills, however, finding that they act as a tonic to my kidneys and keep me in good health." For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

HOW COLD AFFECTS THE KIDNEYS.

Avoid taking cold if your kidneys are sensitive. Cold congests the kidneys, throws too much work upon them, and weakens their action. Serious kidney trouble and even Bright's disease may result. Strengthen your kidneys, get rid of the pain and soreness, build them up by the timely use of Foley Kidney Pills. They will cure any case of kidney or bladder trouble not beyond the reach of medicine. No medicine can do more. Dreier Drug Co.

Big Doctors Bi II

Man With Sore Feet Spends \$700.00 on Them—A True Story.

Vouched for by Levensgood and Strickler, druggists of Latrobe, Pa.
"Here is one of the greatest testimonials I have ever heard."
"George Umoltz, from Atlantic No. 2, a coal plant near here bought two packages of E20, and in about three or four weeks he came in and told me that he wanted to have it advertised, and said I am willing to pay all charges, because I want the people to know how good it is. He told me that for 7 years he hadn't stood on his feet, he spent \$700.00 for doctor bills, and he only used one package of E20, and can run and jump like a boy. He was all smiles about E20."
Meyer Bros. Co., Four Drug Stores, sells E20, a refined ointment for sore, aching, weary feet for 25c a jar.

The Right Kind of Soothing Syrup

When baby becomes fretful, restless, cries most of the time—day and night—interrupts your work and disturbs your sleep and finally makes everyone just a trifle irritable—
Just 'phone or call for a bottle of
Nyal's Soothing Syrup
It is prompt and effective
—give a dose or two and baby will cease to be fretful—your work will cease to be a burden—your night's rest is unbroken.
You can give baby Nyal's Soothing Syrup with perfect safety—
There are no habit-forming drugs used in its manufacture
—we know the ingredients used—that's why we advocate its use.
Twenty-five cents the bottle.

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INITIATIVE IS NOT OUTLAWED

Supreme Court Declines to Interfere With Law in Oregon.

HAS NO JURISDICTION

Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.—The supreme court has declined to annul as unconstitutional the initiative and referendum method of legislation in the states. It decided that it has no jurisdiction over the form of government in the states, that being a political question for congress to deal with.

Chief Justice White announced the decision of the court.

"As the issues (in the Pacific States Telephone and Telegraph case) presented in their essence," said he, "are and have been definitely determined to be political and governmental and embraced within the scope of the powers conferred upon congress, and not therefore within the reach of the judicial power, it follows that the case presented is not within our jurisdiction, and the writ of error must therefore be, and it is dismissed, for want of jurisdiction."

"Mists and Confusion Ended."

The chief justice said "a singular misapprehension" had existed on both sides of the case, but that the "mists and confusion" were dispelled by the decision of Chief Justice Taney years ago, in which he disposed of the Dorr's rebellion question. That was the case of Luther vs. Borden, he said, and decided that the enforcement of the guaranty of a republican form of government to the states belonged to the political department of the government and came up, for instance, on the admission of senators and members of the house to their respective bodies. The chief justice called attention to Chief Justice Fuller following Luther vs. Borden in the controversy over the Kentucky government in the case of Taylor vs. Beckham.

Referring to the doctrine as laid down in these two cases, Chief Justice White said:

"It is, indeed, a singular misconception of the nature and character of our constitutional system of government to suggest that the settled distinction which the doctrine just stated points out between judicial authority over justiciable controversies and legislative power as to purely political questions tends to destroy the duty of the judiciary in proper cases to enforce the constitution."

Defense Shows Own Weakness.

"How better can the broad lines which distinguish these two subjects be pointed out than by considering the character of the defense in this case? The defendant company does not contend here that it could not have been required to pay a license tax. It does not assert that it was denied an opportunity to be heard as to the amount for which it was taxed, or that there was anything inhering in the tax or involved intrinsically in the law which violated any of its constitutional rights. If such questions had been raised they would have been justiciable, and therefore would have required the calling in to operation of judicial power."

"Instead of doing any of these things, the attack on the statute is of a wholly different character. Its essentially political nature is at once made manifest by understanding that the assault is not on the tax as a tax, but on the state as a state. It is addressed to the framework and political character of the government by which the statute levying the tax was passed. It is the government, the political entity, which—reducing the case to its essence—is called to the bar of this court."

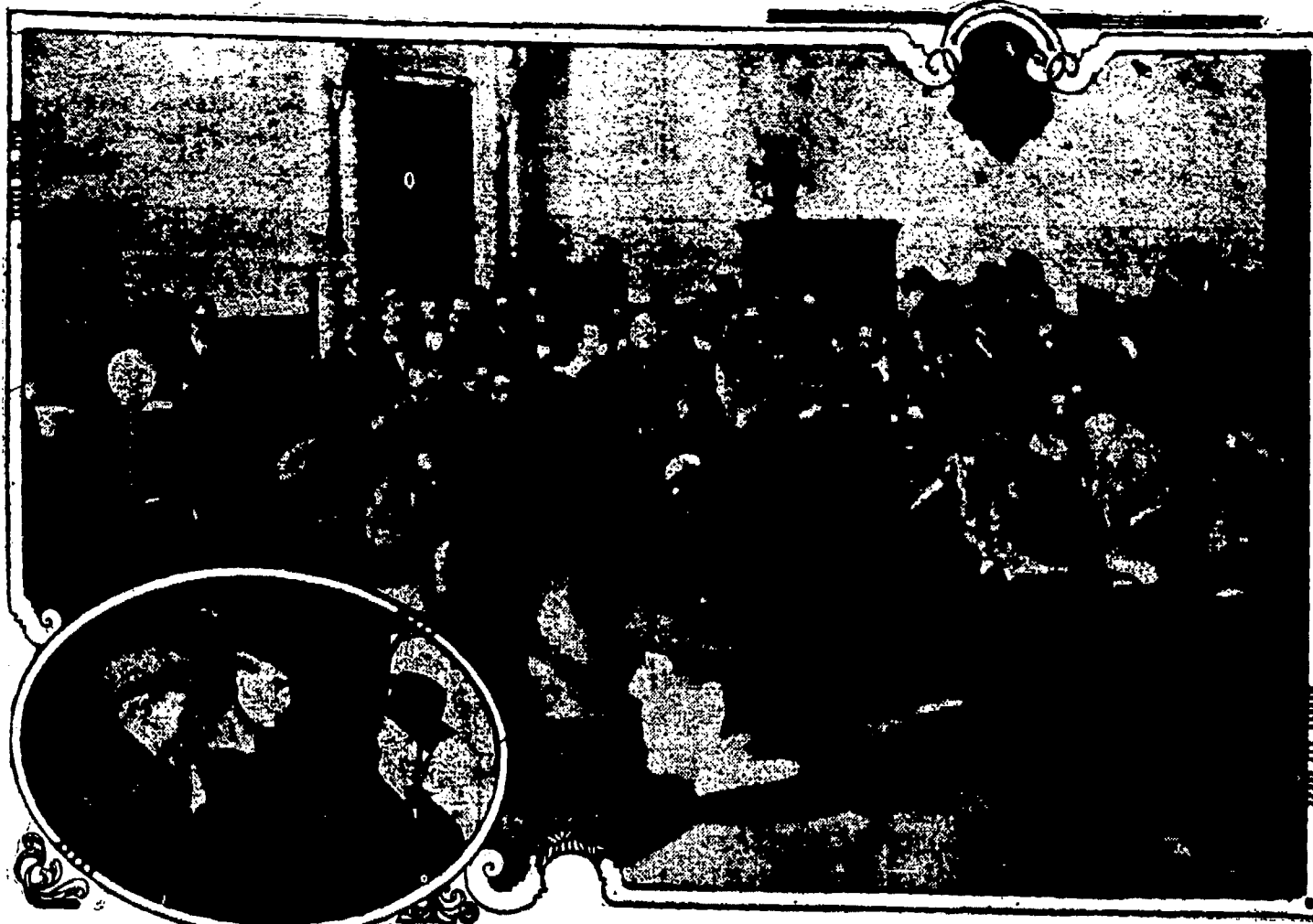
PREFERS WORKING GIRLS' CAUSE TO SOCIETY.



MISS MARGARET TOWNSEND CAREY.

Miss Margaret Townsend Carey, of Baltimore, well known in society circles, has abandoned teas and dances of her set to work for the poor girls' cause. She is an ardent supporter of the Maryland movement for a ten hour law to regulate toil in factories, and to that end she is devoting all her energies. She has a sister, Miss Louise Carey, who is now engaged in settlement work. Miss Carey is extremely modest and will not be interviewed. Asked how she happened to take up the work, she refuses any other explanation than "I like people; always have liked them."

SCENE IN COURTROOM WHERE SCHIEF VALET MADE PLEA FOR FREEDOM-



Hereafter is shown a scene in the Supreme Court, New York city, when Paul H. Brandt, erstwhile valet of aspirant Schiff, the well known banker, made his demand for freedom from prison, to which he had been sentenced for thirty years on his plea of guilty to burglary. The most distinguished legal talent in the Empire State have interested themselves in Brandt and are working hard to gain his liberty. It is hinted that a grave scandal will be unearthed during the hearing of the man, who claims that he was forced to make a confession of guilt in order to save the name of a woman.

TRAMP THIRTY MILES TO WED.

Distance Is Covered in Blinding Snowstorm—Girl's Age, 12.

Whitesburg, Ky., Feb. 20.—Thirty miles through a blinding snowstorm with mountains to cross and angry parents behind them, came James Coombs, Jr., and Miss Virgie Coombs, his cousin, to be married. They routed the clerk of court from his bed early to give them a license and then persuaded the Rev. James E. Bradford to unite them.

Later in the day they left Whitesburg on the trip back to the Perry county line, where they have both spent all their lives.

The bridegroom is twenty and his wife has just passed her twelfth birthday. The bride wore dresses which came just below her knees.

MOCKING DOG CAN CROW.

Flaps His Paws, Throws Back His Head, Then Lets Her Go.

Evansville, Ind., Feb. 20.—Noble Stallings, living at New Harmony, has a dog that imitates the crowing of a rooster closely. When the dog was only a few weeks old he began to take notice of the crowing of roosters early in the morning and he began to imitate them.

It is not an uncommon sight to see Mr. Stallings' dog go into the barnyard and rear back on his hind legs, throw his head back and, pawing the air with his front feet, make a noise like a rooster.

We had scores of customers yesterday who came over sixty miles to this great sale.

PATTERSON-FLETCHER CO.

"I'm a slave for work"

No job too hard for me.

I'll tackle anything and if I can't do it—nothing can.

I work for everybody. The housewife keeps me busy in the kitchen working on pots and pans—then on the kitchen sink—then in the bath room.

The mechanic—the office man—the stenographer—the painter—everybody has a job for me.

I'm never out of work—and the worst of it is I like to work.

I like to do my work well. Every dealer is my employment agent.

(Signed)

"WHIZ"

(Off-comes-the-dirt)

10c ALL DEALERS

MAN'S DOUBLE A FOOTPAD.

Three Persons Held Up, Wrong One Arrested—Right One Caught.

Pueblo, Colo., Feb. 20.—A peculiar case of mistaken identity was revealed here when James Carroll was arrested and identified as the man who held up three different persons one night recently, and Paul Tompner was released from custody, after having been held for several days and accused of having committed the robberies.

Tompner exactly tallied with Carroll in every particular and was arrested and falsely identified by one of the men who was held up as being the footpad.

Harry Allen, a newsboy, who was robbed of fifty cents the same night, pointed out Carroll as the man who had

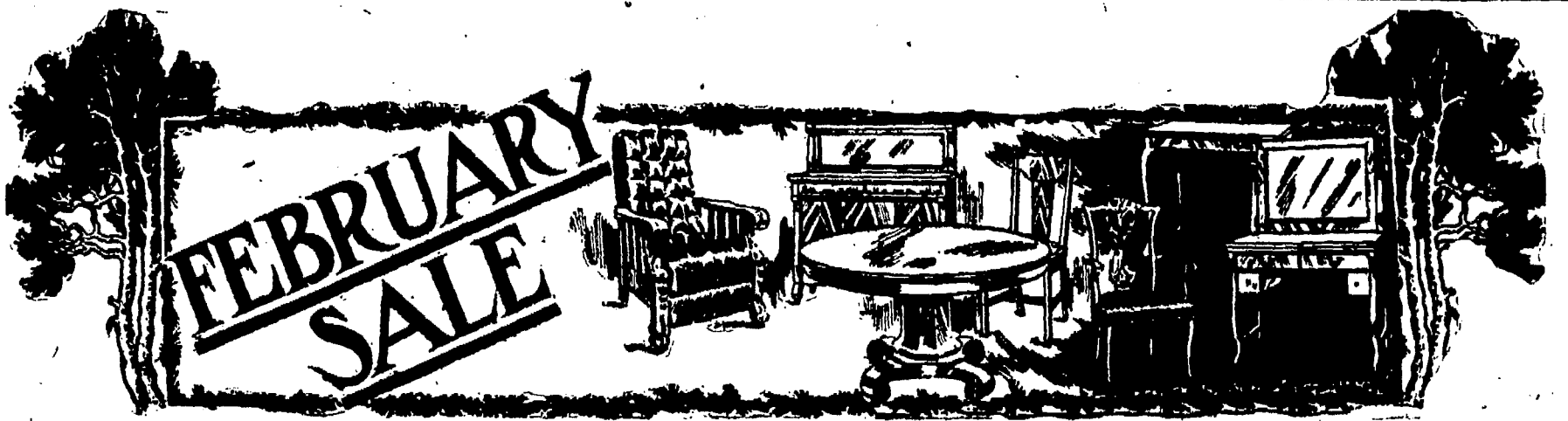
relieved him of his money, and the latter was taken in custody by the police. Among those who were held up that night besides the newsboy who caused the arrest of Carroll, are F. A. Miles, a druggist, and William Hollaway, a clerk. Carroll, who is accused by the three victims of the hold-up as being the guilty man, came here from Denver.

Every day of our great Half Price Sale brings more people.

PATTERSON-FLETCHER CO.

LUNCH

WE serve a light lunch all day. Geller's, 212 W. Berry St. 3-20-tues-ft



BETWEEN SEASONS

MANY ODDS AND ENDS OF THE FALL STOCK STILL TO BE DISPOSED OF AND THE NEW SPRING PURCHASES CROWDING IN UPON US WHICH MAKES CUTTING PRICES MOST ADVISABLE ON THE ODDS AND ENDS AND THE LINES TO BE DISCONTINUED.



\$14.75

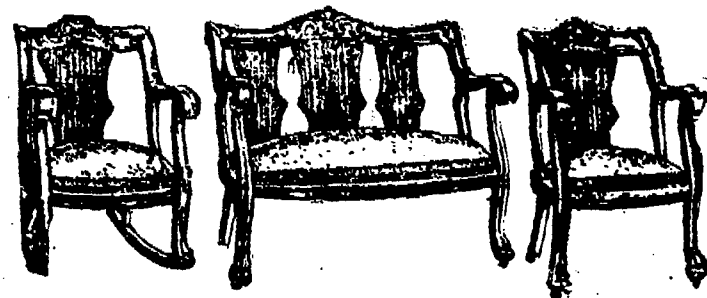
Instead of \$25.00

Dressing Table

Golden Oak with a genuine French beveled plate mirror. A thing of beauty and a joy forever.

Fort Wayne Outfitters Co.

129 E. Berry St. and 726-728 Clinton St. Opposite the Postoffice



\$34.75 Instead of \$60.00

THREE PIECE Parlor Suit

The frame is of mahogany—the coverings of GENUINE LEATHER. You want to bear this in mind, because it is an excellent suit that will wear a lifetime.

TO START THE YEAR 1912

PROPERLY AND TO ADD MANY NEW NAMES TO OUR CHARGE ACCOUNTS, WE ARE MAKING SPECIAL TERMS TO THOSE WHO WANT TO FURNISH IN WHOLE OR IN PART.

DROP IN AND LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

89c

Instead of \$1.50

for

Rugs



Of Brussels—size 27 by 54 inches—beautiful patterns in Floral and Oriental designs, and this in only one of the many rug bargains now being offered.

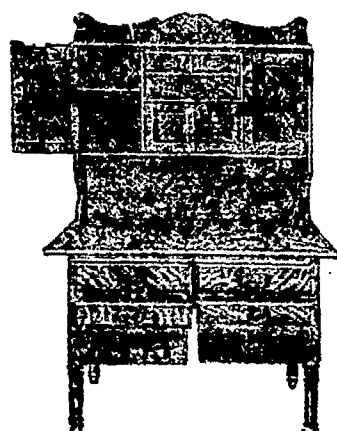


\$3.85

Instead of \$7.00

Iron Bed

Just like illustration—frimmed with brass. This bed comes in many different colored enamels.

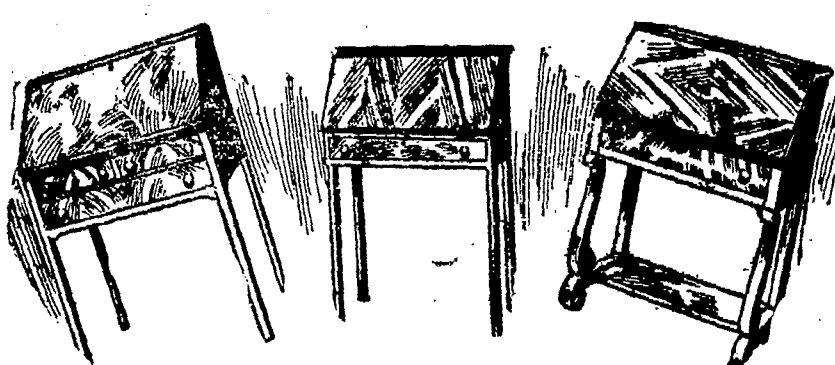


\$7.85

Instead of \$15.00 FOR THIS

Kitchen Cabinet

Very complete—almost a household necessity. Without the top the price is \$3.85.



LADIES' WRITING DESKS

Twenty of them—samples that go on special sale today, of which the three illustrated are excellent examples.

The one above illustrated in Golden Oak or Early English; worth \$20.00—

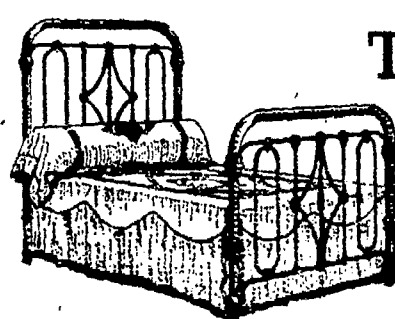
\$12.85

The one above illustrated in Golden Oak or Early English; worth \$7.00—

\$3.85

The one above illustrated in Golden Oak or Early English; worth \$25.00—

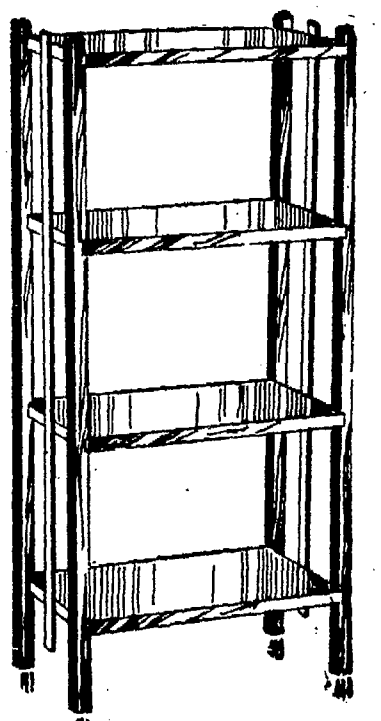
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This Bed \$6.85

Instead of \$12.00

Enameled in any color or Vernis Martin—2 in. posts—massive and substantial.



98c Instead of \$3.00

Magazine Rack

Shown in Golden Oak or Early English—38 inches high—16 1/2 inches wide and 14 inches deep. This is one of hundreds of special offerings in our February furniture sale.

MANUFACTURING A VARSITY CREW

How Two Hundred "Boilermakers, Hay Pitchers and Potato Diggers" Are Melted Down Into a Varsity Eight

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WITTL rivers and lakes filled with ice which would wreck a cedar shell before it had been propelled its own length, the college crews are busy learning to row. The tens and thousands of persons who will watch the university rowing races next June are courting the hospitable warmth from steam radiators and drawing fur lined coats about them when they venture out of doors, but the men who will furnish exciting spectacles for them at Poughkeepsie and New London are busy hard at it, preparing for the big events.

Football squads train for some three months, baseball men are held to their work between March and June, the college track athletes may train half the year, but in the lexicon of oarsmanship there is no such word as "rest." It is a full year's work, the manufacturing of a crew, and the coaches are only sorry that the earth's career through its orbit around the sun does not consume more than the conventional 365 days.

In all "aquatic colleges" this is the era of machine work. In the rowing rooms, where the atmosphere is dry enough to rival that of Arizona, the rowing coaches are toiling away every afternoon manufacturing a crew to represent their university honorably on the water next June. So parched and tinder-like is the floor of the rowing room that one might expect a drop of water spilled there to sizzle into steam, yet in the little boxes which serve as "shells" by proxy a hundred and fifty men are becoming proficient in watermanship, the art of feathering and the handling of oar blades.

The scene in one rowing room is like that in any other. "Look at this crowd," said James Rice, coach of the Columbia crews, with a sweep of his hand toward two long rows of perspiring, glowing men struggling in all degrees of awkwardness with the stubby oars of the rowing machines.

"Some of them are natural born boilermakers, some could pitch hay like veterans and others ought to be hoeing potatoes, and out of that material I've got to make a crew. But just wait until next April. You won't recognize these men when you see them clipping through the water and swinging straight and true like the connected parts of a machine. Mark that lad there at No. 7, the fellow with the long, knotty curls standing out in his arms and shoulders. He reminds you of a crab trying to walk both ways at once now, but I have my eye on him for the final boat, and I'd bet my bottom dollar that he will make a mighty strong bid for it.

"There isn't one of these fellows who doesn't stand a chance for the final honors, no matter how clumsy he is at present. Oarsmen are made, not born, and all these boys mean business.

"Look at that," he broke off suddenly, and hurried to a man who, to the casual observer, seemed to be doing about as the others.

Coaching Blade Work.

The coach had him stop rowing, stepped into the little box and adjusted his own toes in the leather shoes which make it possible to move the sliding seat with the legs.

"Now, look here," he said to the watching volunteer for aquatic honors, "this little bit of paper tacked onto the oar between where you grip it and the out-rigger represents the blade. When that slip of paper is flat on top, that is, parallel to the floor, it means that your blade would be flat on the water. When I turn my oar this way, just by a simple dropping of the wrist, it means that the blade is at right angles to the water. The proper way is to have it just a shade less than ninety degrees, so that it will not dive down."

The coach swung easily back and forth a few times, just to show how it was done, and it looked mighty simple.

"You want to watch that," he said, as he allowed the oarsman to resume his seat. "If you don't you'll have a pile of trouble when you get on the water next March.

"Now you're getting it," he said. "Not quite so far over; you'll be scraping along the surface that way. That's better, but be careful on the feather. Get it parallel to the water and drop your hands just

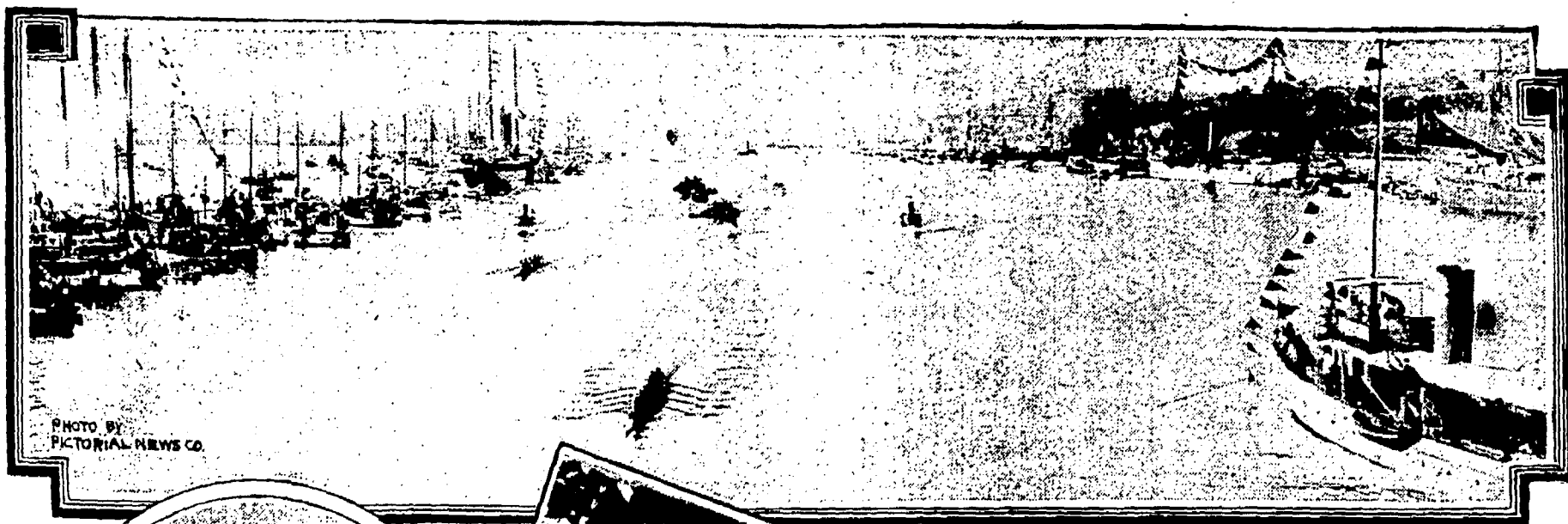


PHOTO BY PICTORIAL NEWS CO.



Charles E. Courtney
Cornell Coach
Photo by McGillivray

enough to clear the surface. Now you are doing some good, clean blade work. Not a splash.

"That's a simple little device, that slip of paper," he explained, "and it gets the boys a little used to blade work before we go on the river so they won't be tearing holes in the water."

The rowing machines are arranged as nearly like a real shell as possible. Each one is a little box about as deep as a shell, and as wide, so that a man sitting in it might look directly at his feet and imagine he was in a shell, except for the absence of the quiver and sense of poise which are felt on the water. At one side of each box iron outriggers are made fast, and the short oak stick which represents the oar is pivoted at the outer end. The length of the stick from the pivot to the butt is the same as the length of a real oar between the oarlock and the butt. By means of a friction pulley, which is adjustable, the resistance to pull on the oar may be made equivalent to the resistance of the water to a blade. All the rowing machines are arranged in lines of eight, so that the men sit behind one another as in a real shell, and may be instructed in keeping time with the stroke.

Weeding the Squad.

Instruction on the machines is not the first step in the manufacturing of a crew. That is taken away back in September. On the first day of the college course notices are posted about the campus instructing all who wish to try for the crew to report at the boathouse at a stated time. About two hundred men usually respond to these calls and none are turned away without a trial, no matter how unpromising material they may be. "I never discourage a man," said the coach. "As I have often said, a crew is made, it doesn't grow, and if a man only has nerve he is always a possibility."

Right then and there the weeding out process, the forging of a crew, is begun. Often before the first lecture of the college course has been held the candidates are boated and sent out on the river. The green men are put in heavy barges with immovable seats to accustom them to the water and to develop their back swing. Veterans of the previous year's varsity are sent out in the coxswains' seats to steer the barges of eight oarsmen each and to instruct the men how to handle oars.

This is the beginning of a long grueling period of rudimentary work. Every man in the barge rows in a different style, and rowing, above every other sport, calls for absolute unison and machine-like precision. Names are immediately forgotten and each man is known only by the number of his seat. It is the first step in the merging of the individual into a mere part of the whole.

Those first days take all the romance out of the idea of trying for the crew, and the men begin to see that honest, hard, exhausting work is to be their part. The first step in the weeding out process is a natural one. The men who are chicken hearted or who lack the nerve to face the ordeal which is hinted at drop



James C. Rice, Coach of the Columbia Crews, and His Son Jimmy, the Mascot



James Wray
Harvard Coach
Photo by Pictorial News Co.

from the squad of their own accord. The barge is at first propelled by four men only rowing at a time. First the bow four, then the stern four, then four in the waist of the boat, then repetition of the process until the oars dip into the water and leave it with some semblance of unison. When eight men are tried together the result is usually disastrous at first and a return to the method by fours is necessary.

After the eight men get so that they can work together the seats are unfurnished, so that they will slide on the runners, and there is more trouble. Backs are bruised by oars which the man behind loses control of, and frequent catching of oars fills the barge until water pours over the sides, and ever as the hardships increase more men become discouraged and drop. They are the undesirable timber, for there must be no limit to the nerve of the man who enters the final

The Briton's Difficulties with His "Tub."

THE thoroughness of the typical Briton's morning ablution shows that he holds with Lindar that for health and comfort "water is the best." But in foreign countries whose people do not take to "tubbing" he often finds it difficult to carry out his idea of personal cleanliness.

An Englishman who was chaplain to King Ernest of Hanover, searched the town for a portable bath and was forced to take up with two butchers' trays. The next morning he stood, like the Colossus of Rhodes, with one leg in each, and sponged himself. The water ran over and through the floor; the tenant below was indignant, and the angry landlord ordered the Englishman to quit, saying:—

"I will never have another Englishman in my house. They are so dirty that they require a great deal of water, and it is

test—the big race at Poughkeepsie.

When ice begins to drift down the river work on the water is abandoned, and after perhaps a week of rest the crew squad begins work on the machines.

All afternoon the pullers screech, the coxswains cry shrilly to the men and the coach hurries quietly from one man to another, explaining, coaxing, scolding and sometimes—if he is sure it will not work harm—encouraging. As one squad of sixteen men leaves the double row of machines another is waiting to take the places left vacant, and here comes another step in the manufacturing of the crew. All are given an opportunity to train on the machines, but the men are grouped according to merit. The coach begins to have those men row together on the machines who will be in the same shell in the spring. Combination after combination is tried, and as one man improves beyond another the combinations are changed until the best sixteen men are grouped and row in the same positions at the same time each afternoon.

"Those two eights are pretty evenly matched," said Mr. Rice, as sixteen ret-

nothing but wash, wash, splash, splash, every morning, to the injury of my furniture and the disturbance of the tenants beneath them."

The same Englishman, who appears to have been determined to have his "tub" no matter what happened, was once travelling off the beaten track in Germany in a mountainous district. The first morning after he had left the high road he had for his toilet a pie dish for a basin and a quart pot of water.

The next morning, further up the valley, he had for his ablutions a plate with a half pint glass of water, and the third morning, further still, there was no apparatus whatever for his toilet. When he asked for water with which to wash, the landlord let him to the pump and gave him a table napkin as fine and small as a

crans took their places on the machines. "Just at present they are the best men I have, but there will doubtless be some changes before the ice gets out of the river."

Machine Work.

The very way the men stepped into the boxes and adjusted the toe straps showed they were beginning to feel confidence in themselves.

"Ready, all," called the coach.

A jerk. A shell weighs about one hundred and fifty pounds, say, and the men in it weigh perhaps nine or ten times that much. Now, if they all rush forward after pulling the oars through it is going to stop the boat almost dead. All that weight pounding back toward the stern of the boat checks it, but if you pull yourself up with the shin muscles you can almost pull the boat toward you instead of checking it back.

men in the machine, "give her a good dozen, just a dozen."

The glistering backs swung at the same speed, but the knotted muscles showed that every ounce of strength was being thrown into the stroke. It was a long dozen, about forty strokes in all, and at the end of it the coach said:—

"Now, then, fellows, hit it up a bit and give her another dozen."

Faster and faster went the stroke and longer and longer grew the dozen, until it was nearer a gross.

"That will show up anybody that's likely to weaken," said the coach. "I've got to begin to weed out these fellows, and I might as well know who hasn't the spirit and the stick-to-it to make a good crew man. I want to give every one a fair chance, but I do not want any deadwood



On a Floor Dry as Tinder the Men Are Trained in Blade Work

After a few minutes he said:—"Those two boats are just about keeping abreast; that further one, though, is a little unsteady on the keel and the nearer one is splashing."

All this on the floor of a waterless room in the gymnasium building.

Then he told the man who was stroking one eight to raise the stroke. "That's so they will get used to another boat close by rowing in different time," he explained. "They'll have that on the river and they might as well get accustomed to it here."

The backs of the men streamed with perspiration and their bodies were aglow.

"They've gone only about three miles," he said, "they ought to have about two more this afternoon. No. 3, get your back into it, dig holes in the water. This isn't a tea party in Earl Hall.

"Come on now, fellows, only about a mile more to go! Hit it up a bit and see if we can't get some speed into it."

"Up on your toes!" he called. "Remember those toes!"

"You have to pull the seat forward with the muscles in the front of your legs tight," he said, "and hold with your toes in the shoes, else the boat will stop with

around here."

The men were panting, some of them, and wringing wet, but they were a crew in the making, and the day's work was not yet over.

"All right, boys," said Mr. Rice, "you can have a little rest now. Better row about five miles; that will set you up. And remember," he shouted as the men crowded through the door, "on your flat feet. No toe dancers in this aggregation. On your flat feet!"

"That will give them the best kind of a rest," he said. "It wouldn't do to sit down now. A run will rest them gradually and they'll get their wind back and their lungs full of fine fresh air. Besides it will help show up the weak ones."

There is an indoor running track at most colleges, but it is not for the crew men.

"It's full of dust," says the coach, "and it's worse than nothing to run on that. The outdoor work hardens them. You know as soon as the ice in the river breaks up enough for a shell to navigate we'll begin work on the water. That ought to be about March 15, and the men will be out every day after that, in rain and sleet and snow, so if they get used to it now it won't hurt them then. If they didn't get hardened during the winter, when they can jump out the door and after their run slide right into a warm building again, there would be danger of pneumonia in the spring."

There was snow on the ground, but that did not worry the men clad in sweaters and short knee trousers. Folk on the streets drew overcoats about them and shivered as the crew men passed, but they stuck to their work. The running helps to weed out the squad, and many drop out because they do not like the work. The coach only smiles at that, for they are men he does not want.

Winter Training.

The programme during the winter months is about the same every day in all the colleges.

"I just have to keep pounding and pounding at them," says the coach. "Of course some of the men who come here already know how to row in a shell, but I usually have to unlearn them before I can teach them my stroke. Every coach has his own form, and of course every man in his crew must row just that way. I would rather have a green man to start with, for I can hammer him into a crew man. The first cut I make will drop a lot of men who haven't spirit enough to be oarsmen. That is one thing that it is almost impossible to do, make a man with nerve out

of one who has none. I will begin to cut the squad just before we go on the water, although I won't need to do much cutting by that time. Most all of the men who stand the test of machine work will get an opportunity on the river. It is my idea to eliminate a lot of men by letting them drop of their own accord because of the hard work.

"Then the faculty will cut the squad considerably after the February examinations. The men have to keep up to a certain standard of scholarship or be dropped from the squad. That is a faculty rule, but I support it heartily. I don't want any men out for the crew who can't keep up the study end too. They ought to be able to do both, and if they can't they are not of the proper calibre for oarsmen. The training a crew man gets ought to clear his head and make him capable of more study, so there is no excuse for letting that end slip."

After the work on the machines every afternoon the coaches test the oars to see how much weight the men have been carrying on the friction pullers. In this way they get a line on the comparative strength of the different men and learn who is not doing all the work he should. "The idea is not to have as great an amount of weight as a man can pull, but just enough to develop his muscles and to let him feel how it is to pull an oar through the water."

"There is a fellow who isn't pulling an ounce," said Mr. Rice while one of the earlier squads were practising on the machines, and he gave a few twists to the adjusting screw, tightening the belt over the pulley.

"Come on now," he said to the stroke, "hit it up. Keep her going," and as the stroke was raised he stood over the man who had been shirking and kept him throwing every ounce of weight into each stroke. The oarsman's head began to wag, his breath came in short, painful gasps, and he was prone to lag, but the coach kept him up to the stroke.

When the ordeal was finally over the crew candidate was nearly exhausted, and as he passed from the room the coach said:—

"I guess that will settle him. He won't smoke any more cigarettes, and I guess he won't give me a chance to tighten his machine again. That fellow is a good man and I don't want to lose him, but I had to teach him a lesson."

That is the way most coaches keep the men in training. Early in the winter they are told to give up smoking, the drinking of alcoholic beverages, late hours and all sorts of rich food and pastry. If Mr. Rice learns that a man is not living up to training instructions he does not go to him and say:—

"Smith, you have been smoking cigarettes. If you do it again I will drop you from the squad."

He gives the man credit for an earnest desire to make a place in the crew, and he believes that the man will not break training if he realizes how it lessens his chances for the crew and ultimate victory for the college. So he takes occasion to give the delinquent several doses of extra grueling work to teach him that when he does not abide by instructions in the training line he will suffer great discomfort from it.

"If a man eats strawberry shortcake," says the coach, "the best way to prevent him doing so again is to let him feel the effects of strawberry shortcake on his stomach."

When the water clears of ice, work in the shells will begin for all the crews. Then comes the first big cut. A list of names will be posted in the rowing room announcing those who are to report at the boathouse, and those whose names do not appear may give up hope. The men, about forty of them, who are boated in shells have already a pretty good idea of blade work from the practice on the machines, but they are not used to the delicate balancing of the shell and the twisting motion in the waves.

To Water at Last.

Then it is hammer and hammer and hammer again, until the coach gets each eight men reaching and pulling and feathering together. And ever it is the survival of the fittest. The forty men dwindle to twenty-four or thirty in the varsity squad and these are changed and changed about until the coach has in one boat the eight men who are able to shoot it through the water fastest. There may be some men rowing in the second or third crews who are stronger and have more endurance than some in the varsity, but the combination is the all important thing. If these men are put with the varsity men they may have little eccentricities which will throw the boat off the keel or hold it back. Before they may sit in the varsity shell they must be beaten into shape, lose their individuality except for their nerve and capacity to suffer punishment.

There are races between the several crews on the river and the men are trained in tiring themselves out. It all goes toward the making of a crew, and until a man has had the experience of several long, grueling races, he is physically unable to squeeze out all there is in him. These races also accustom the men to the excitement of competition, the yells of hostile coxswains and the ripping of the oars of a rival crew close by.

The varsity race is four miles, and in order to prepare the men for it the varsity crew day after day races a crew of substitutes for two miles, where the freshmen crew takes the place of the substitute crew and the varsity, without a pause, races two miles more against the freshmen. And they must beat them, too, or they are likely to row on up the river until they overhurl their rivals.

All this beats the men into shape and shows them what to expect when they come to that deadly four miles of fighting with an oar.

"June is a long way off," says James Rice, "but it isn't far enough for me. I want to do a pile of hammering at these fellows before that observation train crawls up the west bank of the Hudson about the first of next July. You can't manufacture a crew in a day nor really in a year. Most of these fellows here on the machines have rowed at least one year. I've got to hammer and hammer until I make a crew. That's the only way it's done."

"Come on there," he shouted at the toilers on the machines, "get your backs into it. Lift her out of the water. This is no Browning reading."

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Latest Markets

DROP ON BUTTER.

The Elgin Stock Had a Tumble of Five
Cents.

As was predicted in The Sentinel of
Monday, Elgin butter has made a sensa-
tional drop, the price going down five
cents. Other grades also dropped, coun-
try butter going down from three to five
cents.
Eggs made an advance of one cent in
the commission house price, the retail
price, however, remaining at 29 and 30.
The present weather will bring further
reductions. The commission house price
for the strictly fresh candied is 26¢27.
Poultry prices remain unchanged, as
does also grain price. Wheat is 93. Oats
the city scale is quoted at 47 to 51
and corn at 50 and 52. Hay is \$18 to \$20
a ton.

LOCAL MARKETS.

GRAIN AND FLOUR.

Street Prices.
Wheat—52c bu.
Oats—50c bu.
Corn—55¢60c bu.
Barley—50c bu.
Rye—50c bu.

C. Treseult & Sons.
Flour—Winter wheat, straight, \$4.60¢
4.80 bbl; winter wheat, patents, \$5.40¢
5.60 bbl; spring wheat, patents, \$5.40¢
5.60 bbl; graham flour, \$4.20¢4.50 bbl;
rye flour, \$5.00¢5.20 bbl; rumpsternickie,
\$4.40¢4.60 bbl.

Screenings—\$22.00 ton.
Chopped—\$22.00 ton.
Bran—\$28.00 ton.
Shorts—\$28.00 ton.
Cracked Corn—\$1.60 cwt.
Middling—\$1.60 cwt.
Cornmeal—Fine, \$1.60; coarse, \$1.40 cwt.
Oats—50c bu.
Wheat—52c bu.
Rye—50c bu.
Barley—50c bu.

Mayflower Mills.
Wheat—52c bu.
Oats—50c bu.
Corn—55¢60c bu.
Barley—50c bu.
Rye—50c bu.

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Barley—50c bu.

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Oats—50c bu.
Corn—55¢60c bu.
Barley—50c bu.
Rye—50c bu.

Flour—Winter wheat, straight, \$4.60¢
4.80 bbl; winter wheat, patents, \$5.40¢
5.60 bbl; spring wheat, patents, \$5.40¢
5.60 bbl; graham flour, \$4.20¢4.50 bbl;
rye flour, \$5.00¢5.20 bbl; rumpsternickie,
\$4.40¢4.60 bbl.

Screenings—\$22.00 ton.
Chopped—\$22.00 ton.
Bran—\$28.00 ton.
Shorts—\$28.00 ton.
Cracked Corn—\$1.60 cwt.
Middling—\$1.60 cwt.
Cornmeal—Fine, \$1.60; coarse, \$1.40 cwt.
Oats—50c bu.
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212.40; No. 2, 112.20¢113.30; No. 3, 112.50¢
113.65; rejected, 112.50¢12.70; no estab-
lished grade, \$3.50¢12.25.
Also—Prime, \$15.35; March, \$13.40.
Timothy—Prime, \$6.95; March, \$5.97½.

Toledo, O., Feb. 20.—Closing prices to-
day were as follows:
Wheat—Cash, 94¢; May, 1.00¢; July,
97½¢; September, 96¢.
Corn—Cash, 65½¢; May, 65¢; July,
68½¢; September, 69¢.
Oats—Cash, 53½¢; May, 54½¢; July,
49½¢; September, 49¢.
Rye—Cash, 59¢.

Chicago Cash Grain.
Chicago, Ill., Feb. 20.—Wheat—No. 2
red, 99¢1.00½; No. 3 red, 97½¢1.00; No. 2
hard, 1.00¢1.01½; No. 3 hard, 97¢1.01;
No. 1 northern, 1.08¢1.10; No. 2 north-
ern, 1.06¢1.08; No. 3 northern, 1.02¢
1.04; No. 2 spring, 1.02¢1.04; No. 3
spring, 1.04¢1.06; No. 4 spring, 88¢1.02;
velvet chaff, 90¢1.05; durum, 90¢1.04.
Corn—No. 2, 62¢63¼¢; No. 3 white, 63¼¢
64½¢; No. 3 yellow, 63¢64¢; No. 4, 58¢
59½¢; No. 4 white, 58½¢60¢; No. 4, 58¢
59½¢.
Oats—No. 2, 52¢52½¢; No. 2 white, 52¢
53¢; No. 3, 51½¢; No. 3 white, 51½¢62½¢;
No. 4, 50½¢; No. 4 white, 48½51½¢; stand-
ard, 52½¢53¢.

Rye—No. 2, 92½¢.
Barley—Cash, 50¢1.30.
Timothy—\$11.00¢14.50.
Cloverseed—\$16.00¢22.50.

LIVE STOCK.
East Buffalo Market.
East Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 20.—Hogs—
Receipts today were 4,000 head; ship-
ments were 670 head, all to New York;
official shipments to New York
yesterday were 4,500 head; good grades
closing steady; pigs and light grades
lower; yorkers, mediums and heavies, \$5.50
\$6.50; pigs and light, \$5.00¢5.20; roughs,
\$4.50¢5.25; all \$4.50¢5.50.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts today were
7,400 head; market steady; top lambs,
\$6.75.
Cattle—Receipts today were 300 head;
market dull.

Chicago Market.
Chicago, Ill., Feb. 20.—Cattle—Receipts
today were 6,000 head; market quiet and
weak; beefs, \$4.65¢5.60; Texas steers,
\$4.60¢5.60; western steers, \$4.50¢7.00;
stockers and feeders, \$2.80¢3.10; cows and
heifers, \$2.00¢4.00; calves, \$5.00¢6.00.
Hogs—Receipts today were 30,000 head;
market slow; lights, \$5.90¢6.25; mixed,
\$5.30¢6.25; heavy, \$5.90¢6.25; roughs,
\$4.50¢6.10; pigs, \$2.75¢3.50; bulk of sales,
\$5.00¢6.20.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts today were
22,000 head; market slow; native sheep,
\$3.30¢4.75; western sheep, \$3.60¢4.80;
yearlings, \$4.80¢5.75; native lambs, \$4.30¢
6.75; western lambs, \$4.75¢6.80.

Indianapolis Market.
Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 20.—Receipts
today were: Hogs, 5,500 head; cattle, 900
head; calves, 350 head; sheep, 200 head.
Veal Calves—\$4.00¢5.50.

Hogs—Best heavies, \$5.25¢6.40; medium
and mixed, \$4.75¢5.75; good to choice
lights, \$6.25¢6.30; common to good lights,
\$6.10¢6.20; bulk of sales, \$6.25¢6.35.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts today were
2,000 head; market steady; top sheep,
\$4.75; top lambs, \$4.70.
Calves—Receipts today were 200 head;
tops, \$9.25.

Pittsburg Market.
Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 20.—Cattle—Re-
ceipts, none.
Hogs—Receipts today were 2,000 head;
heavy yorkers, \$6.55; light yorkers, \$6.40;
pigs, \$6.15.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts today were
1,000 head; market steady; top sheep,
\$4.75; top lambs, \$4.70.
Calves—Receipts today were 200 head;
tops, \$9.25.

Cincinnati Market.
Cincinnati, O., Feb. 20.—Cattle—Re-
ceipts today were 107 head; market
unchanged; receipts today were 9,982
packages.
Eggs—Market easier; receipts today
were 16,651 cases; fresh gathered extras,
36¢37¢.

Poultry—Alive; market steady to firm;
western chickens, 12¢12½¢; fowls, 13¢
14¢; turkeys, 15¢16¢; dressed poultry,
market unsettled; western chickens, 12½¢
15¢; fowls, 12½¢13¢; turkeys, 12¢12½¢.

Veal—Market steady, at 7¢11¢.

New York Market.
New York, Feb. 20.—Butter—Market
unchanged; receipts today were 9,982
packages.
Eggs—Market easier; receipts today
were 16,651 cases; fresh gathered extras,
36¢37¢.

Poultry—Alive; market steady to firm;
western chickens, 12¢12½¢; fowls, 13¢
14¢; turkeys, 15¢16¢; dressed poultry,
market unsettled; western chickens, 12½¢
15¢; fowls, 12½¢13¢; turkeys, 12¢12½¢.

Veal—Market steady, at 7¢11¢.

Chicago Market.
Chicago, Ill., Feb. 20.—Butter—Market
firm; creameries, 23¢27¢; dairies, 21¢25¢.
Eggs—Market firm; receipts today were
16,651 cases; at market, cases included, 36¢
37¢; ordinary firsts, 25¢26¢; firsts, 28¢
29¢.

Cheese—Market steady; dairies, 17¢
17½¢; twins, 16¢17¢; young Americas,
17¢17½¢; long horns, 17¢17½¢.

Potatoes—Market firm; receipts today
were 123 cars; \$1.00¢1.08.
Poultry—Market steady; turkeys, alive,
14¢; dressed, 19¢; chickens, alive, 12¢;
dressed, 14¢; springs, alive, 12½¢; dressed,
11¢.

Veal—Market steady, at 7¢11¢.

New York Market.
New York, Feb. 20.—Butter—Market
unchanged; receipts today were 9,982
packages.
Eggs—Market easier; receipts today
were 16,651 cases; fresh gathered extras,
36¢37¢.

Poultry—Alive; market steady to firm;
western chickens, 12¢12½¢; fowls, 13¢
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15¢; fowls, 12½¢13¢; turkeys, 12¢12½¢.

Veal—Market steady, at 7¢11¢.

Chicago Market.
Chicago, Ill., Feb. 20.—Scarcity of con-
tracted grades of wheat at Liverpool limited
prices today in Chicago. May started at
1.00¢1.01¢, a gain of ½¢ to ¾¢, but
reacted to 1.00½¢.

The unpromising aspect of the winter
wheat crop in parts of Illinois, Indiana,
and Ohio led to a rally. Firmness,
however, was only temporary, and bearish
feeling developed on account of
reported perfect conditions in Kansas.
Closing figures were weak with May wheat
at 93½¢93¾¢, a net loss of ¼¢ to ½¢.

In the corn crowd there was an even
division of sentiment. May opened un-
changed at 16¢16½¢, up at 67½¢ to 67½¢
and 67½¢ and 67½¢.

Talk of improved export demand
brought about a recovery, but the effect
was short-lived. The close was steady at 67½¢
for May ½¢ under last night.

Oats followed a rally. May started a
shade off to a like amount higher at 52½¢
52½¢ to 52½¢62½¢, touched 52½¢ and
fell back to 52½¢.

There was sufficient scattered buying of
provisions to hold the market steady. In-
itial sales were 2½¢ off to a shade up, with
May delivery \$15.65 for pork, \$2.00 to
\$2.02½ for lard and \$5.67½ for ribs.

Range of Prices for the Day.
Chicago, Ill., Feb. 20.
Wheat—Open. Low. Close.
May 1.00½ 1.00 1.00½
July 98 .97½ .98
Sept. 94 .94 .94
Corn—
May 67½ .67½ .67½
July 67½ .67½ .67½
Sept. 67½ .67½ .67½
Oats—
May 52½ .52½ .52
July 47½ .47½ .47½
Sept. 47½ .47½ .47½
New York—
May 15.67½ 15.72½ 15.32½ 15.40
July 15.87½ 15.35 15.65 15.67½
Sept. 16.07½ 16.10 15.50 15.87½
Lard, per 100 lbs.—
May 9.00 9.05 8.95 8.95
July 9.15 9.20 9.10 9.12½
Sept. 9.32½ 9.37½ 9.27½ 9.27½
Short Ribs, per 100 lbs.—
May 8.57½ 8.62½ 8.50 8.52½
July 8.65 8.67½ 8.57½ 8.57½
Sept. 8.50 8.52½ 8.72½ 8.72½

Toledo Stock Market.
Toledo, O., Feb. 20.—Cloverseed—Cash
and February, \$13.60; March, \$13.65; April,
\$13.70.

We offer for sale near the corner of Pontiac
and Olive Sts., a new 8-room frame
house; bath, path, lights, gas, etc. Two
walks, barn, poultry house, fruit, large lot. Must be sold this

UNDERTAKERS

KLAHN & MELCHING
UNDERTAKERS & EMBALMERS
205 WEST MAIN ST.
Office—Home Phone 228.
Best of Service at Reasonable Prices.
PRIVATE AMBULANCE.

ALFRED E. HESTON
FUNERAL DIRECTOR and
EMBALMER
Private Chapel for Services.
1010 Broadway.
JAS. G. RYAN, Assistant.
Phones 3314.

SCHONE & ANKENBRUCK
UNDERTAKERS and EMBALMERS
Corner Berry and Barr Sts.
Home Phone, 277. Bell Phone, 329.

GETZ & CAHILL
UNDERTAKERS
1031 Calhoun St.
Open Day and Night.
Both Phones 69.

J. C. Peltier
UNDERTAKER
Both Phones No. 25.
117 WEST WAYNE ST.

Little Chickens

Can be raised profitably in our incubators. We want ten thousand high grade chicks for our retail trade. Call or send for book! Describing incubators and brooders. The best tried and proven in the United States.

Our Dry Mash and Scratch Feed scientifically compounded with Clover Bloom and Eggs. Brooders will keep hens laying and flocks healthy.

Our Feed Hoppers saves their cost several times during the season besides keeping food clean.

S. Bash & Co.

LOANS

Loans for any amount. For short or long time. All you are required to do is to let us know what amount you want and you get the money at once. No red tape or embarrassing questions. Connected with our plans and methods of loaning money. Courteous treatment. Fair dealing and absolute secrecy.

PEOPLES LOAN COMPANY
719 Calhoun St., Second Bldg.
Room 5, 2nd Floor. Phone 1723.

We Loan Money

Easy to borrow. Our method of loaning money is easy to repay. Make your payments small enough to prevent hardship. You can have your money twenty minutes after you apply. If you are busy, drop us a card and we will bring it to your home. We make confidential loans to railroad men. Open evenings.

Acme Loan & Real Estate Co.
Room 2, Auburn Bldg.
126 Washington Blvd. West.

WILL LOCATE
IN NORTHWEST

I. E. Lane Tenders Resignation as Manager of

Knox Store.

LEAVES CITY SOON

I. Ellwood Lane, for the past two years manager of the Fort Wayne store of S. H. Knox & Co., has tendered his resignation and will leave soon to make his future home in the British North-west. His objective point is the city of Calgary, Alberta. His successor in Fort Wayne has not yet been named.

For a brief recreation following the holiday rush Mr. Lane made a trip into the northwest in January for a visit



I. ELLWOOD LANE,
Resigns Place in Fort Wayne to Locate in Calgary, Alberta.

with relatives, and he was so favorably impressed with opportunities there, and the climatic advantages of the high altitude, that he determined to locate in Calgary. Mr. Lane has made a number of land investments in the west, and admits that he has in view possible entry into mercantile lines upon his own account in the northwest.

Mr. Lane has been with S. H. Knox & Co. for eight years, coming to Fort Wayne two years ago from Bay City, Mich. He is a business man of high caliber and has made many friends here. Mr. Lane has been active in church and Sunday school work in this city, and, with his family, will be sincerely missed by a very large circle of warm friends in Fort Wayne. Mr. and Mrs. Lane go east tomorrow—the former on a business trip and the latter to visit friends—and are planning to leave Fort Wayne for the trip of 2,500 miles to Calgary about March 1.

V. C. Clark will be in charge of the local store until Mr. Lane's successor is appointed.

Dr. Ogle has resumed the practice of medicine. Sec card. 2-1-14.

I have high-class investments in Local Bonds and Local Stocks. C. F. Pfeiffer, Shoaff Bldg.

HEINY'S GROCERY

WEDNESDAY MORNING SPECIAL.
Fresh Elgin Tub Creamery Butter or Country Butter down to 32c a lb.
Fresh Country Eggs, 25c dozen.
Michigan Potatoes, \$1.25 bushel.
Granulated Sugar, 6c lb.
Small Picnic Hams, 10 1/2c lb.
Fancy Breakfast Bacon in pieces of 4 and 5 pounds, at 15c per lb.
Labrador Herring, 2c each.
Boneless Fish Cakes, 10c lb.
Puro Cod Fish at 15c lb.
Smoked Bloaters, 2 for 5c.
Fancy Smoked Fish, 15c lb.
Holland Herring, extra fancy Melchior's, at 70c keg.
Everyday Milk, 5c can at 45c dozen; Large, 10c dozen.
Holiday Macaroni, 2 packages 15c.
Fancy Prunes, 2 lbs 25c.
Country Dried Apples, 2 lbs 25c.
New Seeded Raisins, 10c lb.
Dr. Price's Fruit Dessert, all flavors, Strawberry, Lemon, Orange, Raspberry, Cherry and Pineapple, special 3 packages 25c.
Oreole Corn Flakes, 2 packages 15c.
Holiday Rolled Oats, 10c package.
Pure Bulk Cocoa, 25c lb.

CENTRAL GROCERY WAYNE GROCERY

119 West Wayne.
Home Phones 1900-1801. Bell, 462.
Our Special Flour, \$1.05, large sack; guaranteed the best.
Strictly fresh Eggs, 25c doz.
Fancy Country Butters, 35c lb.
Best Standard Oysters, 45c quart.
Granulated Sugar, 6c lb.
New Holland Herring, mixed, 35c.
Milkner's, 55c keg.
Fresh batch Salted Lake Fish, 55c and 65c pail.
Snow Boy Washing Powder, 5c, 6 for 25c. Large packages, 15c.
Gallon cans Syrup, 35c can.
Golden Anchor Flour, \$1.15 sack.
Silver Dust, Daisy, Cream and Hungarian Flour, \$1.20 sack.
Globe and Gloss Soap, 3 1/2c bar, 8 for 25c.
Fels, P. G. and Rub-No-More Carbolic Naphtha Soap, 6 bars for 25c.
Sunny Monday, Easy Task, 20 Mule Brand and Galvanic Soap, 6 bars 25c.
Palm Olive and Jap Rose Soap, 3 cakes, 25c.
Best Michigan Potatoes, \$1.30 bu.
Golden Egg Macaroni, Spaghetti and Noodles, 5c package, 6 for 25c. Large packages, 10c, 3 for 25c.
California Peaches, gallon cans, 45c.
Apples, 45c. Green Gage Plums, 60c.
Red Raspberries and Blueberries, and

926-930 Broadway.
Home Phone, 1719.
Black Raspberries, 70c gallon can. Blackberries, 65c gallon. Small Red Beets and Tomatoes, 40c gallon can. Gallon Cans Pumpkin, 20 and 25c. Apples, 25 and 35c. Spinach, 50c gallon can.
Hominy, Pumpkin, Kidney Beans, Sauer Kraut, Green Wax and Baked Beans, 10c can. 3 for 25c.
Best Fresh Butter Crackers, 7c lb.
Fresh Rolled Oats, 4c lb.; Steel Cut Fancy Apples, 25c, 30c and 45c pk.
1/2 gallon jars Jelly, 25c.
Hubbard Squash, Hot House Lettuce, Head Lettuce, Fancy Tomatoes, New Radishes, Cauliflower, California Celery and Cucumbers.
Solid Holland Seed Cabbage, 4c lb.
"Sun-kist" Oranges, 18, 25, 30, 40c doz.
New York Cream Cheese, 22c lb.
Wisconsin Swiss Cheese, 22c lb.
Sugar Cured Hams, 15c lb.
Picnic Hams, 11c lb.
Extra Fancy Lean Bacon, 15c lb.
Home Rendered Lard, 12c lb.
Extra large Queen Olives, 30c quart.
Fancy Navy Beans, 5c lb.
Dressed Young Turkeys, 2c lb.
Choice lot Dressed Young Chickens and Fall Hens.

I. FREIBURGER

AT THE MAJESTIC.

"FANTASMA" TONIGHT.

Two Performances Tomorrow of Carnival of Mirth and Mystery.

Hantons' famous "Fantasma" is proving popular with Majestic theater patrons this week. This combination of laughter, spectacle, pantomime and sensation will close the Fort Wayne engagement with a matinee and night performance Wednesday. There is something new and surprising every minute in "Fantasma." One has to keep his eyes open and his attention fixed in order to follow the various tricks for they are so sudden and astonishing. People disappear and reappear marvelously somewhere else, walls turn inside out, rooms are invisible and then again visible, inanimate objects suddenly come to life and walk around the stage with marvelous dexterity, animals turn to fairies, fairies to demons, people are beheaded and a chair suddenly turns into an automobile and all this is done with such sensational suddenness that it makes one doubt his own sense of sight. "Fantasma" is a continuous riot of mirth with loads of the mysterious, much handsome and gorgeous scenery and a wealth of pretty costumes. The story deals with two lovers, whom a demon attempts to part, but who are eventually united by the good fairy "Fantasma." There are many wonderful transformation scenes and some glittering ballets. Some of the beautiful scenes show the bottom of the sea, the haunted castle, the mysterious bed chamber, the wonderful fairyland and the enchanted automobile. There are fairies, mermaids, clowns, acrobats, gnomes, giants, dancers and a whole lot of others that go to make up the acting part of this production. There are some new and wonderful specialties introduced and a most excellent cast has been provided.

Among the specialties seen are the "Flying Butterflies," a wonderful aerial ballet, the Youngman Family of six people in a sensational acrobatic wire act with comedy features and the York-Herbert Trio with instrumental musical novelties.

CITY BREVITIES.

S. D. Hanna is in Wisconsin on a business trip.

W. S. Bunnell, of the Hanna-Brackenridge company, has gone on an extended business trip to the southern states.

Dr. W. D. Calvin and Dr. D. D. Johnston will present the papers at the meeting of the Allen County Medical society this evening.

Mrs. Joseph Degitz, wife of the day stationmaster of the police department, is a patient at St. Joseph's hospital, where she underwent a surgical operation yesterday.

Rev. W. C. Meinen, formerly a resident of Fort Wayne, has been installed as pastor of Emmaus Lutheran church at Indianapolis. He was educated at Concordia college.

The Friars' club will hold its fourth annual banquet at the Anthony hotel this evening, and the principal speaker are Harry H. Hilgeman and Albert E. Thomas.

The Caledonian society was entertained delightfully Monday evening at a Harry Lauder night, in which the songs and monologues of the famous Scotch comedian were reproduced on a Victrola.

William Boughten, of Payne, Ohio, was taken ill on Calhoun street yesterday and was removed to Hope hospital. He was able to return to his home today.

O. M. Foster, of Elkhart, master mechanic of the Lake Shore railroad, has been added by that company to the committee which, under the chairmanship of O. K. Gullin, will attempt to solve the smoke nuisance problem in Fort Wayne. The committee will hold its first meeting at the Commercial club Wednesday evening.

Mrs. O. B. Smith, state organizer of Women's Union Label League, will be in the city on Wednesday, and will address a meeting of the local league called in the afternoon at the home of Mrs. L. J. Redding, 3322 South Wayne avenue. All members and friends of the league are invited to be present and hear Mrs. Smith.

Mrs. Grace Wells, residing at 1806 Oliver street, became mentally unbalanced while aboard a street car at Marion Monday, and insisted on darning the stocking she was wearing. Mrs. Wells was formerly a patient at East-haven hospital, but returned home two years ago apparently entirely recovered. She has been visiting friends at Marion.

FOR RENT—Store room just off of Calhoun St., on Brackenridge St. Inquire H. A. Wiebke, Hof Brau. 2-6-14

A new alarm indicator has been provided for fire companies. On a map of the city, when the alarm is sent in, an incandescent bulb lights up at the point answering to the place from which the call was sent. A glance at the map is enough.

Lost Your Appetite?

GO TO

Coverdale & Archer Co.'s Store and Sample the L. & S. Food Products of Quality. Free demonstration all week—on so many varieties that we cannot begin to name them. **L. & S. has a meaning all its own.**

Strictly Fresh Eggs, 25c dozen.
Fancy Michigan Potatoes, \$1.30 bushel.

3 Packages Kellogg Corn Flakes, 25c.

5-lb. H. P. Navy Beans, 25c.
Our Special Roast Coffee, 24c lb.
Pure Maple Syrup, \$1.10 gallon.
Sugar Cured Picnic Hams, 21c lb.

Remember our Meat Department.

Coverdale & Archer Co.

THOROUGHLY CLEAN AND PERFECTLY SANITARY.

That is the way your washing comes back to you when done by The Troy Laundry Soft Water Method. Phone 140.

EXTRA!

EXTRA!

EXTRA!

Another Slaughter
Of Values For
the People

Glorious News
for
Everyone

Another Tremendous
Bargain Event
For Everybody

The building has been sold and we must vacate our Calhoun Street Section of our store in the next sixty days. Having closed a lease with the Straus Bros. for a number of years, we will continue in business in our old quarters of Wayne Street Section. The "S. & H" Premium Stamp Parlors will remain on Third Floor of our place of business as heretofore.

The public sale that has been going on at our store the past two weeks will be continued until the big surplus stock in our ware rooms and the three great floors teeming with bargains in our Calhoun Street Section is closed out.

Glorious Bargains That Are Record
Breakers For All Past Offerings

Prices have been pruned and clipped until not a vestige of the original profit is visible and in most cases we cut away into the original cost; it's a great opportunity. Three great floors teeming with bargains. Unusual values are on every floor, on every counter and shelf. If this sale does not prove profitable to you, it will not be through any lack of bargains; they are here by the hundreds, and it is not necessary for us to urge upon you the necessity for quick action. Never before in our career of bargain-giving have we dared to offer such bargains as we will place before you during this sale.

Come While the Pick is Still to Be Had—Our Ware Rooms Have
Been Cleared and Our Stock is Now on the Sale
Floors Until We Vacate.

The Following Prices Will Prevail:

GROCERY DEPARTMENT

Standard Granulated Sugar, 6c per lb.
Michigan Potatoes, \$1.25 per bu.
Our Special Flour, 53c per sack.
Fresh Country Eggs, 30c per doz
Best Country Roll Butter, 34c per lb.
Good Compound Lard, 8c per lb.

FISH FOR THE LENTEN
SEASON

New Holland Herring, 73c per keg.
Boneless Herring, 18c per lb.
Labrador Herring, 2 for 5c.
Scotch Herring 4c each.
Spiced Sardines, 50c per pail.
Iceland Halibut, nice and thick, 23c lb.

Smoked White Fish, 15c per lb.
Norwegian Mackerel, 10c each.
Bloaters Mess Mackerel, 25c per lb.
Red Smoked Salmon, 23c per lb.
Yarmouth Bloaters, 3c per lb.
Sardines, in oil or mustard, 3c per can.
Alaska Pink Salmon, 11c per can.
Little Neck Clams, 20c per can.
Bismarck Herring, 25c per can.
Norwegian Smoked Sardines, 10c per can.
Alaska Red Salmon, 18c per can.
Fresh Sardines, in pure olive oil, 19c per can.
Boneless French Sardines, 35c per can.

NOTION DEPARTMENT

Pearl Buttons, all sizes, 1c per card.
Hooks and Eyes, 1c per card.
Good Pins, 1c per paper.
Needles, 1c per package.
Good Thimbles, 2c each.
Horn Hair Pins, 1c each.
William's Shaving Soap, 4c per cake.
Mennen's Talcum Powder, 11c per can.

CARPETS AND DRAPRIES

Axminster Rugs, 9x12, \$15.95.
Tapestry Brussels Rugs, \$10.35.
Wool Ingrain Carpet, 45c per yd.
Axminster and Velvet Carpets, 75c per yard.
Lace Curtains, 38 inches wide, 75c pair.
Smyrna Rugs, 88c each.
Wild's Linoleum, 49c per square yard.

CHINA DEPARTMENT

12-Piece Toilet Sets, \$5.00 values, \$3.39.
100-Piece Dinner Sets, \$15.00 values, \$9.98.
Sherbet Glasses, 4 1/2c each.
Special prices on Princess Patterns and White Haviland China.
Water Glasses, 19c per dozen.

GRANITE AND HARDWARE DEPARTMENT.

Mrs. Potts' Sad Iron, 89c per set.
No. 8 and 9 Tea Kettles, 59c each.
Blue and White Coffee Pots, seamless bottom, 50c each.
Tin Wash Boilers, copper bottoms, 85c.
Household Wringers, \$3.49.

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT

Calico Prints, light and dark patterns, full pieces, 4 1/2c per yard.
Percales, in light or dark, 8c per yard.
Cotton Foulards, all fancy patterns, 9c per yard.
Good Tea Towels, 4c each.
Cotton Twill Toweling, 3 1/2c per yard.
Red Damask Table Linen, 19c per yard.
Zion City Laces, 3c per yard.
Children's Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, 1c each.
Children's Ribbed Hose, 5c per pair.
Fancy Hair Ribbons, 10c per yd.

LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR GOODS.

Ladies' Two-Piece Dresses, 75c.
Ladies' One-Piece Dresses, in fancy Lawns, \$1.98.
Plumes, regular \$5.00 and \$6.00 values, at \$1.39 each.
Big line Artificial Flowers, 5c and up.
Ladies' Natural Wool Underwear, 69c per garment.

MEN'S DEPARTMENT

Men's Working Shirts, 39c each.
Men's Fleece Lined Underwear, 35c per garment.
Red Handkerchiefs, 3c each.
Boys' Corduroy Knickerbocker Pants, from 6 to 12 years, 29c each.
Men's 4 ply Linen Collars, 5c each.
Kersey Gloves, 4c per pair.

WHITE FRUIT
HOUSE

The Store that
keeps faith with its
patrons.

If you fail to embrace the opportunities of this sale you'll be 'out' because you were not in.